ANKETS.
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RIFIED, WOOL BAISED,
D RETURNED LIKE NEW.
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PTON STREET, 30 REDMOND'S HILL,
33, 35, 84 TALBOT STREET.
Phone—371 and 2605.
Telegrams—"Dyer," Dublin. (S)

Marriages, and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 2/6 words, 2/6; additional line of 7 words, 6d.

The Government has decided to withdraw all restrictions on the mention of Battalion numbers and the location of battalions and units, as regards the troops in France and Belgium, and as regards those in Egypt, Palestine, Mesopotamia, Italy, Salonika, and Siberia, up to, but not later than, the 11th November, 1918.

ROLL OF HONOUR.
In Memoriam.

—James Harold Beatty, Canadian Artillery, the fond and ever-loving memory of dear son, who gallantly fell in action 1st April, 1918. "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends." Sadly missed by his father, A. and M. B. Heath.

—In loving memory of James Harold Beatty, Canadian Cavalry (Fort Garry Horse), killed in action in France, 1st April, 1918, darling second son of Christina Jordan, of 48 Ranelagh. "Loving son, true and kind, Dear to those he left behind, Sacrificed his life for right, Sacrificed his life for right, Sacrificed his life for right, I know we never will, Forget him, no, we never will, His name rolls on we miss him still."

—In loving memory of Albert Edward Lieutenant, Highland Light Infantry, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. McIlland, Scott Institution, 9 South Circular rd., who died 1st April, 1918, from wounds received in action at Arras, France. "He fought the good fight."

—In loving memory of Robert James Scott, who was killed in action on 1st April, 1918, deeply mourned by his loving mother, Mary Nesbitt, Ballybough.

—April 1, 1918, in 1/5th French Field Ambulance, Salonica, of wounds received in action previous day on Somme Battlefield, Robert Parkinson Willson (Wap), V.C., Lieut. 14th Royal Irish Rifles (V.C.), elder son of the late Lieut.-Col. R.E.S. Willson, D.S.O., beloved son of James Willson, M.A., L.C.S. (ret.), and Alice Willson, of Mill House, Ballinasloe, aged 24 years. "Pro Patria."

BIRTHS.

—March 31, 1919, at 39 Fitzwilliam, the wife of Gibbon FitzGibbon, of a daughter.

—March 29, 1919, at 11 Wandsworth Terrace, Belfast, the wife of Raymonde W. Kemmis, of a son.

—March 29, 1919, at Geraldine, Mount Merrion, the wife of Rev. D. McCausland, B.A., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

—March 4, 1919, at Francis Britten, son of the late G. Britten Jenkins, of Rosslyn, Northampton, to Ethel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins, of Chester Terrace.

—March 14, 1919, at Church, Dublin, by the Rev. Canon Day, Rector, C.C.C., Buenos Aires, to Eva, daughter of Hugh Archbolds, M.D., Harcourt st., Dublin.

—March 11, 1919, at Parish Church, by the Rev. William Whitney Tenny, second son of the late Mr. Robinson, 54 Whitworth rd., Dublin, to daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morton, Belfast.

—March 25, 1919, at St. Bonavatte, by Rev. W. P. Hanks, William Charles Young, C.I., of the late William Young, Esq., and Blackrock, Co. Dublin, to Eva Gladys, of George and Eva Gray, 61 Elgin Chester, London.

DEATHS.

—March 30, 1919, at Farnese House, Charlotte (Sr. Ita), beloved of Mrs. Barker. General to Kilmorey (Wednesday), at 3 o'clock.

—March 28, 1919, at Mountmellick, Elizabeth Bolton, youngest son of the late Malcolm, of Malahide, and the late Mrs. Malone, Pembroke Park, Dublin.

—March 30, 1919, Ribton William Hall, of Guinness, Sons, and Co., Ltd., of 2 Hollybrook rd., Clontarf. At rest. Private to-day (Tuesday) to St. Fintan's ground.

—March 31, 1919, at her residence, Mrs. E. Swann, Clarinda, beloved wife of Patrick. Deeply regretted by her sorrowing husband, family, and relatives. R.I.P. Funeral arrangements later.

—March 29, 1919, Thomas Arthur, son of the late Wm. D'Alton, 35 Oakley rd., beloved and loving husband of Elizabeth Hall. "Thy will be done." Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday), at 10 o'clock, Mount Jerome.

—March 31, 1919, at the residence of Monntrath, Mary Anne Dickenson, aged 75 years. Funeral to-morrow (Wednesday) to Grenan Ground, Mountrath.

—March 30, 1919, at an advanced age, at Sandycove (the residence of her niece), the daughter of the late James Gall, of Dublin, County Dublin. Funeral private.

—March 29, 1919, at his residence, 93 Dublin, Henry Jolly, aged 75 years. Interred by his sorrowing son and daughters, and friends. Funeral leaves above residence to family burial ground, Irvinestown, Co. Fermanagh, by 9 o'clock train, Amiens st., this morning.

—March 31, 1919, at her residence, Dalkey, Maria Josephina (Dette), relict of the late William Mangan, of 10 Prefrai Arbutus. Funeral private.

—March 28, 1919, at Carrick Beggar, daughter of the late Owen and Lucy Kelly. Funeral took place yesterday (Monday), 31st, to Mayne.

—March 30, 1919, at Westport, from wounds, inflicted by unknown assassins, John Milling, M.C., late of the late Oliver Milling, J.P. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and children. Funeral at Westport, 12 noon, to-day (Wednesday). [Dundalk papers please copy.]

—March 30, 1919, Kathleen Willis (Kitty), beloved wife of Vincent Merane, of Laverton rd., Dalkey, and second daughter of the late Thomas Willis, M.D., of this city. Dublin city papers please copy.

—March 30, 1919, at Brookside, Elizabeth Jane, relict of the late James Boyle, R.I.P. Funeral (private) from her late residence, Booterstown, this (Tuesday) morning at seven.

—On Sunday, March 30, 1919, at 1 Kingstown, Hester Ann, wife of the late William Nesbitt, of Carrigdale Park, and late Editor of Killyan and Castle Blakeney. "They rest, Christ, when Thou appearest."

—March 29, 1919, at his residence, Bridgetown, Donlavin, Co. Wicklow, James Norton, aged 84. Funeral from Donlavin Parish Church to-day (Tuesday), at 2 o'clock (new time), to burial ground, Tournant.

—March 31, 1919, at her residence, Kilbride, Ballymoss-road, Malahide, after a tedious illness, Catherine O'Reilly, relict of the late William Reilly. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral to-day (Wednesday), at 3 o'clock, to family burial ground, Tipperkevin.

—At Killimor, Co. Galway, Matthew aged 76.

—March 29, 1919, Emily Jane, of May-field, Connaught, youngest daughter of late Semple, grand-daughter of late Colonel Mackross, Killarney, in her 87th year. Interred in Mount Jerome.

—March 30, 1919, at the Stationhouse, Co. Wicklow, the residence of her Elsie, darling infant child of Robert and Sharpe, aged 15 months, after few days' illness.

—March 29, 1919, at Ballinamona, Clarina, darling infant son of Frank and Gleeson, aged 9 weeks. "Safe in the arms of Jesus."

—March 31, 1919, at 8 Taylor's Hill, Thomas Stephens. Funeral to-day (Tuesday), at 3 o'clock. "Father, in Thy gracious keeping, Leave we now Thy servant sleeping."

—March 29, 1919, at his residence, 28, New York, from apoplexy, Joseph Thompson, LL.B., son of the late Joseph Thompson, Spout House, Ballyshannon. Australian papers copy.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Barnett and family, Dargle House, Bray, impossible to acknowledge individually the expressions of sympathy in their recent bereavement, and desire to return thanks to all who have assisted with them.

—Gunn and family, Mornington rd., sincerely thank all their friends for kind letters of sympathy in their recent sad bereavement.

—S. Johnston, Rossles, Adelaide rd., Bray, sincerely thank the friends who sent kind letters of sympathy in his recent bereavement.

IN MEMORIAM.

—In loving memory of Margaret, widow of late Robert Bigley, who fell asleep April 1st.

"For all who pass to larger life with Thee,
And find in Thee the wider liberty,
We thank Thee, Lord!"

—In loving memory of Thomas J. late secretary of the Sligo Harbour Commissioners, who suddenly passed away, in Sligo, on April, 1918, the dearly-loved husband of M. Mercer.

—In loving memory of Anna Louisa Pill, died away March 31st, 1918. Inserted by loving son.

—In loving memory of Anna Louisa Pill, died March 31st, 1918. "Gone, but not forgotten."

—In loving memory of Annie Thompson, Ballymoddock House, who died 1st April, 1917. "Safe in the arms of Jesus." Inserted by her loving husband and family.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in column will be found on Page 4.

NICHOLS' Phone 276.
RAL AND CARRIAGE ESTABLISHMENT,
street (Westland row).
7 Requisite. Economy and Punctuality.

The Irish Times.

PRICE 1½d. (SATURDAYS 2d.) DUBLIN, TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1919. VOL. LXI. NO.—19,351.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DUNLOP RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.

OPENING of Dunlop Motors Thursday, 3rd inst. Agents cordially invited. Reception 12 to 2 o'clock.

QUEEN'S, WEST YORKSHIRE REGIMENT.—NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any Debts, Claims or Demands against the Officers' Mess, Quarters, Wines, or Regimental Accounts of the 7th Res. Bn. West Yorkshire Regiment, are hereby required to send in particulars of their Debts, Claims, or Demands to the Adjutant 7th Res. Bn. West Yorkshire Regiment, Fitzroy Camp, Ballincarrig, Co. Roscommon, on or before April 7th, 1919, after which date the above accounts will be finally closed.

MOTOR CAR for Sale, 15 h.p. Talbot, 4-seater body, complete with lamps, hood, and screen. To be seen at 4A and B TAYLOR, Ltd., GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

A SOUND INVESTMENT—A well established Financial Co. is open to receive extra Capital on deposit, at substantial rate of interest. Apply in first instance (by letter) to Hire Company's Auditor, Mr. M. CROWLEY, Chartered Accountant, 16 COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN.

WANTED to Rent, by a First-class Tenant, a Detached or Semi-detached House, with garage, Pembroke Township preferred; rent about £150 per annum; possession on or before 1st September next. Particulars to JAMES E. NORTH and CO., 110 GRAFTON STREET.

WANTED, BARGE, about 50' x 15' 50 tons, self-propelled flat bottom deck barge preferred; others considered. Price and true condition must be given to receive consideration.—Z 3185, Barge," this office.

£1,000 Advertiser, experienced and good organiser, having this capital, requires Partnership in Sound Concern.—P 1802, this office.

THE Important Sale of the Premises 21 and 23 Newtown avenue, Blackrock, with the Business and Goodwill of Poulterer and Fishmonger as Dolan Concern, will take place on the 10th April Next, at 23 Smithfield, Dublin, the chief opportunity is afforded for acquiring business premises, with a good connection attached thereto, in the best part of Blackrock. Messrs. WILLIAM and W. STANLEY, Solicitors, have Carriage of Sale, and Messrs. E. and D. CARTON are the Auctioneers.

AUCTION Wednesday Next, Hollywood, Carrickmines—Builder's Materials, Seasoned Flooring Boards, Sleepers, Scantlings, Scaffolding, 2" and 3" Planks, Stagrave Stable Fixtures, 40ft. Ladder, 3 Milk Cows, 5 Yearlings.—ARTHUR JONES and SON, Auctioneers, GREYSTONES.

WHAT will the Children Drink? KOKOFEE. "That's the stuff to give 'em."

IF you want to Read, Write, Rest, or 'Phone, Visit the ROSE ROOM, CAFE CAIRO.

CORRECT TIME. See Time-Signal at 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. CHANCELLOR and SON, 7 GRAFTON STREET.

BLACK PRINCE and COLLINS PELLING AXES. JOHN C. P. DARKE & SONS, LTD. COOMBE, DUBLIN.

MOIRA RESTAURANT, Minister square (College Green). LUNCHEONS, DINNERS, etc., AT MODERATE CHARGES. F. Nugent, Propr.

BROOKS, THOMAS AND CO., LTD., DUBLIN. BE UP TO DATE in Use Artistic PLATE GLASS SIGN BOARDS.

HAVE THE BEST. I assist in selecting from amongst all the Companies—FREE OF COST—the Policy you ought to have at the price you ought to pay. T. M. O'CALLAGHAN, Insurance Adviser, 'Phone 2196. 23 ST. ANDREW ST., DUBLIN. Agents for DENT'S BALATA BELTING. ELLIOTT AND CO., LTD. ELEPHANT HOUSE, DUBLIN, CORK & LONDON.

WHO THE MASKED LADY, MISS MISTERIOUS, IS, EVERY AFTERNOON THIS WEEK, AT 2.15 and 4.15. IT'S GAY!

SINCLAIR—PICTURES AND OTHER WORKS OF ART. Buyer, Seller, Valuer.—83 South Frederick street.

TULLAMORE.—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times," and the "Irish Field," can be had (unassisted) after the arrival of the 9 a.m. from Mr. M. Geoghegan, Harbour street.

SAFETY Razor Blades Re-sharpened 7/- doz., all makes, post extra.—Thompson, Cutler, Nassau st.

MONEY.—The Highest Advances to be obtained in Dublin on Jewellery, Silver Plate, Furniture, and Valuable Chattel Property of every description at the First-Class Money Office, 95 MARLBOROUGH STREET, 95.

PRETTY WALL PAPERS and ART SHADES OF PAINT make healthy, cheerful rooms. Large Stock to choose from. Samples free. DOCKRELL LIMITED, Dublin.

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INCOME Tax Recovered; Super Tax, Excess Profits, Returns, Accounts.—J. T. WALLACE, Expert, 65 Dame street, Dublin. 'Phone 3383.

WATERPROOF FLAX CART COVER, Green or Black-oiled; Rain Clothing.—LANIGAN, 25 Eden quay, Dublin.

INCOME TAX.—Claims, Super Tax, Accounts.—Bourke, late Surveyor of Taxes, 74 Grafton street, Dublin.

BEST Cattle Feeding White Meal Seeds, cheapest quality, cattle food on the market, £9 per ton, sacks included. Cash with order. Carriage paid on 5-cwt. lots and upwards. Apply the DROGHEDA OATMEAL MILLING CO., Drogheda.

INVESTORS are invited to communicate with the undersigned about Syndicate which is being formed for promotion of Proposition of National importance. Fullest particulars and liberal terms will be given.—M. K. EXHAM, M.A., 18 Ironmonger Lane, London, E.C.

BEDROOM SUITES, BEDS, and BEDDING. Special Prices. CARROLL and CO., Bachelor's Walk, Dublin.

MONEY Lent by post from £30 to £5,000, on note of Hand alone, without security, to Ladies or Gentlemen; strictly private. No charge whatever if Loan is not granted. Apply Mr. N. Murtagh, Secretary, the City and County Private Finance Co., Ltd., 12 South Leinster street, Dublin.

THE IMPORTANCE

of keeping in the home a remedy which has earned a world-wide reputation for safety, effectiveness and reliability will be readily recognised. Almost everybody—even the most robust person—needs a stomachic and corrective medicine occasionally, so prone to get out of order are the important organs of digestion. It is universally admitted that there is no better preparation for the purpose than Beecham's Pills—that happy combination of remedial ingredients which has proved such an unqualified success. Those who have learned the value

OF TAKING

a dose of Beecham's Pills at the first sign of stomach derangement may be reckoned among the wise and prudent. By taking such a precaution, many distressing ailments may be averted. The first dose generally brings relief, and if the treatment is continued a complete restoration may be looked for with confidence. Judging by their immense and unchanging popularity Beecham's Pills are fully deserving of their fame as being "Worth a Guinea a Box." Everyone should consider the advisability of taking

BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Sold everywhere in boxes.
Price 1/1½ (56 pills) and 2/9 (168 pills).

FUNERAL REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. WALLER, 29 and 30 DENZILLE STREET (Merrion square). 'Phone 131.

RAMSAY, Florists to H.M. the King, 50 Nassau st. and Royal Nurseries, Rathmines. Telegrams, "Violets," Dublin. WREATHS, Bouquets, Floral Designs, Choicest Flowers; exquisitely arranged. Lowest prices. Prompt despatch. 'Phone 1156, 1806.

WATSON'S WREATHS. Telegrams "Quickness, Dublin." 'Phone 3879. WATSON'S, 31 NASSAU ST. Clontarf Nurseries.

GOVERNESS CARD and HARSE CARDS. HUTSON and SONS, DUBLIN.

WORSLEY CARS, 1919 Models, for early delivery. Dutton and sons, Dublin. Write for specifications and prices on application to BOOTH BROS., Ltd., Motor Engineers' Stores, Dublin.

DASHLESS COMMERCIAL VEHICLES. DUBLIN MOTOR COMPANY, LTD.

THE NEW HUPMOBILE CAR Will be on view 3 & 4 for days. DUBLIN MOTOR CO., LTD.

ARRIVAL OF NEW FORDS. 1919 TOURING AND VAN ON VIEW. Inspection Invited. AUTOCARS, IRELAND, LTD., CHATHAM STREET GARAGE (off Grafton street).

FORD CAR NEW PRICES. Touring Car, £230; Delivery Van, £280; plus delivery charges. These are limited number cars available. Full particulars from WILLIAM ARCHER and CO., 60 Lower Mount street, Dublin.

BRITAIN'S MOTOR OIL for all Cars and Farm Implements. 80 degrees G. Britain, 40 Dawson street, Dublin.

COMMER Commercial Chassis for early delivery.

CALEDON Commercial Chassis for immediate delivery.

CLAYTON and Shuttleworth Steam Waggons, on rubber tyres. Delivery early weeks.

FODEN Steam Waggons, on rubber tyres. Delivery eight weeks.

ALLDAYS and Onions General Purposes Tractor for Road Haulage and General Farm Work. Delivery four weeks.

THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD., 61 Brunswick st., Dublin.

STRAKER-SQUIRE MOTOR LORRIES AND CARS. ASHENHURST, WILLIAMS, & CO., LTD., Dublin.

SPRING, 1919.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

KATE GOODWIN, late of No. 3 Clonmore road, Ballybough road, in the City of Dublin, Widow, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to 50 and 51 Vict. cap. 54, that the above deceased by her Will, dated 19th October, 1917, left the following charitable bequests:—

To the Sacred Heart Home, Drumcondra, Dublin £50 0 0
To St. Vincent de Paul Female Orphanage, Goldenbridge £50 0 0
To the Little Sisters of the Poor, St. Patrick's House, South Circular road, Kilmainham £50 0 0
To the Parish Priest of the Parish of Saint Agatha, North William street, at the time of her death, for the celebration of Masses, to be considered in Ireland, for the repose of her soul £10 0 0
To the Parish Priest of the Parish of Saint Agatha, North William street, at the time of her death, towards discharging the debt incurred for the building of the Church of the Roman Catholic Church, North William street £10 0 0
To the Particular Council of Dublin of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, Dublin, to be applied for the benefit of the poor visited by said Council £50 0 0

And the said Testatrix bequeathed to her Executors the residue of her property, to be applied by them for such Charitable Purposes in Ireland, succinctly, as to the said Executors shall seem meet.

The testatrix appointed John Holloway, of Ardfallen, Cunningham road, Dalkey, and Joseph Kelly, of No. 2 Belvidere, of 10 Morrison's Island, Cork, Executors, to be the Executors of her Will. Testatrix died on the 9th February, 1918. Said Will was proved by the said Executors, out of the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Ireland, on the 24th March, 1919, to the said Executors.

Dated this 27th day of March, 1919.

THOMAS F. O'CONNELL and SON, Solicitors for the Executors, 30 Upper Ormond quay, Dublin.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and to all persons to whom it may concern.

CAPTAIN THOMAS BARKER MERRICK, formerly of Castleknock, County Dublin, 4th Batt. Machine Gun Corps, R.F.A.

All persons having claims against the estate of the Deceased are required to furnish particulars thereof to the undersigned Solicitor of the Administratrix with the Will annexed.

Dated this 31st March, 1919.

H. J. McCORMICK, Solicitor, 37 Molesworth street, Dublin.

MRS. MARGARET BRYSON, 121 Rathgar road, Dublin, Deceased.

Persons having claims against the above Deceased will please furnish particulars of same to DAVID R. DUNNE, Solicitor for the Executors, 25 Stephen's Green, Dublin.

EDUCATION.

WESLEY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

HIGH-CLASS BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

SCHOOL RE-OPENS TUESDAY, 8th APRIL.

Prospectus and full particulars from Rev. T. J. IRWIN, D.Lit., Principal.

DILIGENCE and DE BEAR TRAINING in COMMERCIAL SUBJECTS COMMANDS SUCCESS. Call or write for Prospectus. THE DE BEAR SCHOOLS, LTD., 53 LOWER SACKVILLE STREET, DUBLIN. Tel. 4852.

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On the 15th of APRIL The above School is Opening a Branch in DUBLIN

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SPECIAL CLASSES FOR STUDENTS AND THEATRICAL PEOPLE.

Apply at once to the SECRETARY, Athenæum, Wesleyan House, Curragh, Co. Kildare.

SCHOOLS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS. TUTORS FOR ARMY AND ALL EXAMS. Messrs. J. and J. Paton, having an up-to-date Knowledge of the BEST SCHOOLS and TUTORS, will be pleased to AID PARENTS by personal (free of charge) Prospectus and TRUSTWORTHY INFORMATION regarding Reliable ESTABLISHMENTS.

The age of the pupil, district preferred, and rough idea of fee should be given. J. and J. PATON, Educational Agents, 45 Cannon street, London, E.C. 4.

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DRESS SUITINGS, FLEECY OVERCOATINGS, WORSTED AND BLUE SUITINGS. LARGE VARIETY. PRICES MODERATE. KENNY & OWENS, TAILORS, 54 DAME STREET, DUBLIN.

NOW RE-OPENED. New Premises. 51 HENRY STREET, DUBLIN. DRUGS, TOILET GOODS, INVALID FOODS, REQUISITES. EVERYTHING FOR BABY. HAYES, CONYNGHAM & ROBINSON, LTD. Cash Chemists. Branches Everywhere.

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THE CELTIC INSURANCE CO., LD. ESTABLISHED IN DUBLIN 1907. FIRE AND OTHER CLASSES OF INSURANCE TRANSACTED. HEAD OFFICE—3 COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN. ACTIVE AGENTS WANTED.

GREAT SOUTHERN HOTEL. CARAGH LAKE. RE-OPENS APRIL 7TH. FISHING AND GOLFING. FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE MANAGERESS.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS. FROM 1st JANUARY, 1919. For each insertion of 12 words, 6d. Every succeeding word One Penny. A Discount of 10 per cent. will be allowed when a series of twelve or more insertions is prepaid. All seeking Employment will be allowed Four Insertions for the Price of Three. Office address counts as three words if replies are to be called for; or, when they are to be sent by post, as four words. Advertisements not prepaid are charged at a minimum of 2/6 per insertion.

N.B.—GREAT CARE IS TAKEN THAT ADVERTISEMENTS IN ALL PARTS OF THIS PAPER ARE ACCURATE, BUT NO LIABILITY IS UNDERTAKEN FOR ANY ERROR OR OMISSION IN OR OF ANY ADVERTISEMENT, AND THE PROPRIETORS RESERVE THE RIGHT TO OMIT OR ALTER ANY ADVERTISEMENT, NO MATTER WHERE OR BY WHOM ACCEPTED.

"IRISH TIMES" LTD., DUBLIN. 'Phone 62. WESTMORELAND St.—BRANCH OFFICES. BELFAST—106 Royal avenue. 'Phone 1787. CORK—15 Marlborough street. 'Phone 655. LONDON—69 Fleet street. Central 4350.

LOST AND FOUND.

A LIGHT Brown Irish Terrier, with handy legs, white breast, and very short tail. Strayed from 28 Upper Merrion st. Reward for recovery.

LOST, on electric upstairs, square Donegall Place to Fitzs, 2.25, a Purse containing money. Reward 53 Herbert place.

LOST, on March 29th, between Merrion square, Dawson st. and Bagot st., Miniature of Child in paste diamond pendant, hair in back. Reward at 38 Merrion square.

LEFT in Dalkey tram a Black Fur Muff, bear (trimmed blue) cross; substantial reward to poor person.—P 1902, this office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

COUNTY OF GALWAY LOCAL WAR PENSIONS COMMITTEE.

The above Committee require the services of a Clerk, with a knowledge of typewriting and accounts. Salary £2 per week.

Preference will be given to Discharged Sailor, Soldier, or Airman.

Applications, together with copies of testimonials, to be sent in, or before, noon on Saturday, the 5th April, 1919, addressed to The Secretary, War Pensions Committee, Courthouse, Galway.

FOYLE COLLEGE, LONDONDERRY.

WANTED, in September, RESIDENT MASTER. Salary £150, share of grants, £50; board and residence.

Apply HEADMASTER.

THE HIGH SCHOOL, BALLYCASTLE, COUNTY ANTRIM.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A FULLY QUALIFIED ASSISTANT (Lady or Gentleman).

Must be a Graduate of a University. Chief Subjects:—French, German, and Latin. For terms and further particulars, apply to THE PRINCIPAL.

METHODIST COLLEGE, BELFAST.

Required, for the befriending of Summer Term, 22nd April, a Highly qualified and experienced MATRON.

Particulars as to duties on application. Salary as may be arranged.

Applications without delay to HEADMASTER.

ABSOLUTE Security Granted to all Persons in Possession of Trust by The Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Ltd., Subscribed Capital £1,000,000. Apply to Mr. Robb, 45 Upper Abbey, Dublin.

APPRENTICE Wanted in Watch and Clockmaking; a smart situated lad; outdoor.—P 1769, this office.

ASSISTANT Wanted, Tobacco, Stationery, Sweetshop, commence duty Monday next; age about seventeen; a smart appearance; little experience necessary; state salary expected; indoor or outdoor.—P 1850, this office.

ASSISTANT Wanted for Grocery Business in the West of Ireland; state age, salary and experience.—P 1808, this office.

BOOTS—Resident, competent Salesman and Salesman, outdoor. Apply, stating experience and salary, Central Meat Co., Nenagh.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted, experienced Lady Bookkeeper, with thorough knowledge of shorthand and typewriting, for large Wholesale and Manufacturing business in West of Ireland; state salary outdoor and give references.—P 8084, Bookkeeper," this office.

BOOKKEEPER Wanted by Leading Tea South suburbs; state age, wages expected, and experience.—P 1718, this office.

BOOKKEEPER—Wanted for the South, smart young Lady as Bookkeeper in Drapery Establishment; permanent; age and salary expected (address).—P 3151, Bookkeeper," this office.

SITUATIONS CONTINUED.

BOOT Trade—Wanted, experienced Saleswoman for first-class footwear establishment in Kingstown.—Z 3194, this office.

CONFECTIONER—Capable Girl required for Bakehouse; permanent; state experience, references, salary outdoor.—Z 3850, Confectioner," this office.

CABINET-MAKING—Working Charge Hand for Cabinet-making Department; large Cabinet Factory, country firm; first class wages for smart man; permanent position.—Z 3199, Man," this office.

CABINETMAKER—Experienced first class Man Wanted for medium work, priced trunks; highest wages in Ireland paid to right man.—Z 3130, Markers," this office.

CLERK Wanted, Land Agent's Office, provincial town (North); good accountant; age, religion, copies testimonials.—P 1855, this office.

COAD, Waterford, requires Junior Boot Salesman; state age, wages (outdoor).—

CAPTAIN Moore's Home requires housework, cooking; wages £24; no servant. Apply 5 Florence terrace, Bray, Co. Wicklow.

CLERK (Junior) Wanted; some business experience, typing, and shorthand. Full particulars, P 1816, this office.

CLERK (Lady) required, with knowledge tabular letter typing, and shorthand; state age, experience, and salary.—P 1816, this office.

CAPABLE Useful Help Companion Wanted, to assist Lady in work of country cottage in Hampshire; one who has good experience with elderly invalid ladies preferred; must be strong, cheerful, and useful; own bathroom; every consideration shown; state salary. Apply G. M. Jones, Solicitor, Newbury, Berks.

DRAPERY—Wanted, at once, experienced Man to assist in Shop and Office for Dropped and Fancy Department; state experience, references, and salary. Apply Cosby Bros., Drapers, Waterford.

DAIRY Manageress, Mother's Help; small farm, first class; must be strong; good cook; 11 to 7.30; £18; Blackrock.—P 1783, this office.

DRESSMAKING—Experience, and Skirt Maker Wanted.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., George's st.

DRAPERY—Wanted, experienced Young Lady to Drapery Department; Silverstein's, Haberdashery Department, Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., George's st.

DRAPERY—Smart Young Lady for Drapery Sales Department; Protestant, country town, South; Apply, stating age and salary expected (indoor).—Z 3180, Drapery," this office.

DRESSMAKERS—Experienced Hands Wanted; good wages.—Hunter, Portobello, 18 Suffolk st.

DRAPERY—Wanted, Lady to General Sales, also Junior Fabian Cutter-apprentice.

EXPERIENCED Waitress Wanted for Four Courts Hotel. Apply Manageress.

FITTERS and Milliners Wanted for provincial town; state wages and previous experience.—Z 3128, Fitters," this office.

GROCERY—Wanted immediately, well trained Junior Assistant.—W. Cowell and Son, Wexford.

GOOD Watchmaker Wanted. Apply, with specimens and salary required, Brook Hughes, Cork.

GROCERY—Wanted, an Assistant, Protestant, 6 or 7 years' experience, for high class Trade (Co. Cork). Apply, enclosing copy of testimonials and stating salary required, to Box 1, Kilbrittain, Co. Cork.

HANDYMAN, married; rough carpentering, painting; generally useful; wife can cute lodge; wages £55. Apply Mrs. Hamilton, Ballyrobert, Ards, Co. Down.

HANDYMAN Wanted; smart Junior Salesman for smart indoor, copy references.—Talking, Dundalk.

HANDYMAN, young; must be good milker, and one who can work in garden.—O'Connell, Lissenhall, Swords.

HARDWARE—Wanted; smart Junior Salesman for hardware business; state age, wages expected, and where experienced; living in or out.—Frank Shaw-Taylor, Moate Park, Athenry.

HARDWARE Goods, Building Materials, etc.—Assistant immediately, a young Man as Second Counter Hand for above; a good general country business; Protestant; indoor. Replies to Z 3137, this office.

HOTEL Housemaid, £20; Waitress, outdoor, £25; Hotel Grounds Assistant, £2 10s. Friederici st. Insurance Office—Junior Typist; state age, references, salary expected.—P 1845, this office.

JUNIOR Clerk Wanted for Engineer's Desk of Firm of Builders; state age, qualifications, and salary required.—P 1853, this office.

LAUNDRY—Wanted, capable Manageress; apply to date Box 1, Kilbrittain, Co. Cork, stating particulars and salary expected.—P 1724, this office.

LINENKEEPER Wanted; must be a carver; no servant required.—Z 3040, Linenkeeper," this office.

LADY Bookkeeper for Grocery and Provision Trade. Apply Williams, Central Stores, Howth.

LADY Traveller Wanted (Protestant); previous Confectionery desirable. Apply, with references, P 1859, this office.

LADY requires Dressmaker to do Altering and Repairing at her own house.—R O 751, Irish Times Office, Rathmines.

LADY Help, daily, 9.30-6.30, walk out three afternoons weekly; Protestant; must be thoroughly reliable and good cook.—P 1908, this office.

MOTHER'S Help Wanted (Protestant), assist in housework and help generally; small economical servant kept; salary £30 to £34. Apply, with all particulars, Box 1, Kilbrittain, Co. Cork.

MILLINERS trained at once; smart, quick, stylish Workers; highest wages.—Apply Manageress, Pratt's, Perth, Londonderry.

MILLINERY and Mantles—Wanted, experienced Saleswoman to take charge of Ladies' Department; state references and salary required (indoor).—Z 3180, Drapery," this office.

MOTHER'S Help Wanted; three children.—Orr, 47 Fitzwilliam square.

MATHIEUX 16 Dawson st.—Wanted, young Lady, as Assistant to Wairoom; experience good; also Apprentice Saleswoman; state wages required.

MOTHER'S Help, Protestant, Wanted, steady and reliable, care child 18 months and do generally; useful servant kept; good home.—P 3151, Help," this office.

MACHINE-RULING—Wanted, experienced Machine-Ruler for Account Books; state wages required.—P 1719, this office.

MESSENGER Wanted, about 16; reference required. Apply Leon, 135 Stephen's Green.

MILLINERY and Sales—Wanted for provincial town (Co. Cork), Lady Assistant as Charge; must be expert in stylish trimmer and good saleswoman. Apply, with references, religion, and salary (outdoor) to Miss Hall, Hampstead, 3 Millfield Place, Ormeau Bank Buildings, Belfast.

NORTH Circular road—Advertisements for this Paper taken by Mrs. Lonergan, Newsagent and Confectioner, 1a Olde Toll House, Phoenix Park Gate, North Circular road.

NURSE, reliable Boy required immediately, able to take care.—Vulcanising, Limited, 43 William st.

NURSE Wanted, Protestant, for baby.—Apply Manager, Kirkpool Hotel, College street.

SMART Boy Wanted as Messenger. Apply Wells and Co., 30 Nassau st.

TIMBER Sawing Contractor Wanted, with own mill; must have work; West of Ireland.—Z 3110, Contractor," this office.

TAILOR—Splendid opportunity for smart Ladies' and Gent's Tailor assistant; good wages, commission guaranteed and permanent assistance given. Apply, stating experience.—Z 3123, Tailor," this office.

TWIST and Braid Machinist Wanted; state wages.—P 1879, this office.

USEFUL Help Wanted; good plain cook, general help kept; comfortable home; small family; alternate night out; state age, salary; references.—Mrs. George Matthews, Portarlington.

WATCHMAKER—Wanted, good Jobber, immediately

MOTOR MATTERS, BICYCLES &c.

MOTOR CARS.

WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN. Sole Agents, FERRY and CALCOTT, LIGHT CARS. T

A. Woods, 42 Westland Row—Motor Lorries for Hire. T

ROVER 12 h.p. Silent Knight Engine, 2 Seater and dickey. Recently overhauled. P

BAYARD 10 h.p. Two Seats, Lucas sys.emo lighting, and equipped. Inspection and Trial. THE ROVER CO., LTD., LORD EDWARD ST.

DORT, 15/18 h.p., late 1916 model, Streamline, dynamo lighting and starting, small four seater; mileage under 5,000; any trial given.—G. F. Garnon, Campbell, Meats, Westmeath; or Dublin Motor Co. D

FORD Five Seater, 1915, for Sale, Dublin, fine condition, fitted curtains, magneto. £190.—P 1562. This office. E

FOR Sale, 1914 Hammobile Car, good condition; also 2 second Hammobile Car requiring parts. apply Austin Vaughan, Belmullet. K

FOR Sale, Ebora Bijou Five Seater Motor Car, self starter, electric light, detachable rims, not to slavery, year 1914. Apply Edward Johnston, Irishtown. H

FORD Five Seater, perfect running order, overhauled by Ford Company, hood, screens, spare, wheel, 6 lamps, good tyres and tubes, owner driven. £150.—P 3074 Ford," this office. H

FOR Sale, Bijou Dorset Two Seater, in good running order, type 42 H.P.D., all accessories, £240, or nearest offer. Inquire Abattoir, Carragh. C

FORD Car, five seater, for Sale, in perfect order; any trial given. Apply J. Holmes, L.I., B.I.C., Kells, Meath. O

FOR Sale, Swift Two Seater, old model. Been set by for 2 yrs. 15 Fitzwilliam square. O

FOR Sale, Two Seater 12 h.p. Marlborough, C.A.V. lighting speedometer, perfect running order, good tyres, good condition throughout, £220. Apply "P 3078, Motor," this office. O

FOR Sale, Swift Light Car, 2 cyl., 2 seater, in good condition; price £137. Apply "Z 3309, Motor," this office. O

MAXWELL Car, 1915, in perfect condition, fully equipped, price £250.—P, 1649, Irish Times Office, Kingstown. P

MORRIS Garage Dropheds, have for Sale a 1916 5 Seater Sidebeater, like new, only done 2,000 miles; £350 or nearest offer. 1914 2 Seater Studebaker, completely overhauled and painted, laid up more than two years; £200 or nearest offer. Ford, with 1918 Body fitted, splendid running order; first reasonable offer will secure. O

NEW Buchanan—Particulars, Sole Agent, McDysart, 3 South King st. O

NEW Hillman, 5 Seater; price £316. Particulars, Sole Agent, McDysart, 3 South King st. O

ONE Two Seater Ford, with double dicker, 1914, perfect order, with new hood and detachable wheels and tyres; price £140, cost much.—Carton, Garage, Greystones. H

SPEEDWELL 1916 Studebaker Three Seater, electric light, starter, horn, tyres new, mileage 8,000; price £300. Particulars, Anderson, Ryle square, Bray. 12 S

SEABROOK Car, 4 cyl., 2 seater, in very good condition. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. Apply "Z 3309, Motor," this office. O

THE Blackwater Motor Works, Kells, Meath, gets 2 cylinders bored and more silent wheels cut. O

2 SEATER De Dion Bouton Car for Sale (Secondhand), but completely overhauled, and in first rate running order; price £150 or nearest offer. Can be seen at any time, and trial given by arrangement.—P 1756, this office. E

6 13.9 h.p. Clement Talbot Touring Car, suitable as taxi, Dublin. Dunlop Four Seater, recently overhauled, 800.—Lennox, Smithfield. O

1914 MORRIS-OXFORD, 5 Lamps, detachable wheels, hood, screen.—Barry Ferguson, Ltd., Dube lane, Dublin. O

1919 FORD, Delivery Ngcia Wall 7 days from Works, £255.—"Z 5142, Ford," this office. O

WANTED.

DAIMLER receives early first class 2/3 Seater Coupe, Rover, Calcott, Humber, or similar; high price paid for right car; not earlier than 1914 model.—"Z 2905, Motor," this office. 12 27

FORD, Series, 5 Five Seater, in good condition.—"Z 3260, Motor," this office. O

MOTOR, 5/6 Seater, Wanted, dynamo lighting, not earlier than 1914; state price, where seen.—"Z 3154, Motor," this office. O

WANTED at once, late model Motor Car, fitted with self starter; must be in good condition; tyres not essential; condition must be good.—W. Vaughan, 2 Nassau road, Birkdale, Lancs. 12 27

WANTED, Ford Car, Two or Four Seater Car, not later than 1914; also small Coupe; no agents. Particulars to P. Lynch, this office. O

WANTED, light Landaulette, 1914, or later. Full particulars, J. Thompson, Mallow. 10 31

WANTED, 1915 or 1916 Enginer Dunbeacon, send particulars, "Z 5173, Motor," this office. 10 31

WANTED, Light Two Seater, good make, modern.—"Z 2179, Motor," this office. O

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

3 "STEWART" and "Jones" Motor Cycle Speedometers 55/- each, little used; from 425 inch—Cog Malahide. P

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

CHAUFFEUR Groom Wanted, married, R.C., no family; very handy, good, careful driver; understand all running repairs. Reply, with copies of discharges, "Z 3307, Groom," this office. O

CHAUFFEUR Wanted immediately, private, country. Please call Sunday or to-morrow, Central Hotel.

EXPERIENCED Chauffeur Wanted, Dublin; must be single; wages, £130. Apply "Z 3309, Motor," this office. O

WANTED, Chauffeur, married, no family, to drive and look after Car; good condition, £36; 6 13.9 h.p. Clement Talbot Touring Car, suitable as taxi, Dublin. Dunlop Four Seater, recently overhauled, 800.—Lennox, Smithfield. O

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WANTED, Light Two Seater, good make, modern.—"Z 2179, Motor," this office. O

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1" NEW Imperial Japs—Book your order for a 1919 Model now, early delivery; Secondhand Sunbeam, Rover, B.S.A., Triumph, Si and Baby Models; Indian, Harley Davidson, etc.; all specialty tuned and tested. Marks Bros., Ltd., Lennox st., off Grafton st. T

TRIUMPH, DOUGLAS, ROVER, A.J.S. MOTOR CYCLES. WALLEN, TRINITY ST. GARAGE, DUBLIN. T

A. Woods, Westland Row—44 B.S.A., £79 16/; also Sidecars; early delivery. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels—Gorman, 7 Pawnbroker, Wintavern st., opposite Four Courts, now open. T

FOR Sale, 2½ Royal Enfield, 1917, free engine, only ridden 800 miles, as good as new, £45.—Santry Lodge, Ballymun road.

FOR Sale, "Rex," Two Stroke 2½ H.P. Motor Bike, 1915 model, 200 miles, good as new, £35.—Glenasm, Terenure road, Dublin.

FOR Sale, 2½ h.p. Two stroke Reseri, good condition, perfect running order."—Z 3306, Motor," this office.

HUMBER MOTOR BICYCLE. SEE THE 1919 MODEL AT KEATING'S 5 BACHELOR'S WALK.

NEW Motor Cycles in Stock—4 Guns, 2 strokes, V.T.S. engines; 1 Reverso, 2 strokes, Villiers engine, secondhand Machines—Rex, 4½, two speed, free engine and Sidecar, £40; Douglas, 3½, £20, £45; and others, from £10.—J. Fitzgerald, 123 Stephen's Green. T

TRIUMPH and Sidecar, 1911, for Sale, Dublin; perfect order; tyres and tubes brand new.—P 1458, this office. E

WANTED.

MOTOR Cycle Wanted; state age, power, price, particulars fully.—P 1861, this office. A

MOTOR Cycle Combination or Cyclecar Wanted; price must be reasonable.—P 1859, this office. A

WANTED, 4 Harley Davidson Sidecar at once.—P 1771, this office. B

LORRIES, VANS: MOTOR & STEAM HAULAGE.

A 4 TON Commer Motor Lorry for Sale, in perfect working order; can be seen working.—2 Archer Saw Mills, New Wapping st., Dublin.

FOR Sale, Straker Squire 15 h.p. Covered Motor Lorry, capable of carrying 30 cwt.; in perfect order and good condition; also 10/12 Marlborough Lorry, in perfect order, capable of carrying 10 cwt.; can be seen working. Apply this office. E

MOTOR Tractor—12 Cwt. and 4 Ton Motor Lorries for Hire.—Dublin Steam Trawling Co., 7 Sycamore quay, 'Phone, 4367. 7S 27

BODIES.

FORD Touring Body, 1914, with hood and screens.—Dawsons Garage, Maynooth. D

MARGEARY Motor Van Body for Sale; suit grocer, baker.—3 Amiens st. D

WANTED.

WANTED, Secondhand Ford Landaulette Body; state price and where it can be seen.—R. W. Archer and Co., 65 Lower Mount st., Dublin. B

BICYCLES.

"A1"—NO shortage of Pashley Cycles; hundreds to select from; Duralumin, Swifts, Viscos, Tradesman's Carrier Tricycles and Tricycle Parts and Sundries.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lennox st., Phone, 3010. T

AUCTION, Cycle (Dampier), Wednesday next, 2nd April, Hollywood, Carrickmines.—Arthur Jones, Auctioneer, Agents. T

BICYCLES, 1916, all best makes, 500 ready to select from.—Bennett, 138 Gray's Inn road, London, W.C.1. T

FOR Sale, Lady's Secondhand Humber Bicycle, £3 10s.—no offers.—P 1630, this office.

I HAVE in my number of new Cycles still at old prices, Jacks, Jags, James, Swifts, Hovers, Ariels, New Hudsons, and Astons. It will pay you to inspect my stock.—Steven's Cycle Depot, 8 Aston's quay, Dublin.

KELLY for Bikes, 27 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. Phone, 1668. "Phone, 1668.

LADY'S 22" Premier, perfect order, Dunlops, Brooks, £5.—Apply 3 Dundela Villas, Sandymount. O

PEACE and Plenty of "Elston" Cycles—Ladies' and Gents' Models for cash or by instalments; prompt delivery; Repairs and Accessories.—Elston Depot, Whitworth, Ltd., Stephen's Green. T

ROYAL Comfort, the cheapest high grade Cycle for 1919—The following Models are now ready for delivery—Standard Ladies' and Gents' Light Roadster Models, All Weather, and Special Royal Models. Lists free.—John Fitzgerald, 123 Stephen's Green. T

SECONDHAND Cycles—All leading makes Ladies' and Gents', Girls' and Boys', 60/- to £4 10s., appearance and condition equal to new, prices £5 10/-, £8 10/-, and £10 10/.—John Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Grn., Factory, 56 Rathmines road. T

WANTED.

WANTED, Secondhand Cycles, any condition, sound frames.—Reynolds, 110 Upper Leeson st. E

ACCESSORIES, TYRES, ETC.

3 "STEWART" and "Jones" Motor Cycle Speedometers 55/- each, little used; from 425 inch—Cog Malahide. P

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WANTED, Yardman Gardener, married, with help preferred; must understand horses and all farm implements; house with milk, firing given; state age, wages required.—Captain Bayley, Ballinderry, Moate, Westmeath. O

WANTED, married R.C. Plain Gardener as General Man; country; sure home, dairy, useful; age, wages, and full particulars to Gardener, this office. O

WANTED Working Steward, single, understanding farming and stock on small farm. Apply Dooley, Lusmagh. O

WANTED, experienced, married Herd, R.C., for large Grazing Farm, Midlands; must be able to wrap; Grazing Cattle already, "Z 2171, Herd," this office. O

WANTED, Blackrock, Working Gardener, active, experienced; £45; this office.

WANTED, thoroughly reliable and experienced Working Gardener. Call, with references, Sydney Lodge, Sydney Parade avenue, Merrion. D

WANTED very good Working (single) Gardener, who would work on and get neglected place in order; constant fruit; Rosses, vegetables; references; state wages.—"Z 2176, Gardener," this office. O

WANTED, Yardman Gardener now or 1st May; young married man preferred; four cows, calf, horse, and pony kept; cottage, fire, wages. Send copies of references to Mr. Dunboyne. D

WANTED, a thoroughly reliable, careful, honest Plain Cook for Co. Cork. Apply "Z 2923, Cook," this office. O

WANTED, steady lad to look after and clean Motor car.—16 Pembroke road, after 7 o'clock.

MALES DISENGAGED.

CHARGES for Advertisements under this Heading—Six words, 1/-; every succeeding word, 1d. Those seeking employment four insertions allowed for price of three.

CHEF or Cook Wanted; for season Hotel, North; must have first class experience, comics references and state age, wages expected.—"Z 3189, Chef," this office.

GARDENER (Working) Wanted, young, active, experienced; 30/-, house, coal, milk, vegetables.—Young, Monasterboice, Drogheda, Louth.

GENERAL Farm Hand and Head Wasted, Roscommon. Reply, stating wages, "Z 5104, Hand," this office. O

GAMEKEEPER Wanted, married; Wife to assist with poultry; good cottage and garden; and trapping.—Lord Llel-Caulfeild, Ballinacor, Rathdrum, Co. Wicklow.

INDOOR Apprentice Boy Wanted, R.C.; wages £18 yearly, rising age, and good copies of testimonials.—"Z 3104, Boy," this office.

LAD Wanted, experienced with knowledge of sawmill and general estate work. Apply stating wages, to R. Hall Hume, Newgrange, Co. Wexford.

PLOUGHMAN Wanted for Co. Dublin, single; live in; must be experienced. Apply J. A. F. Trench, Kilcarbery Park.

PENSIONER for Gate lodge, wife or daughter; must be first class laundress; good wages given.—Mrs. Gilpin, Rathfarnham Castle. O

PLATEMAN, experienced, Wanted at once. Apply Hibernian Hotel.

REQUIRED, Youth for pantry and house work. Apply Bray Head Hotel, Bray.

WANTED, Boy, about 16; only first class man need apply; wages £2 a week.—"Z 2599, Chef," this office.

WANTED, a Herd, for Country Roscommon, with wife to milk 8 cows; wages £1 per week, and house and garden; also Boy to assist; wages £20 per annum.—P 1764, this office.

WANTED, Chef, by the month; only first class man need apply; wages £3 a week.—"Z 2599, Chef," this office.

WANTED, a Herd, for Country Roscommon, with wife to milk 8 cows; wages £1 per week, and house and garden; also Boy to assist; wages £20 per annum.—P 1764, this office.

MOTOR Mechanic disengaged; 15 years' constructional, tuning, testing, racing, and experimental experience.—H. Taylor, Crown Hotel, Upper Sackville st., Dublin. B

MOTOR Garage Manager open to position or Salesman Demonstrator; first class mechanic and driver. Particulars from "Z 3161, Manager," this office.

MOTOR Mechanic, Fitter, Welder, wants employer can have the services of a first class Motor Car Mechanic; terms strictly moderate.—P 1877, this office.

MOTOR Mechanic disengaged; 15 years' constructional, tuning, testing, racing, and experimental experience.—H. Taylor, Crown Hotel, Upper Sackville st., Dublin. B

MOTOR Garage Manager open to position or Salesman Demonstrator; first class mechanic and driver. Particulars from "Z 3161, Manager" this office.

MOTOR Mechanic wants situation;

WINE PRICES.

Owing to the impossibility of arranging the usual distribution of Lists, and for the information of those customers already on the books of our Depots and Agents, we consider it desirable to publicly announce our current quotations as follows:—

	Per Bottle		Per Bottle.
LOUDENNE CLARET	2/6	INVALID PORT	4/-
LOUDENNE BLANC	3/-	84 PORT	5/-
REO (Burgundy Type)	2/6	Castle J. Tawny PORT	6/-
MALACAT (White Wine)	2/6	Spanish Red CASTILLO	2/6
BEAUNE SUPERIEUR	3/-	SHERRY Lucano	4/-
RUBICON (Red)	2/8	SHERRY Kinta	5/-
BLANCONA (White) (Australian Wines)	Per Flagon 4/-	CROWN MARSALA	4/-
		GRAND MADEIRA	4/-

These prices do not include bottles. Empties should be returned in exchange.

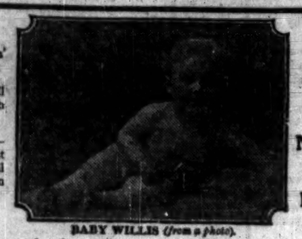
All Full Bottles should bear the Seal and Label of

W. & A. GILBEY LTD.

OLDEST.—Nearly 90 years' reputation

BEST.—Used all over the British Empire.

CHEAPEST.—Though the Best Food it still Costs Less than any other.



BABY WILLIS (from a photo).

Gold Medals Awarded London, 1900, 1906, 1914; also Paris.

Neave's Food is Sold Everywhere.

The Mother who loves her Baby and yet is unfortunately unable to rear her infant at the breast cannot go wrong if she follows the advice of doctors and mothers, based on a century's experience, and feeds her baby on

Neave's Food

Prepared with cow's milk, according to directions, it forms a complete diet for infants and invalids.

Neave's Food ensures healthy, happy, contented children, freedom from teething troubles, rickets and other infant complaints arising from improper feeding. Neave's Food is the best substitute for Mother's Milk. It builds bone and tissue, forms healthy flesh and is easily assimilated and digested. You can test it FREE. See sample offer below.

Doctors and Mothers stand by Neave's

Neave's Food is specially recommended by "The Lancet," "British Medical Journal" and other leading authorities. Sir Chas. A. Cameron, C.B., M.D., Medical Officer of Health and Analyst for Dublin writes:—

"This is an excellent Food, admirably adapted to the wants of infants and young persons being rich in phosphates and potash, is of the greatest utility in supplying the bone-forming and other indispensable elements of food. Although peculiarly adapted to the wants of the young, this Food may be used with advantage by persons of all ages."

Mrs. Willis, Shoulder-of-Mutton, Moulton, writes: "I have enclosed a photo of my little girl, which you may use as an advertisement for your food. This is the third child I have brought up on your food and I cannot speak too highly of it. This girl is 11 months old, has four teeth and has commenced to walk. I have recommended your food to all my friends."

FREE SAMPLE

On receipt of coupon or written request we will send a Sample of Neave's Food FREE. Also a really helpful booklet, "Hints About Baby," by a trained nurse.

JOSIAH R. NEAVE & CO. (Dept.), Fordingbridge.

To JOSIAH R. NEAVE & CO. (Dept.), Fordingbridge.

DEAR SIRS,

As per your offer, please send me a FREE SAMPLE of Neave's Food. I enclose one of the stamps to help defray cost of postage.

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

Please fill in correctly or write on separate paper (Dept.)

CUT, THIS OUT—POST TO-DAY

BELFAST CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

FAILURE OF GOVERNMENT CONTROL.

THE CLAIMS OF LABOUR.

The annual meeting of the Belfast Chamber of Commerce was held yesterday, the President, Mr. H. M. Pollock, J.P., presiding.

In moving the adoption of the report, the President referred to the wide field of matter over which the activities of the Chamber had extended during the year under review. It was axiomatic that their existence as a nation depended on their great international trade. Unless we can export our goods," he said, "we cannot buy and import our necessities. It is common knowledge that disaster has befallen this overseas trade because of the exigencies of war, but I question whether many realise how stupendous that calamity is, and what an amount of leeway has to be made up before we can be regained a position of safety, not to speak pre-eminence. The Government has borrowed large sums of money from those who were willing to lend it. This money has been distributed broadcast over the form of national fees to millions hitherto unaccustomed to such largesse, the greatest beneficiaries being labour and agriculture. Such a redistribution of wealth, with the inflated currency, has combined to produce in the minds of the masses a unnatural disposition, creating a false sense of security, which is bound to have a rude awakening.

TRADE RECONSTRUCTION.

"Important Commissions have discussed for months the measures necessary to reconstruct shattered trade, and have made many valuable recommendations, but the Government Departments which still hold the grip on so many of our industries appear to be determined to run their control as long as possible, and to thwart every effort of individual enterprise. Ghastly blunders of Government Departments in the conduct of commercial operations have come to light from time to time, many of them well within your knowledge, have sickened the community of licences, permits, priority certificates, and the whole labyrinthine mass of Departmental ineptitude. Apologists for the domain of finance the Government seem equally iconoclastic, and wedded to dogmatic theories, as in their treatment of commerce."

After referring to American and British commercial conditions, Mr. Pollock proceeded:—The present-day claim of British Labour is not merely to make permanent the enhanced war wages of to-day, but in addition it aims at a still higher standard. If a worker produces two pounds' worth of marginal profit as his employer's effort he cannot permanently receive four pounds in wages. Economic laws are just as rigid and inexorable in their application as the laws which govern the universe, and until Labour learns and fully understands this factor of life it is hopeless to expect prosperity.—(Applause.)

At present Britain labours under the difficulty of having no definite fiscal or commercial policy, and naturally capital always avoids instability and uncertainty.

All questions affecting the commercial policy of the country should be removed from the purview of Parliament, and placed under the guardianship of a commercial and financial body of men, constituted on the model of the permanent Tariff Commission of the United States, and thoroughly competent to deal with such questions. (Applause.) There exists at present in this country a committee of a somewhat analogous character known as the Imports Restriction Council, from the chairmanship of which Lord Emmott has just withdrawn, but the functions of this Council are limited to prohibition or restriction, and we have an objection to the present chaotic condition of the paper industry, referred to in Parliament a few days ago, of the dangers of hesitancy and weakness in such important matters. If British manufacturers are to stand any chance against their American competitors they must have freedom to travel and the assistance of a quick cable service, supplementing these aids with every possible source of enterprise and initiative.

Mr. H. L. Garrett, Vice-President, seconded the resolution, which was adopted.

NEW PRESIDENT.

The President invited the incoming President to take the chair, and Mr. Garrett thanked the Chamber for the honour conferred upon him.

The Earl of Shaftesbury, who proposed a vote of thanks to the ex-President, Mr. Pollock, referred in eulogistic terms to the important services he had rendered the Chamber during his two years' period of office.

Mr. Adam Duffin, LL.D., seconded, and the resolution was passed by acclamation.

Mr. Pollock acknowledged, and moved a vote of thanks to the Press, which was cordially passed.

The President announced that the Marquis of Londonderry, K.C.V.O., had been unanimously elected a Vice-President of the Chamber, and Mr. David M'Kee, Hon. Treasurer, and Mr. Robert Walsh, C.A., Hon. Auditor, unanimously re-elected to their respective offices.

COMPLAINT AGAINST LUCAN MAGISTRATES.

Yesterday, at Lucan Petty Sessions, twelve summonses were listed for hearing in connection with weights and measures. The body of the court was littered with scales and with tumblers. As there was only one magistrate present (Mr. Barr) the cases could not be proceeded with, this being the second occasion on which a full tournament had to be ordered. Last Court day the cases could not be heard, at Sergeant Fallon, R.I.C., the complainant, had met with an accident.

One of the defendants, Mr. Ryan, said that the police had taken possession of a large number of his tumblers. They had them now for two weeks. His asked how was he to conduct his business, as tumblers could not now be obtained.

The cases were ordered to stand over for a month.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

Concert in Gregg Hall.—The Ladies' Committee of the Dublin branch of the United Kingdom Commercial Travellers' Association held a very successful concert in the Gregg Memorial Hall, Dawson street, on Saturday last. The hall was well filled. The following artists contributed to the programme:—Miss Lena Munro, Mrs. James R. Smyth, Mrs. J. F. Lough, Miss N. O'Flanagan (harpist), Messrs. Geo. Leach, Ridge, Wilson, Lionel Phillips, and Luff. A substantial amount should be the result for the charities in connection with the Association.

Cabbage Prices in Dublin.—Whether or not cabbages are supposed to come within the jurisdiction of the Food Controller is not clear, but apparently this vegetable is outside any form of control in the matter of prices charged retail to consumers in Dublin. An ordinary plant can realise sixpence at present. Quite a goodly percentage of locally-grown cabbages finds an outlet in season across the Channel to Great Britain. If local shortage and dearness continues, an embargo on exports might mend matters, and give relief to Dublin housewives.

Reckless Motor Driving.—Following on the running down of the Laird Line Company's North Wall motor, Mr. J. Kennedy, on Saturday last, when a trans-Atlantic-owned motor vehicle injured this gentleman and the bicycle he was riding, there was yesterday mentioned at the river quite a lengthy list of other accidents caused recently in the same vicinity through reckless or careless driving of petrol-propelled vehicles rushing along the quays of the port. Minor collisions of a semi-trivial character are pretty frequent at the Liffey side.

Royal Irish Academy of Music.—At the weekly meeting of the Academy, held at Westland row, Dublin, Mr John Irwin, J.P., presided. The following were also present:—Sir Gabriel Stokes, K.C.S.I.; Major Arthur Whowell, M.P.; A. Williams, R.H.A.; Sir Jerome Lespine, K.C.; Mr. George Penrose, Mr. Wm. Leland, J.P., and C. E. Grahame Harvey, Secretary. The minutes of the last meeting were read, confirmed, and signed. The minutes of the Finance and Routine Committee were read and signed.

CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS.

St. George's Y.M.C.A.—Usual Weekly Meeting this evening at 8.30 o'clock, in the Parochial Hall, George's place. Service conducted by Rev. Thomas Harold's Cross Y.M.C.A.—Closing Sunday meeting this evening, at 8 o'clock, in the Parochial Hall, Leinster Rd., West.

SPORTING NEWS.

WARWICK MEETING—YESTERDAY.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM.)

WARWICK, Monday Night.

The weather outlook overnight was certainly disquieting from a racing point of view. It had been a day of sunshine in the city, and visitors to the Common during the afternoon were immensely pleased with the marked improvement noticeable in the state of the going as compared with the conditions which prevailed at the last fixture. Several hours of rain and snow were experienced before midnight, and a severe frost followed the downfall, with the result that the ground this morning was in a state which totally unfitted it for fast galloping. However, the sun came to the rescue in good time, and the question of racing was never really in doubt. If the attendance failed to compare with that at the recent fixture, it was quite up to the average, and despite the moderate fields the sport kept the visitors thoroughly interested. The odds betted on Begorra for the Milverton Plate were never justified as any period of the race. Neither did Navaho filly leave the issue of the Southam Plate in doubt after half the journey had been completed. The Castle Plate, which has been progressively selected in the past for the spring debut of notable three-year-olds, attracted to-day nothing above moderate class, and the Lincoln winner, All Alone, in the absence of Mademoiselle, has matters all his own way. Fish, in the Kineton Plate, easily followed up his Lincoln success, and Kashmir, unlucky on the Carholme, was here reversed to victory in characteristic fashion by Carslake. The proceedings were closed for the day by a ridiculously easy victory on the part of Galician in the Hartford Welter. Details:—

1.40—**THE MILVERTON SELLING PLATE** of £100. 5 f. (Started at 1.45.)

Mr. Farquharson's **ALL CLEAR**, 5, 7-10.....Holmes 1
Mr. W. de Pledge's **BEGORRA**, 3, 7-7.....Rhodes 2
(Winner trained by Farquharson.)

Betting—9 to 4 on Begorra.
Won by six lengths.

2.10—**THE SOTHAM Y.Y.C. SELLING PLATE** of £100. 5 f. (Started at 2.14.)

Mr. R. Wootton's **F. by LORD WOLVERTON—NAVAHO**, 5-6.....V. Smyth 1
Mr. J. Arkwright's **STATUARY**, 8-0.....Fox 2
Mr. E. Robson's **AMPANDA**, 8-9.....Cooper 3

Also ran—Kestrel (Bolden). Grandmere filly (Bemaud). (Winner trained by Wootton.)

Betting—Evens Statuary. 3 to 2 agst. Kestrel, 4 to 1 NAVAHO (Vic. Smyth). 10 to 1 each other.
Won by four lengths; three-quarters of a length between second and third.

2.40—**THE CASTLE PLATE** of £800. 1¼ m. (Started at 2.40.)

Lady Torrington's b. or br. c. **ALL ALONE**, by Royal Realm—Candida, 9-0.....Donoghue 1
Major Wingfield's **A SITTER**, 8-2.....Wm. Griggs 2
Mr. Frank Curzon's **OUR STEPHEN**, 8-5.....Cooper 3

Also ran—King's Own (Hulme), Nan Sa (Wing), Usalia (Fox). (Winner trained by Faulkner.)

Betting—13 to 8 on ALL ALONE, 7 to 2 agst. Usalia, 10 to 1 any other.
Won by three lengths; six lengths between second and third.

3.10—**KINKTON Y.Y.O. STAKES** of £5 for starters, with £100 added. 5 f. (Started at 3.8.)

Mr. S. Joel's b. c. **PTAH**, by Sunder—Phile.....Carslake 1
Mr. W. Dixon's **LORD**, 8-7.....Wing 2
Mr. F. Mortimer's **F. by GALLOPING SIMON—SANTA CASA II.**, 8-7.....Saxby 3

Also ran—Pool Licence (Wyn-Griggs), Maroon (Fox), Happy Girl (Bemaud). (Winner trained by Loates.)

Betting—5 to 2 on PTAH, 4 to 1 agst. Lord, 10 to 1 Pool's Licence 100 to 7 any other.
Won by three lengths; six lengths separated second and third.

3.40—**HAMPTON WELTER HANDICAP** of £150. 5 f. (Started at 3.40.)

Mr. S. Joel's br. f. **KASHMIR**, by Ardcon—Lalla Rookh, 9-5.....Carslake 1
Mrs. A. Cox's **BURMA**, 5, 7-7.....Colling 2
Mr. F. Carson's **STAGE WHISPER**, 5, 7-9.....Donoghue 3

Also ran—Way of the Air (Allsopp). (Winner trained by Loates.)

Betting—Evens KASHMIR, 8 to 2 agst. Burma, 4 to 1 Stage Whisper, 20 to 1 Way of the Air.
Won by a length; four lengths between second and third.

4.10—**BARFORD WELTER HANDICAP** of £100. 1 m. (Started at 4.10.)

Major E. Clayton's ch. g. **GALICIAN**, by Lemberg—Rock Crystal, 4, 8-7.....Donoghue 1
Mr. T. Gustrip's **THEODOSIUS**, 6, 8-1.....Cooper 2
Sir W. Nelson's **ATLANDIA**, 5, 9-4.....Piper 3

Also ran—Main Royal (Fox), East Cheshire (Smith), Marcel (V. Smyth). (Winner trained by Darling.)

Betting—5 to 2 agst. GALICIAN, 3 to 1 each East Cheshire and Theodosius, 8 to 1 Main Royal, 10 to 1 any other.
Won by eight lengths; ten lengths separated second and third.

PROGRAMME FOR TO-DAY.

1.40—THE SPRING THREE-YEAR-OLD HANDICAP of 150 sovs. 1 m.

	st. lb.		st. lb.
Friar Deals	9 0	Warwara	8 2
Sonny	8 8	Begorra	8 1
Flying Duck	8 8	Elysium	8 1
Double Glory	8 4	Unadorned	7 12

2.10—THE LEAMINGTON Y.Y.O. SELLING PLATE of 100 sovs.

	st. lb.		st. lb.
Diana colt	8 9	Mexican Eagle	8 6
Glee	8 9	Lady Viola gelding	8 6
Jovial Jane colt	8 9	Oryssa	8 6
Ampanda	8 9	Piastre	8 6

2.40—UNITED SERVICES' PLATE of 150 sovs. 1¼ m.

	Age. st. lb.		Age. st. lb.
Salon Hero	a 12 7	Rockcorry	5 11 6
Strathgibby	a 12 7	Black Archer	5 11 6
Galician	4 12 3	Tara	5 11 6
Buckthorn	4 11 5	Appleton	5 11 2
Waltz	5 12 2	Mainsail	5 10 5
Warwick	5 11 6	Tonitit	5 10 5
Terrene	5 11 6	Jacana	5 9 12
Nubian	4 11 5		

3.10—THE GROVE PARK Y.Y.O. PLATE of 200 sovs. 5 f.

	st. lb.		st. lb.
Contest	8 10	Necken filly	8 7
Estelle colt	8 10	Law Divine	8 7
Dear Old Charlie	8 10	Nemine	8 7
St. Corentin	8 10	Palatine Kit	8 7
Espoir Dore colt	8 10	Saga	8 7
Tom Nelson	8 10	Jessie Shield filly	8 7
Lovelie colt	8 10	Little Mistress filly	8 7
Idyll	8 10	Ashbede	8 7
Game	8 10	Hoon River	8 7
Norland	8 10	Drifpool filly	8 7
Lady Birdie colt	8 10	Celsia	8 7
Bathgate	8 10	Lady Dan filly	8 7
Australian Sun	8 10	Royal Balm filly	8 7
Ravensmead	8 10	Rattler	8 7
Auto De Fe	8 10	Evening Bells	8 7
Sentiment colt	8 10	Brigette	8 7
Bigberry	8 10	Mossed filly	8 7
Like Magic	8 7	Pond Lily filly	8 7
Pizotost	8 7		

3.40—THE TOWN WELTER HANDICAP of 200 sovs. 6 f.

	Age. st. lb.		Age. st. lb.
Giant Killer	4 9 2	Arragoddon	4 7 10
Bird's Nest	3 8 11	Nubias	4 7 10
Elvera	5 8 10	Mona	4 7 2
Friar Denis	5 8 3	Summer's Joy	3 7 2
Hainton Belle	3 8 1	Royal Jewel	3 7 0

4.10—THE HATTON HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. 2 m.

	Age. st. lb.		Age. st. lb.
Con Cregan	6 12 0	Royal Robe	4 10 6
Hollins Lane	5 11 0	Nubian Heath	4 10 6
West	a 11 8	Cage	a 10 0
Ahanesk	6 11 0	Serban	5 10 0
Wallis	6 10 0	Tame Bird	5 10 0
Sippet Charlie	4 10 10		

ADDITIONAL ARRIVALS—War Ways, Unadorned, Dione colt, Piastre, Buckthorn, Nubian, Black Archer, Gaine, Sentiment colt, Like Magic, Firefoot, Law Divine, Hoon River, Drifpool, Lily filly, Bird's Nest, Mona, Royal Robe, Tame Bird, Cage, Hollins Lane.

PHŒNIX PARK CLUB RACES,

SATURDAY, MAY 3rd, 1919.

The following Races CLOSE on TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), April 2nd, with Mr. C. Brindley, 14 Upper Merrion street, Dublin:—

THE KILBRIDE PLATE of 100 sovs. A handicap. For three years old that have not won a race value 300 sovs. One mile.

THE LIFFEY PLATE of 200 sovs. An optional selling race for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

THE ASHTOWN PLATE of 100 sovs. An open handicap. Five furlongs.

THE WELTER PLATE of 200 sovs. Weight for age. One mile.

THE WEIGHT FOR AGE PLATE of 100 sovs. Five furlongs.

THE LODER PLATE of 200 sovs. (Closed.)

—(Advt.)

CURRAGH MAY MEETING, 1919.

MAY 20th, 21st, and 22nd.

The following Races CLOSE on TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), April 2nd, with Mr. Brindley, Merrion street, Dublin:—

FIRST DAY.

HARRISTOWN PLATE of 200 sovs. A hurdle race for four and five years old maidens at entry. Four years old, 10st. 7lb.; five, 11st. two years old, 10st. 7lb.; five, 11st. with penalties and an allowance. Entrance 2 sovs. Two miles and a half.

LOUGHBROWN PLATE of 200 sovs. For two years old. Colts, 9st.; fillies and geldings, 8st. 12lb., with allowance. Entrance 2 sovs. Five furlongs.

SECOND DAY.

DERBY TRIAL PLATE of 200 sovs. Three years old, 7st. 7lb.; four, 9st.; five and upwards, 9st. 5lb., with penalties and allowances. Entrance 5 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

DUNMURRY SNAKES of 200 sovs. A handicap for three years old and upwards. Entrance 2 sovs. One mile.

THIRD DAY.

MAY STAKES of 200 sovs. Three years old, 7st. 7lb.; four, 9st.; five and upwards, 9st. 5lb., with penalties and allowances. Entrance 5 sovs. Two miles.

CURRAGH PLATE of 200 sovs. A handicap for three years old and upwards. Entrance 5 sovs. Five furlongs.

BALLYMAX PLATE of 200 sovs. A handicap hurdle race. Entrance 2 sovs. One mile and a half.

For full conditions see Irish Racing Calendar.

—(Advt.)

LIMERICK RACES,

SPRING MEETING,

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, MAY 7th and 8th, 1919.

CLOSING OF STAKES,

All Entries Close on TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), April 2nd, 1919, with Mr. C. Brindley, 14 Upper Merrion street, Dublin.

Telegraphic Address—"Brindley, Dublin."

—(Advt.)

Racehorse & Football, 14d. Every Tuesday and Racehorse & Football, 14d. Saturday. Order Racehorse & Football, 14d. Saturday's copy at Racehorse & Football, 14d. once.

—(Advt.)

BILLIARDS.

S.C.C. Amateur Championship.

In the first round of the Billiards Contest Club Amateur Championship at Scotch square, London, yesterday, there was an interesting match between the Scottish amateur champion, Lieut. A. Cresonce, and Mr. E. W. New Cresonce, though starting slowly, played very finely when in touch with his game. At the interval he was in front, but he eventually won by 1,800, making breaks of 107, 62, 60, 52, 49, and 44.

CHANTICLEER'S NOTES.

(SPECIAL TELEGRAM.)

WARWICK, Monday Night.

An improvement in the racing at Warwick to-morrow can be confidently anticipated. The weather, too, is more promising, and, without going deeply into the pros and cons of the issues to be faced, I shall select the following for the second stage:—

Spring Handicap—Flying Duck; if absent, Unadorned.
Leamington Plate—Diona colt.
United Services' Plate—Buckthorn.
Grove Park Plate—Game.
Town Welter—Menu.
Hurdle Handicap—Cage or Hollins Lane.

Chanticleer.

THE AUSTRALIAN CUP.

FLEMINGTON RACECOURSE, March 19

(Delayed).

The race for the Australian Cup, which took place here to-day, resulted as follows:—New Tipperary, 1; Earl Horin, 2; Menin, 3. Won by two lengths. Time—3 mins. 50¾ secs. Twelve ran. Betting—20 to 1 agst. New Tipperary.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Drakelow Plate, Derby—Girvan. Welbeck Plate, Derby—St. Agnes' Eve. Sudbury Plate, Derby—Asrofiawa. Doveridge Handicap, Derby—Alliance. Lingfield engagements, April 2nd and 3rd—Bridge IV. All hurdle races at Lingfield—Vanitie, Bray Plate, Windsor—Sister of Mercy filly and Lady Meave. Speedy Plate, Windsor—Sentiment colt and Old Sport. Garrison Plate, Windsor—Asrofiawa and Montem. Castle Plate, Windsor—Patrick's Day. Hardwicke Stakes, Stockton—Dark Agnes colt. All hurdle races—Damage one. Engagements at Ayr and Eglinton Meetings—Friar Denis and Warwick. All engagements—Calford (dead) and Postwick (dead). All engagements in Major Edward Clayton's name—Twinkletoes.

FRANCE AND THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

The Exclusion of Enemy Countries.

A Reuter's telegram, dated Paris, Monday, states: The French Olympic Games Committee has unanimously decided to renew the decisions taken on November 22 last, when it was agreed that the Olympic Games Committee of France and all the affiliated federations should not take part in any future Olympic meeting for which Germans, Austrians, Hungarians, and Turks should not be admitted. The Committee is in complete agreement with all the affiliated federations, and is resolved to decline any invitation to participate in the Olympic Games if an invitation is sent out by the International Olympic Games Committee unless the members of the enemy countries are removed from the list. The Committee also expressed the desire that the Olympic Games should not be held before 1921, as there would not be sufficient time for the Allied countries, who have supported, and are still supporting, the burdens of the war, to prepare adequately for a meeting in 1920.

1½d. RACING AND FOOTBALL EXPERT. 1½d. Out To-day. Expert News and Views. —(Advt.)

(ADVERTISEMENT.)

DIAMOND.—No change. '13, '90.

BOXING.

Wilde v. Lynch.

Welshman Wins Hard-fought Contest.

At the National Sporting Club, London, last night, Jimmy Wilde, the world's champion fly-weight boxer, met the noted American bantam-weight, Joe Lynch, in a fifteen-rounds contest for a prize, all told, amounting to £2,400. There is a remarkable fascination about the wonderful little Welshman; he has accomplished so many remarkable things against great odds, and is so ready in front of all other little men anywhere near his own weight, that his engagement in the ring arouses the keenest interest. This was forcibly demonstrated last night, not only by the crowded state of the Club within, but by the great throng that gathered in the market outside, waiting for fragments of news that filtered into the street, and the result. In the Albert Hall Jimmy Wilde met Joe Lynch, and taking the measure of him at once, easily defeated him, but that was only a three rounds affair, and it was a vastly different proposition, and Lynch, with all physical advantages on his side, was strongly fancied by his following to reverse the verdict. Hence there was the usually heavy betting on the match.

The arrival at the Club shortly after 9 o'clock of the Prince of Wales and Prince Albert was welcomed by a fine outburst of loyal enthusiasm, and many notable spectators were also present. Bert Earler in the day Lynch had weighed in at 8st. 4lb., his stipulated weight being 8st. 6lb., and slight addition to his advantage in years and height, he had a pull of more than a stone over the little Welshman. No wonder that the American contingent believed in him, and were ready to back up their belief. It was generally expected that, one way or the other, the fight would have been decided definitely on the floor of the Ring, but instead it went its 20th distance of scheduled rounds, and Wilde gained the verdict at the finish. But it was a desperately hard fight all the way, and at the finish, though the honours were to the Welshman, the margin in his favour was a very small one, and at the close Lynch was a good deal the stronger and fresher man. It was as well for Wilde that the contest was not over the usual twenty rounds.

In the first four rounds Wilde, displaying all his old wonderful skill in out-fighting, scored freely with both hands to the head, and Lynch kept mainly on the defensive, trusting principally to close fighting, for which he was several times cautioned by the referee for holding. For a time the honours were evenly with Wilde, because of his wonderful pace and great ringcraft, but Lynch got home some telling punches on the body. When the contest had gone two-thirds of the distance Wilde was well in front on points. Then he began to tire. He lost his pace, and more than once showed the fact unmistakably, and Lynch, still strong, made the most of the chances that came unexpectedly to him. He shook his man with three or four hard lefts and rights to the head, and Wilde was called upon for all his skill to avoid heavy punishment. By the end of the fourteenth round Lynch had recovered nearly all his lost ground, and started the final in a very aggressive way. Wilde rallied him at close quarters, and, boxing at his best to the end, just won on points.

Parking Defeats Mansfield.

At the Ring, Blackfriars, Gomez Perkins (Wales), deputising for Kid Sullivan, the American bantam-weight, outboxed Alf. Mansfield (Aldgate), and won by a clear margin of points.

GOLF.

Bray.—A general meeting of the lady members of the club was held on the 27th March, when the following were elected officers for the year:—Captain, Mrs. A. L. Shaw; Hon. Sec., Mrs. L. Price. Committee—Mrs. Pullar-Philbs, Mrs. Rose Redding, Mrs. Fox, Mrs. T. Collier, Miss Hilda Wallis, Knight, Medal—Results—C. Wallis, 82, 14, 78; R. J. Nicholson, 87, 8, 79; G. M. Porter, 91, 11, 80. Seventeen competed.

Rathfarnham.—President's Cup draw:—Class I.—Winner of tie v. Barton—Robertson v. Bamford. Forde v. Rea, Hamilton v. Howell. Class II.—B. Colling v. Glover, Bullen v. Begley, Eyre v. Healy. Thirty-two competed.

Sutton.—St. Patrick's Cup—Second round, played 29th inst.—Pentony (14) beat Lowe (14)—5 and 4; Bradley (15) beat Gordon Rees (plus 1) at 19th.

Foxrock (Ladies).—To-day—April handicap, bogey.

Kilkney (Ladies).—April 4th—Eclectic competition for prize presented by Mrs. W. Hugard. April 11th—Medal, bogey.

RUGBY.

French Army Team's English Visit.

The French Army Rugby authorities have definitely decided to send a team to England to play the winners of the Imperial Rugby League, and the match will take place at Twickenham on Saturday, April 12th. The Mother Country and New Zealand will meet at Inverleith, and the match will probably decide which will be the French Army's opponents at Twickenham. The Mother Country, since Captain Usher came into the pack for the Rev. W. T. Havard, will be the same as against Canada last Saturday.

ASSOCIATION.

British Army v. French Army.

A Paris telegram, dated Sunday, states that the Association football match which was played there on Sunday between teams representing the British and French Armies respectively, was won by the British by two goals to one. The match was attended by a large number of spectators. At half-time the British team had secured one goal. The two goals secured by the British Army were scored by Douglas, whilst that of the French Army was shot by Hinot. The band of the 38th Division played selections throughout the game.

Every Tuesday. Every Tuesday. 14d. RACING AND FOOTBALL JUDGE. 14d. 14d. RACING AND FOOTBALL JUDGE. 14d. Out To-day and Every Tuesday. —(Advt.)

LAWN TENNIS.

Increased Fees for Tournaments.

At an extraordinary general meeting of the Lawn Tennis Association yesterday, called for the purpose of raising additional funds, it was decided to increase the entrance fee for competitors at open meetings to a flat rate of two shillings for ladies and gentlemen alike. It was also resolved to raise from half a guinea to two guineas the application fee for permission to play in open meetings in the case of clubs and Associations, and to five guineas in the case of Tournament Committees. The fee is to be returned in the event of the application being refused. It was explained that the Association was in need of more money for the entertainment of Colonial and other distinguished visitors, but there was no intention at present of raising the members' subscriptions.

SWIMMING.

Will be held to-night in the Red Bank Restaurant at 7 o'clock. As the agenda is a very long one, a punctual attendance of delegates is requested.

COURTMARTIAL RESULT.

Timothy Cronin, of Ballyhog, Tralee, Co. Kerry, civilian, tried by district courtmartial at Cork on the 18th ult., for having in his possession on the 9th ult. a quantity of ammunition, in contravention of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, was found guilty and sentenced to one year's imprisonment with hard labour.

A Brussels telegram states—It has been decided to present the family of late Nurse Cavell with an album, containing photographs of all those Belgians who were enabled to cross the frontier through her assistance.

DON'T WEAR CORNS.

Everyone afflicted with Corns should take advantage of a wonderful remedy discovered by Dr. Wilson. It has been proved that hard or soft Corns vanish as if by magic. The most stubborn, painful Corn disappears when treated with Dr. Wilson's "Mocrin" Corn Pencils. Just a rub—that's all. Try it to-night. The results on one Corn will convince you. The torture of the boot will be a thing of the past. Thousands of grateful customers. Of chemists everywhere, 1s. 1d. (by post, 1s. 5d.). To be obtained direct from Talbot Wilson, 20 Highgate road, London, N.W. 5.—(Advt.)

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

There is nothing very original in the new farcical comedy, "Be Careful," which pays its first visit to Dublin at the Gaiety Theatre this week. There is a good deal of harmless fun running through it, and some of the incidents are agreeably complicated, but when considered with some plays of a similar kind it is found to lack that infectious humour which is essential to success. Mr. Bromley Challoner, as a special constable with a fictitious reputation for bravery, is not nearly so amusing as he is in the part of Guy in "When Knights Were Bold," but he infuses into the part a requisite amount of dash and enthusiasm which gives the play a needed fillip. Fred Gosling Greene poses as a daring and fearless special constable, and in order to keep in the good graces of a wealthy relative makes the profession of performing many heroic exploits, which are really the work of a hired accomplice. He is, of course, found out in a humiliating way, and has to admit his masquerading. The story is told effectively, but the author might have done better. Such a clever liar as Greene could surely have got himself out of his difficulties otherwise than by an abject confession of his guilt. Mr. Challoner and his company make the most of the play, and the author is fortunate in having its comedy in such capable hands, but even they will hardly succeed in securing for it a long lease of life. Miss Marjorie Bellaire acquitted herself with distinction in the part of Pamela Cosling Greene, her acting throughout being on a high level. The other parts were also capably filled. The play is effectively staged.

THEATRE ROYAL HIPPODROME.

Seldom has there been so much hearty laughter as was heard at the Theatre Royal Hippodrome last night, when Fred Karno's latest production, "Kill or Kure," was performed. It was pure fun-making from beginning to end, and contained little or nothing to which exception might be taken by the over-particular. The piece turns on the acquisition by the "funny man" of an electricity cure establishment, and his adventures with an odd assortment of patients. The idea is not remarkable for its originality, but its working out is well done. The principal artists are Archie Glen, Len Kilroy, and Irene Shamrock, and the picture is filled in with pretty girls and curious-looking "patients." It runs for almost an hour, and the pace is fast all the time. The other items on the programme, although necessarily not up to number, are good. The Femina Quartet, which is in itself a "star turn," is composed of four talented ladies—Miss Ina St. Clair (violin), Miss Maud Bell ('cello), Miss Yvonne Beryl (pianoforte), and Miss Lillian Burgiss (soprano). Their performance reaches a high standard of excellence. The New Mace are entertainers of a different description, and work off a good deal of amusing patter in first-class style. Andy Moran, a monopole vocalist and dancer, is also on the bill. Is there a poverty in bioscope films? A picture that was shown the previous Monday night again made its appearance on the screen last night.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.

The audiences at the Queen's Theatre last evening thoroughly enjoyed the play, "Home Sweet Home," which has been staged for this week by Mr. Roberts Lena's company. The piece is an old favourite here, and has lost none of its powers to interest the onlooker. It deals with the story of the girl who ran away from home, of her marriage, and, from a position of opulence, finds herself the wife of a poor, but honest fisherman. She leaves her husband and child, and departs with a treacherous lover on board a yacht. The bereaved husband declares that, no matter how grievous her sin may be, she would still find his cottage her home when the storm had subsided. An exciting scene is that in which their infant child inquires from "Daddy" where mother is, and why she had not, as usual, put her to bed. Miss Mona Bowes, the child, sings a tender ditty about her mother and "Daddy," which touches the sensibilities of the audience. The acting one does, indeed, return, and finds in her faithful husband's home a haven of rest.

THE EMPIRE THEATRE.

"Broadway Jones," one of the most genuinely mirth-provoking comedies seen in Dublin for some time past, was produced before large and appreciative audiences at both houses at the Empire Theatre last night. The comedy is largely of the "one man show" type, and its success certainly depends in a considerable measure upon the actor who fills the title rôle. From this point of view, last night's production was a complete success, a great deal can be made in the circumstances without in any way disparaging the performances of the other members of the company, which was on the whole of a high standard of all-round efficiency. Mr. George Sarlte, as "Broadway Jones," gave a very breezy presentation of the lively young "man about town" in New York. The four acts abound in laughable situations, a series of farcical fictions with a designing widow (Miss A. Hill) bringing the lively hero to the very verge of matrimony. Mr. G. Vaughan, as the friendly agent of "Broadway," took his part in a highly creditable manner, while others who contribute to the unqualified success of the comedy include Mr. H. Raymond, Mr. Hagon, Miss Lucy Fraser, Miss S. Hodgson, and Miss H. Dalby.

TIVOLI THEATRE.

The U.S.A. Minstrels provide a varied and lengthy entertainment at the Tivoli Theatre this week, and their performance last night was a successful combination of songs, choruses, and burlesque. They are presented by Harry Milton, and include Fred Theo, Frank Kennedy, Harry Scott, Leo Harry, Henri Creavre, The Broadways, and Carney and Sharpe. Norman Carroll contributes some catchy songs, and made a fine character impersonator. The Italian tenor, Mario, was an enjoyable singer, with a voice of good quality and compass, which gave a great deal of pleasure. Teddy and Iris appear in a vaudeville turk, and the Thornton Trio, in comedy singing, and dancing, were well received. James Hunter, society entertainer, also contributes good items.

PICTURE HOUSES.

Carlton Cinema.—A selected "Masterpiece" production, entitled "Mickey," was shown for the first time in Dublin at this picture house yesterday. A comedy-drama of the highest order, it was an enormous success

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
TONIGHT AT 7.30, MATINEE SAT. AT 2.30.
BROMLEY CHALLENOR,
SUPPORTED BY
MARJORIE BELLAIRS
AND HIS LONDON COMPANY.
FIRST TIME IN DUBLIN.
THE NEW FARCICAL COMEDY,
"DO BE CAREFUL."
Next Week—MY FRIEND THE PRINCE and LADY HUNTWORTH'S EXPERIMENT.
In Aid of MERCER'S HOSPITAL.

GAIETY THEATRE.
WEEK COMMENCING 7th APRIL
FOR SIX NIGHTS AND TWO MATINEES.
The Famous 3-Act Farce,
"MY FRIEND THE PRINCE,"
By Justin Huntly McCarthy.
The Brilliant Comedy,
"LADY HUNTWORTH'S EXPERIMENT,"
By R. C. Carton.
CAST—Miss Eileen ffrench-Mullen, Miss Phyllis Walker, Hon. Mrs. de Courcy Wheeler, Miss Marion Crimmins, Miss Isabel Cormack, Miss Nano Dillon, Mrs. Eileen Kelly, Miss Norah Harkness, Mr. Kenneth James, Mr. Sidney Lavelle, R.A.F.; Sgt.-Major Hastings, N.S.Y.; Mr. Edgar Davidson, Mr. Harry Nevin, S.I.H.; Mr. Desmond Gerard Black, S.I.H.; Mr. W. J. Tunney, Mr. Herbert Bailey.
IN AID OF MERCER'S HOSPITAL.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
6.30. ..... TWICE NIGHTLY. ..... 8.30.
BROADWAY JONES,
THE FUNNIEST COMEDY OF THE CENTURY.
BOOK YOUR SEATS ..... TELEPHONE—824.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT, and following Nights, at 8 o'clock.
Matinee Saturday, 2.30.
"TEE WHITEHEADED BOY,"
A Comedy in Three Acts,
By LENNOX ROBINSON.
Booking at Theatre 'Phone 3268.

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
6.30. ..... TWICE NIGHTLY. ..... 8.30.
Roberto Lena's Co., the Beautiful Domestic Play,
"HOME SWEET HOME."
Seats Booked at Theatre, 2/- Telephone—3016.

THE CARLTON CINEMA.
LAST TWO DAYS OF
"MICKEY,"
Featuring Mabel Normand.
A Great 6-part Masterpiece Production.
Showing at 3, 5, 7, and 9.
DON'S MISS IT.
Paramount Travels. Drama. Gazette.
THURSDAY—"THE LIE."
Featuring Elsie Ferguson.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"THE CONQUEROR."
Fox Super Film, starring William Farnum.
Pathe Gazette. Horse of Hate Serial. Comedies.
and Prof. Renaud's Famous Orchestra.
Thursday—Theda Bara in Fox Super Film, DU BARRY.

THE SACKVILLE PICTURE HOUSE.
For Three Days Only,
"THE WOOING OF PRINCESS SONIA,"
Starring Gladys Leslie,
the girl with a million smiles.

PILLAR PICTURE HOUSE.
BY RIGHT OF PURCHASE.
STARRING
NORMA TALMADGE.

ROYAL HIBERNIAN ACADEMY.
ANNUAL EXHIBITION
OPEN DAILY, 10 A.M. TO 6 P.M.
ADMISSION 1/-.
AT METROPOLITAN SCHOOL OF ART,
KILDARE STREET.

ZION CHURCH LITERARY SOCIETY.
LECTURE-RECITAL,
"MUSIC IN WORSHIP,"
By CHARLES H. KITSON, M.A., Mus.Doc.
(Illustrations by a small Choir of Selected Voices),
TO-DAY (TUESDAY), APRIL 1st, 8 o'clock.
LECTURE HALL, BUSHY PARK ROAD, RATHGAR.
ADMISSION 1/-

GRESHAM HOTEL, DUBLIN.
CINDERELLA
(Under Hotel Management).
TO-NIGHT (TUESDAY), from 8 to 11 p.m.
DANCE TICKETS, 3/6 each at Hotel.
Music under the Personal Direction of
Mr. Clarke-Barry.

ROYAL IRISH ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
WESTLAND ROW, DUBLIN.
THE NEW TERM WILL COMMENCE ON TUESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1919.
Candidate Pupils (bringing Music to perform) are requested to attend as follows, viz:—
PIANO—2nd APRIL, 11.30 o'clock.
PIANO—3rd APRIL, 4 o'clock.
VIOLIN and VIOLA—3rd APRIL, 11.30 o'clock.
VIOLONCELLO—1st APRIL, 11.30 o'clock.
ORGAN—2nd APRIL, 4 o'clock.
SINGING—4th APRIL, 11.30 o'clock.
ORCHESTRA—5th APRIL, 10.30 o'clock.
MR. AUGUSTUS C. BUSBY, MEDALLIST ROYAL ACADEMY OF MUSIC, LONDON, HAS BEEN APPOINTED TEACHER OF THE FRENCH HORN.
Forms of Application and Prospectuses, particulars as to EVENING and other Classes, can be obtained at THE ACADEMY.
(By Order)
C. E. GRAHAME HARVEY,
Secretary.

"ARCADIA," BRAY.
MR. LEGGETT BYRNE will (by request), and by arrangement with Mr. McDermott, hold an
AFTERNOON DANCE,
On SATURDAY NEXT, from 3.30 to 6 p.m.
Tickets, 3/6.
MR. W. A. MAHAHAN'S BAND.

DANCE TO-MORROW,
3.30 p.m. to 2.30 a.m.,
BALLROOM, 27 ADELAIDE ROAD.
Tickets, 7/6 each. T. LEGGETT BYRNE.

JAZZ DANCE,
MILLS' HALL, MERRION ROW,
THURSDAY, APRIL 3rd.
Mr. CLARKE-BARRY'S BAND
(Personally conducted).
Dancing 9 p.m.—4 a.m. Tickets (Limited), 10/-,
Catering by Mills.
Tickets may be obtained from Sec., Mills' Hall, or J. Morosini-Wheian, 91 Harcourt street.

ST. MICHAEL'S HOSPITAL, KINGSTOWN.
THIRD LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Proceeds Golf Match (per Dr. McDermott)	£14	0	0
Proceeds Boxing Tournament (per A. McGrath)	15	2	2
Proceeds Entertainment by St. John's Dramatic society, Blackrock (per Canon Finn)	13	0	0
Congregation, Christ Church, Kingstown	11	0	0
Royal Marine Hotel Co., Kingstown	5	5	0
Messrs. McBirney and Co.	5	5	0
Messrs. Arnott and Co.	5	5	0
Arnott Charitable Bequest (per Lady Arnott	5	0	0
Messrs. Roland, Ltd.	5	0	0
F. Graham Fallon, Esq., Bedford	5	0	0
Thomas Sexton, Esq., York road, Kingstown	5	0	0
Dublin United Tramways Co.	5	0	0
"A Bunch of Girls"	3	17	6
Collected by Mr. J. J. Kennedy at Rowing Tournament	3	14	4
P. J. McCormick, Esq., 57 Fleet street, Dublin	3	3	0
Mrs. Fegan Kenmont, Monkstown (second subscription	2	2	0
Postmen's Federation, Kingstown	2	10	0
M. V. Blacker Douglas, Esq., J.P., Kilbray	2	2	0
P. J. [illegible]	2	2	0
Messrs. Kelly Bros., Upr. Sackville street	2	0	0
Mrs. C. Murray, Clonlea Park, North Circular road	2	0	0
Stephen Kennedy, Esq., 18 Clontarf road	2	0	0
Employés Conolly's Bakery, Dalkey	1	5	6
£1 1s. each—Messrs. Todd, Burns, and Co., Educational Co. of Ireland, Monroe and Nelson, F. J. Morrissey, Geo. Monkstown, F. McKenna, Esq., Upr. George's street; A. Carroll, Esq., Tivoli terrace; Miss Daly, Dundrum; Rt. Wallace Boyce, Blackrock; Dr. P. T. McArdle, Merrion square; Rev. Joseph Young, B.A., Mater Hospital.			
£1 each—Messrs. Scott and Co., Henry Street Warehouse, Clery and Co., L. O'Toole, Esq., Rathfarnham; Very Rev. Charles Pettit, Fairfield; Rev. R. Meagher, C.C., Fairview; Mrs. Carroll, Valmar; Miss O'Connell, Esker; Miss Walters, 6 Grosvenor terrace; Miss Silke, Kilgobbin; Edmund Swaine, Esq.; Mrs. Henry Tyrrell, Janeville; Anon.			
Small Sums—Mr. Fitzgerald, 10/6; Mr. Kiss, 10/; Mr. Mahon, 10/; Mrs. Corbet, Newtownwilliam, 10/; Becker Bros., 10/; Mr. Stevens, 5/-; Miss J. O'Sullivan, 5/-; Mr. F. Mayfield, 5/-; Mr. Mayfield, 2/-; Mr. O'Brien, 2/-; Mr. James Cleary, 5/6; Mr. J. O'Hogan, handsome, 2/6.			

The Collection Committee return sincere thanks to those who responded to the appeal on behalf of the St. Michael's Hospital, which is the only one available for the sick population of the South County Dublin outside the city limits.
As the Institution is still in debt, further subscriptions are solicited, and should be sent direct to the Hon. Superintendent.

EVENTS OF THE WEEK are accurately summarised in the WEEKLY IRISH TIMES. Price Twopence, at all Newsagents.

BRITISH FIBROCEMENT WORKS
"FIBRENT"
CORRUGATED ASBESTOS SHEETS.
Fire Resisting. Weatherproof. Light. Everlasting.
No Maintenance costs.
C. P. GLORNEY,
5 and 6 GEORGE'S QUAY, DUBLIN.
Phone 3771 & 3772. Telegrams—Glorney, Dublin.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL.
HIPPODROME ..... 6.45 TWICE NIGHTLY 8.45.
ERIC KARNO'S Latest
KILL OR KURE.
Preceded by ANDY MORAN, THE NEW MACE.
THE FEMINA QUARTETTE.
WINTER GARDENS.
Vocalist This Week—MISS MASSON.
Admission Free. Light Refreshments.

THEATRE ROYAL, DUBLIN.
GRAND MATINEE,
In aid of
ROYAL CITY OF DUBLIN HOSPITAL,
BAGGOT STREET,
SATURDAY, 5th APRIL, at 2.30 p.m.,
MACBETH
Will be presented by the Members of the BRITISH EMPIRE SHAKESPEARE SOCIETY.
PRICES OF ADMISSION (including Tax):—Balcony, 5/9 and 4/9; Parterre, 3/- and 2/6; Upper Circle, 1/10; Gallery, 1/-; Boxes, 17/3 to £3 6/-.
BOOKING AT BOX OFFICE, THEATRE ROYAL.

TIVOLI 6.30, 8.30. TIVOLI
Tel. 4125.
U.S.A. MINSTRELS,
A COMPANY OF TALENTED ARTISTES.
In a Real Old Time Entertainment.
Teddy and Iris. Marco. Thornton Trio.
NORMAN CARROLL. JAMES HUNTER.

KINGSTOWN PAVILION.
3 to 10.15, Continuous. Last Two Days.
VIOLET HOPSON in
"A FORTUNE AT STAKE."
A Brilliant Six-Act Broadreish Adaptation of the Famous Racing Story by NAT. GOULD.
Showing each day at 3.50, 5.20, and 8.45.
Mr. and Mrs. Drew in "MUSIC HATH CHARMS."
NEW TWO-PART MACK SENNETT COMEDY.
Mutt and Jeff in "Coal and Cold Feet." Gazette.

IRISH BRANCH
RAILWAY BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION.
SMOKING CONCERT
To be held in AID of the above in
THE ROUND ROOM,
MANSION HOUSE
(By kind permission of the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor),
On THURSDAY, 3rd APRIL, 1919,
At Eight o'clock p.m.;
Artistes:
Mr. IVOR THOMAS
Tenor (London Ballad Concerts).
Miss ASTRA DESMOND
(London Ballad Concerts, Royal Albert Hall, and late Principal Contralto, Carl Rosa Opera Co.).
Miss LENA MUNRO, Soprano.
Mr. M. A. O'KEEFE, Bass.
Mr. J. B. MORGAN, Tenor.
Mr. W. HALL, Baritone.
Mr. CARL HAYES, Humorist.
Accompanist—Dr. J. P. LARCHET.
TICKETS ..... 2/6 EACH
Tickets obtainable at 5 Kildare street, or at any of the Offices of the Railway and Steam Packet Companies.

FEIS CEOIL, 1919,
MAY 12th to 17th.
ENTRIES CLOSE To-DAY, APRIL 1
Particulars from
HON. SECRETARY, 37 MOLESWORTH STREET.

DANCING.
Mr. LEGGETT BYRNE
has made the following arrangements for this week:—
THE DANSANT,
TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, 3.30 to 5.30 p.m.
Tickets, 4/- each. Tables can be reserved.
Music—Mr. Moody's Band. Catering—Mr. Mills.
DANCES,
WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY NEXT,
8 p.m. to 2.30 a.m.
Tickets 7/6 each.
Mr. W. A. Mannhan's Band.
THURSDAY, 3 to 6.
THURSDAY, 8 to 10.30.
SATURDAY, 8 to 11.
Mr. Moody's Band.
BALLROOM,
27 ADELAIDE ROAD.
CLASSES AS USUAL.
PRIVATE LESSONS BY APPOINTMENT.
Phone 1813.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

G. R.
ADMIRALTY TRAWLERS AND DRIFTERS.
HAVING recently Sold a number of TRAWLERS AND DRIFTERS, the ADMIRALTY are now in a position to offer a further limited number of the well-known
MERSEY
CASPIA
STRAITH
Type of STEEL STEAM TRAWLERS (also a number of OCEAN ENGLISH TYPE FISHING DRIFTERS, some of steel, some of wood.
Some of these vessels are ALREADY COMPLETED, the remainder are DUE FOR EARLY COMPLETION. All will be in accordance with modern requirements of the Fishing Industry, and will be completed for fishing (excluding fishing gear).
Forms of tender with full details may be obtained on application to THE DIRECTOR OF CONTRACTS, Admiralty, S.W. 1 (Branch II., Room 114, West Block). Tender will be received until 12 o'clock noon, Thursday, 10th April, 1919.

THE INCORPORATED ORTHOPAEDIC HOSPITAL OF IRELAND,
UPPER MERRION STREET, DUBLIN.
POUND DAY,
TUESDAY, 1st APRIL, 1919,
10 a.m. to 6 p.m.
OFFERINGS IN MONEY OR IN GOODS GRATEFULLY RECEIVED.
HELP URGENTLY NEEDED.

THE DUBLIN WATCH COMMITTEE.
THREE FREE LECTURES
FOR WOMEN SOCIAL WORKERS (Adults only) on "MORAL AND SOCIAL EDUCATION,"
At 5 LEINSTER STREET.
TUESDAY, 1st APRIL, at 8 p.m.
On "The Moral Aspect."
TUESDAY, 8th APRIL, at 8 p.m.
On "The Medical Aspect." Dr. De Burgh Daly.
TUESDAY, 15th APRIL, at 8 p.m.
On "The Aspect for the Future Race." Dr. Kathleen Lynn.

THE CHURCH LEAGUE
FOR
WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE,
24 KILDARE STREET, DUBLIN.
A LECTURE
(on the Subject of
"PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION"
Will be Given by
DR. DE BURGH DALY,
TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY),
In the MOLESWORTH HALL, at 4.30.
Miss HAYDEN, M.A.,
Will also speak, and a Demonstration Ballot will be given after the Lecture.
ADMISSION FREE. COLLECTION.

ULSTER BANK, LIMITED.
A DAILY AGENCY of the Bank will be Opened at KENILWORTH VILLAS, HAROLD'S CROSS, DUBLIN, On THURSDAY, 3rd APRIL, 1919.
Attendance from Lower Camden street Branch, hours: 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. daily.
Saturdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.
(By Order)
M. W. BLACKWOOD, Secretary.
Belfast, 28th March, 1919.

PEMBROKE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL, CO. DUBLIN.
ELECTRICITY SUPPLY.
Notice is hereby given that, owing to the continued rise in prices of materials, &c., the Council have to Increase the Charge for Electricity by 2d. per unit for Lighting purposes and 1d. per unit for Cooking and Heating. The new scale will come into operation on 1st April, 1919.
By Order of the Council,
JOSHUA C. MANLY, Clerk.
Town Hall, Ballsbridge, Co. Dublin.
31st March, 1919.

RATHDOWN UNION AND RATHDOWN NOS. 1 AND 2 RURAL DISTRICT COUNCILS.
Contractors and all whom it may concern are requested to furnish to the undersigned a full statement of all moneys, if any, due to them by the above Union and Rural District Councils up to and including the 31st inst., not later than Tuesday, 8th April, 1919. Board and Council Orders must, in all cases where issued, be sent in with accounts for all bills due to date above mentioned.
The Local Government Board for Ireland has recently decided that they will not authorise in future the extension of time for the payment of overdue accounts unless satisfactory evidence is produced, showing that the delay which occurred had been unavoidable.
By Order,
PATRICK CUNNIAM,
Clerk of the Union and Councils.
Clerk's Office, Lesselinstown,
29th March, 1919.

TURF.
BY LOAD OR TON.
DELIVERED CITY AND SUBURBS.
FLOWER & McDONALD,

LOANS, £10 to £500, promptly and strictest Privacy Guaranteed, to Farmers, Shopkeepers, Doctors, Ladies, Gentlemen, and all Respectable applicants, on Simple Promissory Note. Distance no objection. Repayments arranged to suit Borrowers. Reasonable interest. Special quotations for Short Loans. No fees or preliminary expenses unless business actually completed. Apply personally, or by letter, to
DAVID I. COHEN,
40 DRURY STREET, DUBLIN.

THE LATEST WALTZES.
ALL THE NEW DANCES,
EVERY KIND OF SHEET MUSIC.
ALBUMS OF SONGS, DANCES, AND PIANOFORTE MUSIC.
VIOLIN OUTFITS.
STRINGS FOR ALL INSTRUMENTS.
CRAMER, WOOD & CO., LTD,
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(8.)

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LIMITED.
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WATERPROOF & RAINPROOF COATS,
CHILDREN'S COATS, CAPES, AND HOODS.
TRENCH COATS.
PATTERNS and PRICES ON APPLICATION.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
46 and 47 LR. SACKVILLE ST. } DUBLIN
34 NASSAU STREET. }
65 DAWSON STREET. }
Also at CORK and LONDON.

WEATHER FORECAST.

General Inference.—Slight secondary depression will continue to cause showery weather over the British Isles.
Ireland.—Moderate or fresh N. to N.W. wind; fair or dull; sleet or snow showers; cold.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY.

Theatre Royal—Hippodrome, 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre—"Do Be Careful," 7.30 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"Home Sweet Home," 6.30, 8.30.
Empire Theatre—"Broadway Jones," 6.30 and 8.30.
Tivoli Theatre—6.30 and 8.30 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"The Whiteheaded Boy," 8 p.m.
Princess Cinema, Rathmines—Continuous.
Carlton Cinema—Continuous.
Pillar Picture House—Continuous.
Sackville Picture House—Continuous.
Kingstown Pavilion—Pictures, 3 to 10.15 p.m.
R.H.A.—Annual Exhibition, Metropolitan School of Art, Kildare Street, 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.
Lecture-Recital, "Music in Worship"—Lecture Hall, Bushy Park Road, Rathgar, 8 p.m.
Audit of Port Sanitary Authority Accounts—City Hall, 11 a.m.
Howth Commissioners—Meeting, 2 p.m.

The Irish Times.
TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1919.

The League of Nations.

According to a despatch from our Special Correspondent in Paris, which we publish in another column, the work of the League of Nations Commission is drawing to a close. It seems almost certain that a clause laying down the principles of a World League will be embodied in the Peace Treaty, and that, theoretically, at any rate, the League of Nations will come into being within a few weeks from to-day. How far the formation of the League will take the world towards a happy settlement of its manifold problems remains to be seen. For the past few weeks events in Europe have monopolised the foreground of the political stage, and the League of Nations, to a certain extent, has been forgotten. As the hour of peace draws near, nations are beginning more and more to concentrate their energies upon the realisation of their own hopes, and to leave the more remote questions of international co-operation and world peace to the mercies of the convenient formula *solvitur ambulando*. In France there is an honest distrust of the League of Nations. The terrible experience of the war has made the French people determined to secure adequate safeguards against future attacks. They hold that Germany's military frontier must be pushed back over the Rhine; nothing less will satisfy them. They do not consider the protection afforded by a rather hazy League sufficient to guarantee their national safety, and, while expressing every sympathy with the idea, they hold, naturally enough, that until their national interests are quite safe they cannot give it their unqualified support. France wants the League of Nations to supplement, rather than substitute, the old principle of military safeguards. She sees a better guarantee of her future welfare in the sanctions of a Foch than in those of an international council. The roar of Big Bertha is still in her ears, and her ravished provinces still are melancholy and fearful reminders of the price that she has paid for victory.

The claims of France must command the respectful attention of the world. Her desire for some more tangible guarantees than those given by a foster-mother yet unborn is only another proof that nations are made up of human beings. France is not alone in her doubts. America, the sponsor of the League, shows signs of disowning it unless it respects and maintains her national privileges. Japan will not join unless it provides for the abolition of racial prejudice. Australia and South Africa are dubious about its efficacy, while Italy will have nothing to do with it if it does not present her with Fiume as a token of its sincerity. On the other hand, however, Europe and Asia Minor are bristling with new States, the very existence of which depends upon the help of the League. Poland, Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia, Armenia, Syria—if the League fails all these States will lose their dearly-won liberty. The League has been burdened with enormous responsibilities in every quarter of the globe. It has been before the eyes of the weary peoples of the world as a salve for their sufferings and a redress for their wrongs. The leaders of the civilised world in solemn council hailed its birth as the dawn of a new day, and for a moment mankind thought that the hour of its redemption was at hand. It is always advisable to temper enthusiasm with reason, and it is to be feared that in the first glow of enthusiasm with which the League of Nations was received the world was more or less blinded to the difficulties which beset the path of great ideals. Human passion, national egoism and prejudice, deep-rooted tradition must all be taken into account. The war has developed these; it has fanned smouldering hatred into fanaticism; it has engendered megalomania; in many cases it has suspended reason. In such circumstances the final formation of a League of Nations so designed as not to carry in itself the germs of failure would clearly be a mistake. Elastic principles can be formulated; far-reaching decisions should be avoided.

A League of Nations is the only solution of the problem of the world. This truth is universally recognised. The old system of balance of power, inevitably degenerating into preponderance of power, has been a complete and sorry failure. A League is the clear alternative. Again, the League of Nations, when formed, must be all-embracing if it is to be successful. A perpetuation of this or that alliance would be fatal. Russia, Germany, Hungary, are manifestly unfit to participate in any such international body. They are in a state of chaotic confusion, inarticulate as national entities and incapable of any clear thought. Before any League of Nations can be effective as a world force, these countries must take their place once more in the ranks of civilisation; in the meantime the world must wait. Many problems can receive a temporary solution. Obviously the problem of France and her security is one of these. She must be put in a position in which she will feel herself safe from attack and capable of resuming her normal life of work and activity. Bolshevism must then be tackled. Lenin's "League of Nations" must be destroyed before Mr. Wilson's League can come into operation, and Russia's teeming millions must be helped to recover from their nightmare of horror. President Wilson is undoubtedly right. His idea is sublime, and will triumph ultimately; but the war is still raging. Hundreds of millions of people are still in its clutches, and for them peace is the first essential—first, universal peace, and then the League of Nations. The German plenipotentiaries are on their way to Versailles, and the treaty putting an end to the war with the Central Powers may soon be expected. It is impossible to imagine that this peace will satisfy everybody. No peace in history has ever met with universal applause; but the character of the men who have been engaged in the great work in Paris is the best guarantee that this peace will be sane and sound. It is hoped that a loose framework will be included in the treaty, into which the League of Nations can be fitted eventually. More than this it would be foolish to expect. When peace is assured, and when Russia has been freed from the yoke of anarchy which she has laid on herself, then the work of building up the League of Nations can begin in earnest.

The Abbey Theatre.

It is announced that two of the largest theatrical concerns in England are meditating a "combine," which, if it is made, will control seventy theatres in the United Kingdom. In other words, the art of seventy theatres will come under the control of a single influence, and must be governed rather by one central and stereotyped policy than by the local tastes and conditions of seventy different sets of audiences. Such a danger must increase the interest of discriminating play-goers in the few theatres which still retain an independent character and an individual outlook. One of these is the Abbey Theatre in Dublin. Its past and future were discussed on Sunday evening by Mr. W. B. Yeats, Mr. Lennox Robinson, and others. They have good cause for pride in the record of the Abbey. It has created, as Mr. Robinson said, "Irish folk drama, a school of drama, and an appreciative audience." It has evoked a few plays which are both fine drama and fine literature. It has given to Dublin—and subsequently to Great Britain—a number of admirable actors. It has unearthed several first-rate play-writers who, but for the Abbey's encouragement, might have died in their native villages "with all their music in them." Why, then, has the Abbey fallen short of complete success; why does its future give some cause for uneasiness; and by what means can it be established securely in the public favour? To the first two of these questions no real answers were furnished on Sunday—perhaps, because no man can be an impartial critic of his own efforts. We think that there are two main reasons for the Abbey's gradual loss of grasp on the heart and mind of Dublin. One is the fact that so many plays have been produced to please directors and managers rather than play-goers. The "commercial" theatre is charged with the crime of "playing down" to the vulgar instincts. The opposite practice of "playing up" to certain fancies or prejudices may not be a crime, but in theatrical management it is usually a blunder. The persistent production of the realistic peasant-play—of which, as a class, it may be said that "from gloom they came and vanished into gloom"—has made educated Dublin a little tired of the Abbey Theatre. The other reason is a certain loss of force and distinction in the Abbey's standard of acting. Perhaps, the original impetus is weakening. Certainly the Abbey's best actors have shown a centrifugal tendency in recent years—whether because the daily round became monotonous or because the "commercial" theatre tempted them with better prospects of reward. That difficulty always will confront the independent theatre; it is not easy to make a good actor, but it is easier to make him than to keep him. We do not glean much hope of an Abbey *renaissance* from Sunday night's discussion. Mr. Robinson wants to make the Theatre "more international." Mr. Yeats pins his faith to native form and inspiration, tempered with the influence of Balzac and Dostoievsky. Neither of them seems to have suggested that an effort should be made to study the taste of Dublin audiences. At the risk of being dubbed vandal we insist that this is an important consideration. With all our profound respect for Mr. Yeats's genius, we do not believe that he is a sound judge of the Irish public's taste in drama. He condemns Goldsmith and Sheridan as "superficial and just suitable for an evening's entertainment." We must horrify Mr. Yeats by telling him that the paramount object of all theatre audiences—even of Abbey audiences—is "an evening's entertainment." In a word, if the Abbey is to have a prosperous future, it must put its pride in its pocket and take a hint from the worldly wisdom of the "commercial" theatre. It must make a compromise between its austere ideals and human frailty, even as—that the young munition-workers might be "compelled to come in"—the Y.W.C.A. in England compromised in the matter of cigarettes and waltzes.

Atlantic Flight.

It was announced in the House of Commons last night that the Government was paying close attention to the problems connected with the Atlantic flight, but had not yet decided to be directly represented in any attempt which might be made during the present month. The latest telegrams state that several private competitors will be ready to start from Newfoundland on the 15th inst. if the weather is favourable. At this period of the year Newfoundland is usually enveloped in fog, and the coast abounds with ice-floes. The airmen state, however, that these conditions will not interfere with their plans, and that the only thing which could compel a delay would be a severe snowstorm. So far six British firms have entered machines—all aeroplanes—for the event. A successful flight from Newfoundland to the British Isles would be an achievement of the first importance, but it would not guarantee the early establishment of a regular aerial service between Europe and America. Before that can be done the science of aviation must undergo great developments. Whether the flight fixed for the 15th inst. succeeds or not, the experience gained by those who attempt it will be invaluable. It is interesting to recall that it will be exactly eighty-one years ago to-morrow since the first steamship to cross to America left Cork Harbour. The vessel, the Sirius, was of 700 tons and her engines were of 320 horse-power. She accomplished the journey to New York in twenty-one days and the return trip took eighteen days.

MILITARY CROSS.

Second Lieutenant C. H. Ricketts, 2nd South Staffordshire Regiment, son of Mr. Poynts Ricketts, engineer-in-chief North China Railways, and grandson of the late Mr. T. W. D. Humphreys, Donoughmore House, Castlefin, Co. Donegal, has been awarded the Military Cross for an act of great courage and gallantry on the 28th September, 1918. He rushed a German machine gun in action singlehanded, afterwards taking it with six men, thereby saving many casualties. He also received a card certificate from his commanding officer, Major-General C. E. Pereine, congratulating him on his gallantry and good leadership during the operations. He was only 19 years of age when he was awarded this well merited distinction.

THE IRISH CENTRE PARTY.

The Executive Council of the Irish Centre Party met at their offices, 3 College Green, Dublin, on Monday, Captain Stephen Gwynn in the chair. The constitution of committees was finally settled, and communications relating to the establishment of branches of the party organisation throughout the country were received and considered.

ORGAN RECITAL AT MARINERS' CHURCH, KINGSTOWN.

Mr. J. Verner Love gave an interesting and varied organ recital last night at the Mariners' Church, Kingstown, the works of Bach forming the first part. Sonata No. 1 in m three movements, in three parts, throughout transparent and clear in the part-writing. This feature was pointedly brought out by the organist playing each part on different manuels and pedals with great fluency. The Fantasia in G minor was very massive and brilliant. Several other composers were drawn upon in the second part, notably Boellmann, in his second suite, which consisted of four movements, and proved an attractive novelty. Handel's Overture to "Samson" was given with great vigour, and Guilmant's "Prière et Berceuse" received dainty treatment. Miss Eileen Love and Mr. Morley Hubbard were the vocalists, rendering two Bach solos, and also "Oh! for a closer walk with God" (Foster), and Mendelssohn's "Is not His word like a fire?" and contributed much to the interest of the recital.

ROYAL HIBERNIAN ACADEMY.

The annual exhibition of the Royal Hibernian Academy was opened yesterday afternoon at the Metropolitan School of Art, Dublin, in the presence of a large gathering. The visitors were received by Mr. Dermod O'Brien, President, and the members of the Academy.

VALUABLE CONTRABAND CONDEMNED.

In the Prize Court, London, yesterday, the President, Lord Hurndale, gave judgment in the cases in which the Crown asked for condemnation as contraband of large quantities of copper, nickel, and grain, of a total value of £139,000, laden on the steamships Hero, Zamora, Augusta, and Sydland, and consigned from New York to Stockholm, but which the Crown alleged were intended for enemy countries.
His lordship said that with regard to the grain, valued at £80,000, which was lost to the claimants by the capture of the Zamora and Augusta, he had no doubt that this was a transaction on behalf of the Austro-Hungarian Government, the claimants being merely creatures in the transaction. The grain must be condemned, and the whole of the cargo of the Zamora, being contraband, there must be an order of condemnation of the vessel. The metal must also be condemned.
Leave to appeal was granted as regard the Zamora.

KINGSTOWN RATE ESTIMATES.

The rate estimates for the ensuing financial year were submitted at the meeting of the Finance Committee of the Kingstown Urban Council.
The poor rate estimate included—County charges, £5,519 16s. 1d.; Union charges, £7,348 13s. 5d.; malicious injuries, £480; Metropolitan Police, £2,600; commission, printing, etc., £500; vacancies, £600; overdraft, £300—total, £17,348 9s. 6d.
This would require a rate of 4s. 6d., but the Committee have recommended a rate of 4s. 5d., as compared with 3s. 9d. last year.
The expenditure for the working of the township was estimated at £40,251, and the revenue £11,510, leaving £28,741 to be provided for. Last year the Council had an overdraft of £7,892 9s. 5d.
The urban rate required to meet the estimates, including overdrafts, would be 9s. 4½d., but the Committee, having revised the estimated expenditure, recommend an urban rate of 7s. 9d., as compared with 7s. 3d. last year. If the Committee's recommendations are adopted, the total rates will be 12s. 2d., as against 11s. 3d. last year.

CUNARD COMPANY'S INCREASED CAPITAL.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Cunard Steamship Company at Liverpool yesterday adopted a resolution to increase the capital of the company to six millions sterling. The Chairman, Sir Alfred Booth, said that the proposal was simply to provide additional capital, which was required to turn the reserve fund of a million and a half into shares. Each shareholder would get one new share for every old share he now held.

THE NORTH WALL RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

After four-and-a-half years' magnificent work at the port of Dublin in attending to the reception of wounded and, later, repatriated soldiers who had been prisoners of war in Germany, the North Wall Committee of ladies and gentlemen, headed by Mrs. Wilson, are to conclude their kindly offices. An interesting ceremony took place recently at the L. and N.W.R. Station premises, when souvenir presentations were given to the ladies who have been so unremitting in their kindly labours for years past, and it is understood that before the free refreshment buffets are closed, and the North Wall staff released from their self-imposed tasks, another happy little winding-up ceremony will take place this week. Summer or winter, snow, hail, or rain, for four-and-a-half years, morning and night, the Committee and their helpers on the North Wall have carefully and faithfully ministered to the welfare and creature comforts of thousands of men passing inwards and out at the port of Dublin.

MERCER'S HOSPITAL.

Special performances are announced to be given in the Gaiety Theatre next week in aid of Mercer's Hospital. Justin Huntley McCarthy's well-known three-act farce, "My Friend the Prince," and R. C. Carter's comedy, "Lady Huntworth's Experiment," will be produced by a cast which includes many names popular with Dublin theatre-goers. The former will be played on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday evenings and Saturday matinée, and the latter on Tuesday and Friday evenings and Wednesday matinée. Mercer's Hospital is to benefit by every seat sold for the week, which is being run in connection with the *fête* in St. Helen's, Booterstown, in May. Lady Moore is organising the sale of programmes during the week.

SOUTH WALES MINERS AND SANKEY AWARD.

The South Wales Miners' Conference yesterday rejected the Sankey award, and by a majority of 60 advised the miners to vote against the acceptance of the recommendation of the Miners' Federation of Great Britain. The Conference, subsequently unanimously passed resolutions asking the Miners' Federation of Great Britain to urge the Labour Party Conference on Thursday to vote for a general week's holiday unless there was a withdrawal of the Conscription Bill and an undertaking to withdraw the British and Allied troops from Russia.

POLITICAL PRISONERS.

Mr. Bonar Law writes, in reply to a question by Lieutenant-Colonel W. Thorne, that the Government has come to no decision on the matter of releasing all the conscientious objectors and political prisoners when peace is signed.

LONDON CORRESPONDENCE.

59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
MONDAY NIGHT.

It was expected that the Prime Minister would be able to be in London this week, but at the moment his return is unlikely. Every day seems to bring a new and pressing problem to the Peace Conference, and delays are continually occurring. Great disappointment will be felt if Mr. Lloyd George is unable to address the adjourned Industrial Conference at the Central Hall on Friday, but I understand that Sir Robert Horne will take his place if he is unable to be present.

There was an interchange of chaff to-day regarding the Local Government (Ireland) Bill. Major O'Neill suggested that, as only two Irish members voted for the second reading, the Government should withdraw it; but Colonel Guinness pointed out that one of them (Sir Maurice Dockrell) represented in his own ample person (he is) represented in his own ample person some 400,000 Southern Unionists. Mr. Devlin could not see why England and Scotland should not also have the benefit of proportional representation, and kindly offered to introduce a Bill to give it to them. Mr. Bonar Law replied that the Government had merely followed the universal practice of giving Ireland a preference in good things.

Mr. Bottomley was also interested in this question owing to the fact that in a trial-ballot recently conducted in Edinburgh he came out top of the poll, with Mr. Lloyd George, Mr. Hogge, Mr. Balfour, and Mr. Asquith below him. But Mr. Bonar Law drily observed that, however much the result might commend itself to "his honourable friend," the Government were not prepared, on the strength of it, to adopt proportional representation all round. Mr. Hogge rather took the gilt off Mr. Bottomley's gingerbread by pointing out that at the first ballot the candidates came out in a very different order. The member for Hackney, by the way, has been placed upon the Courtsmartial Commission, which will be presided over by Mr. Justice Darling.

Perhaps, the most important answer was given by the Chancellor of the Exchequer in reply to a question whether the Government were prepared to set up Whitley Councils for civil servants. He said that "steps were being taken to establish joint" bodies in the administration departments." Whether there will be Whitley Councils in the full sense of the term is doubtful, but the concession, however limited, marks an epoch in the relations between the Government and their employés, and will probably hasten the adoption of such Councils in the industrial world.

"The Cl

FROM "THE TIMES" OF TO-DAY.

BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH THE PROPRIETORS OF *THE TIMES*.)

THE BOLSHEVIST CHIEFS.

Who, asks *The Times*, are the men who, within two years, have reduced Russia from her rank among the Great Powers of Europe to the abyss of anarchy, murder, civil war, bankruptcy, pestilence and famine in which she is writhing to-day? The articles which we have already published under the title of "Bolshevist Portraits" throw some light upon these questions. The conclusion to which they point is that the Bolshevist leaders are, for the most part, revolutionists of a very commonplace and uninteresting character. The Correspondent to whom we owe them places Lenin head and shoulders above the rest of the party. Yet it is hard to discern proofs of remarkable ability in Lenin's career. His greatest feat seems to have been that his ousted the wordy idealist, Kerensky, and has kept the despotism ever since. The failure of the Russian arms and the help and gold of Germany made the achievement comparatively easy for a resolute man; and Lenin's resolution is the resolution of a fanatic. Most of the minor Bolshevist leaders are Jews, and they seem to be older than is usual with revolutionary chiefs. Our Correspondent states that nearly 75 *per cent.* of the "Commissaries" who have the central control of the Government are Jews, while the Jewish officials of the Soviets are "legion." That there is but a single genuine workingman among the chiefs is entirely in accordance with precedent. Lenin is of the ferocious variety, contemptible as *The Times*. He loves heroics. He did Collot d'Herbois—and appears to have enjoyed himself hugely, praising about Russia's "honour" and "pure" than say, the unfrocked monk, Gapon, or the "Alcibiades of the Mountain"—Brest-Litovsk, while the Germans were extorting their peace terms. He is bloodthirsty, coarse, and he is also malignant, seeking his revenge upon his personal enemies. He is something of a dandy, as were some of the chief terrorists, and it is rumoured that he is now "pur" than say, the unfrocked monk, Gapon, or the "Alcibiades of the Mountain"—Kerensky, fruit de Séchelles.

GERMAN PEACE DELEGATION.

At the last moment, says *The Times*, a change was made in the constitution of the main German Peace Delegation. The Hamburg financier, Herr Warburg, gave way to Herr Melchior, the managing director of his firm, who took part in the recent negotiations at Brussels. Herr Warburg will also go to Versailles, but as a "second string." The main German Delegation now consists of Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, Foreign Minister; Herr Landsberg, Minister of State; Herr Giesberts, Minister of Posts; Herr Adolf Müller, Minister of the Interior, former editor of the *Munich Post*; Professor Schücking, international lawyer; Herr Melchior, manager, Warburg and Co. With the six principal delegates are to be associated thirty-eight expert advisers.

THE NEEDS OF IRELAND.

Professor Wilbraham Tennant, brother of Sir John Tennant and Professor E. P. Culverwell, both writing from Trinity College, Dublin, contribute to the discussion of Home Rule in *The Times*.

Professor Trench remarks that, surely, there is given to us one more opportunity to face the problem broadmindedly and in an imperial spirit, and proceeds:—The League of Nations is in danger. Embodied in the Peace Treaty though it be, it may prove unable to cope with the real sources of disturbance in the world, and, if so, then it will prove for all time the supreme disappointment. England can save the League, can make secure the future of the world, and, incidentally, her own endangered future, too, by a plan that will enable the League as a real arbiter, by a clear declaration now, without delay, that she will see to it that one of the first things to be settled of the League of Nations, when set up, will be the ratification of an Irish settlement, the draft of which she, recognising that this question tends to disturb the world's peace, will lay before the League. This declaration having been made, all constructive forces in Ireland will immediately get to work to help prepare the draft. In the upshot, we shall be able to settlement with international sanction behind it, and its validity will be great. Thus we shall have peace. But the alternative to such a settlement is nothing less than the collapse of all conservative elements in Ireland. Professor Culverwell asks whether it would be wiser to delay the discussion of the "Irish difficulty till the Imperial Government elections, under the scheme of Proportional Representation, have given a better picture of how the country stands. He continues:—There is another reason for delay, based on the supposition, now surely sufficiently demonstrated, that it will be impossible to please all parties, and the extremists least of all. For it was the fear of conscription which gave the real popularity to the Sinn Fein propaganda, and, as that is now removed, Sinn Fein must now rely on the other planks in its platform. They are two—abstention from the Irish Parliament, and keeping the country in a state of unrest. Neither seems likely to appeal to the people. If, therefore, it wishes to retain hold on them, it must justify itself by some positive policy which will benefit the people. With its members remaining away from Parliament, this does not seem likely. But if a solution" be put forward, it will be a godsend to the Sinn Fein Executive just now, because they will be able to divert attention from the barrenness of their own programme by forcing it to the defects of the solution—for Sinn Fein to be an easy task. Let the Government do nothing for a time, except to support by and order by means just and firm, but open and above-board, and reserve the solution" till Sinn Fein has had time enough to demonstrate its value, whether positive or negative. Then people will be in a more reasonable frame of mind.

THE REVENUE RETURNS.

Commenting on the Revenue Returns, *The Times* remarks:—The most interesting feature of the tax revenue figures is the fact that, while the total receipts from taxation are about two millions more than in the Budget estimate, there is actually a loss of 15 millions on the amount expected from Excess Profits duty, while the Income Tax has only just brought in what was budgeted for. It is on Customs and Excise, which have realised between them about 20 millions more than the estimates, that the whole of the estimate of Excess Profits duty has been made up. Allowance must, of course, be made for the very real difficulty of estimating all accurately beforehand what taxes will bring in when they are on the present high scale; but it is certainly satisfactory to find that, in one way or another, the Budget estimate for tax revenue has been more than realised in the receipts.

M.P.'S TO VISIT GERMANY.

It is stated, says the Parliamentary Correspondent of *The Times*, that arrangements are being made for a party of members of Parliament to visit Germany, to study the conditions prevailing there. The Labour Party were invited to appoint representatives, but, after considering the terms of the invitation, and the objects of the visit, they have decided not to take part in the matter.

ULSTER AND HOME RULE.

SIR EDWARD CARSON AND NEED FOR UNITY.

Sir Edward Carson has sent the following letter to Major Moore, the official Unionist candidate for East Antrim:—"I earnestly hope that you will be returned at the ensuing election. My colleagues from Ulster and myself feel certain that your record in the war and your devotion to Unionist principles fully justify the Association in selecting you as their candidate. There is nothing to be gained by concealing the anxiety I feel as to the future of Ulster and the Union, having regard to the fact that upon the signing of peace the Government will have to formulate their policy with reference to the Home Rule Act, which was passed in 1914. Any division in our ranks would tend to weaken our position that most serious consequences may ensue. We are struggling now, day by day, to secure for Ulster all the benefits from reconstructive legislation open to our fellow-citizens in Great Britain; and without unity and loyalty to our organisation I feel that the chances of success, and my position as leader, must be necessarily diminished.

"I appeal, therefore, to all our friends to close their ranks in the interest of the cause to which we are devoted."

AT THE CONFERENCE.

OUR LETTER FROM PARIS.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

WHY IRELAND IS EXCLUDED.

REDUCTION OF ARMAMENTS.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, MARCH 30.

If one of those who sit in high places at the Peace Conference were to stop a number of people in the street of any large town in the United Kingdom, and ask about the mechanism of the Conference, one wonders how many could give him the faintest idea of how it works. It is no less bewildering at times to those whose business it is to report its proceedings. So great an aptitude do the delegates show for forming new committees, commissions, sub-commissions, and the like, that the mind reels before the array of complexities. It all reminds one of those fantastic operations in theoretical mathematics where you calculate in how many different ways ten gentlemen and twelve ladies can be seated at a round table, so that not more than four ladies or five gentlemen will be together in any one arrangement! The latest new combination the Conference has evolved is a committee consisting of all the Foreign Ministers of the five Great Powers. It has promptly been christened the "Council of Five," to distinguish it from the Council of Ten and Council of Four. Its work is to "elucidate subsidiary questions" involved in the Peace Treaty. What those questions are we are not told, but the assurance that they are subsidiary makes the policy of secrecy for once welcome.

It is a relief to learn, on the other hand, that some of these numerous committees are beginning to fulfil their functions and die off. One which has nearly reached this stage is the League of Nations Commission, and one must give its members credit for having kept their word, and settled their affairs soon enough to incorporate the Covenant in the Preliminary Peace Treaty without delaying the latter. The crucial work of fixing the other items of the peace terms is, of course, in the hands of the Great Four. We are assured from time to time every day that "everything is going satisfactorily," so that it seems in every way likely that the Treaty itself will be ready some time during next week.

The views of those who prophesied that the League of Nations Covenant would be wrecked when it came to the point of incorporating in it all the amendments demanded have not so far proved correct. Representatives of thirteen neutrals were heard by the Commission and their amendments considered. Without exception they all professed themselves extremely friendly to the principles of the League. As to their future action, all gave indication of being willing and ready to join, while reserving the right of deciding upon their future attitude until after the terms assume their final form. Leaving out of account those who do not want a League in any shape or form, the principles embodied in the terms find now a world-wide adherence.

In the main, the amendments adopted have not been of a drastic character, though they cover most of the changes asked for. In fine, the effect of the alterations is to make clear that the League of Nations is not to be a super-State, nor to be the governing body of a world-wide federation. It is merely a means by which, firstly, public opinion for the preservation of peace can be made operative; and, secondly, a mechanism by which united world-wide action in any matter of common interest can be taken. The rights of the separate States subscribing to the League are thus not affected where internal matters of the State are concerned.

Of course, this still leaves it an open question as to what is or internal matter. Take, for example, one general principle of President Wilson's fourteen points. It upholds the right of communities to settle their own destiny. Under this provision the Conference is forming the new States of Poland, Czecho-Slovakia, and Jugo-Slavia, since these peoples have established the fact of their nationality, and their claim has been upheld. How does this compare with the case of those who have petitioned for the independence of Ireland on similar lines of argument? The difference is that the former countries were formerly parts of Kingdoms which have fallen to pieces as a result of the war, and a reconstitution of Governments for these territories is being carried out along lines which are designed to prevent a recurrence of the former state of subjection. The League does not claim the right of adjudicating the quarrels between integral parts of any one of its members. If civil war were to break out again in the United States, it would not be a case for intervention by the League. The same is held to be the case with Ireland. The matter is one for arrangement between the separate sections of those now forming the one State of the United Kingdom. The League is, therefore, not empowered to intervene.

Before the League can take united action, its delegates must give a unanimous decision unless in cases otherwise definitely provided for. Under the latter condition would come such cases as the admission of new members to the League. This requires a two-thirds' majority of the delegates. For practical government, the League will be controlled by representatives of the Great Powers, but no decision affecting a smaller Power may be taken without its being called in for consultative purposes, and casting its vote in the taking of the decision. In the case of the intervention of the League in some dispute threatening war, it might be thought that the provision about unanimity before action would make it possible for some small State belonging to a distant part of the world, to prevent action of the Powers by withholding consent. This is, however, not the case. The said State could withhold its own support, but in practice it can be seen that any two nations would have to be very much under the influence of passion before risking the joint opposition of even a majority of the members of the League, who would in such a case figure as third parties. Nor would one small State have anything to fear in joining all the rest.

The Council of the League will not be able to enforce, but can only recommend, reduction of armaments. This it will do, and after every ten years the whole situation is to be reviewed; and, if thought desirable, further reductions will be recommended. Nor can the League force any nation to suspend the manufacture of war materials, but as the production of these, in future, be everybody's concern, it stands to reason that it will be a matter almost of impossibility to carry on the work secretly. A manufacture by any one nation of an amount of material beyond that prescribed would cease to be a domestic affair, and would then be one looked upon as threatening the peace of the world.

But apart from the question of war, the League will carry on a permanent work in matters of world-wide concern, many of which have hitherto admitted of no treatment for want of the necessary means of handling them. It is contemplated that such matters as opium traffic, white slave traffic, treatment of natives, prevention and cure of tuberculosis, venereal diseases, anthrax, traffic on international waterways and international rivers, copyright, and labour questions of world-wide importance will all be under its supervision. To every office under the League women are to be eligible on the same terms as men.

Before the fate of the League is finally settled, three matters have to be settled, all of them of extreme importance. The first is the question as to the ultimate admission of Germany to the League. There is a growing feeling that the sooner Germany can be admitted the better. If for no other reason, it is very desirable that no great manufacturing country should keep outside the operation of the movement to universalise labour conditions. As meant to universalise labour conditions. As these became bettered in the countries forming the League, Germany, by keeping a lower standard, could, if she wished, always use the upward tendency of labour conditions to manufacture at rates advantageous to herself. Again, if Germany is kept outside the League, and in a short time order is restored in Russia, it may well be that Germany and Russia together would form the nucleus of a rival League, which would entice malcontents from the former. Any such combination would necessarily render the whole scheme futile, inasmuch as it would amount in effect to a new grouping of Powers to constitute a fresh balance.

The second is the resolution said to be in the hands of President Wilson for safeguarding the Monroe Doctrine. It has not, however, yet been dealt with, and until its form is definitely known, it cannot be discussed.

The third and most difficult is the resolution which the Japanese delegates intend to put forward. It is that the League shall express in some way the recognition of equality of races of those admitted to the League. Although the Japanese point out that it is not their intention to use this expression as a lever to enforce their moral right of entry in Pacific countries now restricting their immigration, their proposal has not received a cordial welcome. If this addition is made to the League, it is difficult to see what would prevent its being used in time to assert equal rights for all peoples in all parts of the world. If the addition is not made, it is difficult to see how Japan can become a signatory at all, for the League puts upon her certain obligations and restrictions, while those with whom she shares them deny her the equality of rights she considers is by her due.

THE PEACE TREATY.

AGREEMENT REACHED ON MOST POINTS.

PREPARING FOR SITTINGS AT VERSAILLES.

THE GERMAN DELEGATION.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S DRAFT.

The Press Association Correspondent at Paris telegraphed yesterday:—

The Council of Four met this morning at President Wilson's residence, the Villa Bischoffsheim, and in the afternoon at the Ministry of War. The afternoon meetings are usually held at the Ministry of War for the convenience of M Clemenceau, who at the Ministry is in touch with his administrative work.

It is believed that on most of the territorial questions which affect Germany the Council has reached practical agreement. Even in the vexed question of the Sarre coalfield a solution seems to have been found. The outstanding questions now are Danzig and the Polish "corridor" to the sea, and indemnities.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

It is understood, says the Press Association Paris Correspondent, that Mr. Lloyd George has no present intention of returning to England until the Peace Treaty is complete, unless something unforeseen occurs this decision will not be modified. Much as the Premier would like to be in London for the consideration of the forthcoming Labour report, he considers that his duties here at the present time are paramount to all other considerations.

THE GERMAN FINANCIAL DELEGATES.

The Press Association Special Correspondent at Paris telegraphed on March 31st:—

The German financial delegation which was invited by the Allied Governments to come to France to negotiate with the financial representatives of the Supreme Economic Council as to the means by which Germany is to pay for the food she is receiving from the Allies is arriving to-morrow night. The party, six in number, will be given quarters in the Château de Villette at Pont Sainte Maxence, a little town on the Oise, close to Senlis. It was between Senlis and Pont Sainte Maxence that Marshal Foch received the German armistice delegates in his train in November last.

The Trianon Hotel at Versailles is to be taken for the German delegates. It will be staffed with the necessary *personnel*, and reserved for their exclusive use. Not far away is the Reservoir Hotel, which was occupied by the German Headquarters Staff in 1871, and this time it will, doubtless, be crowded with the staff of the Allied plenipotentiaries.

The Allies will be represented at Versailles by the Council of Five, that is, the present Council of Four, enlarged by the admission of the principal Japanese plenipotentiary, who has taken no part in the recent Council sittings, which have been occupied with exclusively European problems. One of the smaller apartments in the Palace will serve the Allied plenipotentiaries as a Council chamber when they wish to meet in private as the supreme Council of the Allies. The Treaty itself will be based upon the draft of the peace conditions which Mr. Lloyd George drew up at Fontainebleau during the week-end he spent there, which is the document on which the Council has been working daily since his return to Paris.

THE QUESTION OF INDEMNITIES.

In the House of Commons yesterday,

Mr. Bonar Law, replying to Colonel Claude Lowther, said that he could not state when it would be possible to make any new statement on the question of indemnities and of the enemy countries' capacity to pay. He thought that it might be possible to discuss the subject on Thursday next.

Mr. Kennedy Jones—Is the right hon. gentleman aware that a statement has been made public that the Allies have arrived at the amount of the indemnity, and can he say whether that is true?

Mr. Bonar Law—I do not think it is possible for me to give a direct answer, even if it were the case. As a matter of fact, it is not.

IF THE GERMANS REFUSE TO SIGN.

The *Evening News* understands that reliable information has been received in London that, in case the German delegates refuse to sign the Peace Treaty, General Foch has authority to order a general advance of the Army of the Rhine. This would probably mean that peace would be dictated in Berlin.

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M. Clemenceau, Premier, received General Mangin yesterday, says a Paris telegram.

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THE DANZIG LANDING.

MARSHAL FOCH'S GUARANTEE.

GERMAN PARTY LEADERS TO CONFER.

The Press Association Correspondent at Copenhagen telegraphed on Sunday:—

A Berlin telegram of to-day's date says that General Nudant has presented the following reply to the German Note of the 25th inst., regarding the landing of Polish troops in Danzig:

I transmitted the Note of March 28th to Marshal Foch, Commander-in-Chief of the Allied Armies, and he submitted the same to the Allied and Associated Governments for examination. I especially drew his attention to the passage reading "the German Government, after an exhaustive examination, cannot be held responsible for a measure such as the disembarkation of Polish troops at Danzig, which, without the creation of adequate guarantees, must provoke civil war in our own country."

The Marshal telegraphed me the following reply on March 29th:—

"I will personally give all information and all guarantees required to such German representatives at Spa as are provided with the necessary powers for taking a decision within forty-eight hours. The meeting will take place on April 3rd, unless this happens not to be possible. Please communicate as soon as possible the German Government's answer, and name the German plenipotentiary designated."

THE ALLIES' CONDITIONS.

The Press Association's Paris Correspondent says:—With reference to the question of the passage of Polish troops now in France through Danzig, to which the German Government has taken such strong exception, the Germans have been informed that the Allies only wish to claim right to send troops through Danzig to Poland, which they are entitled to do under the conditions of the armistice. There will be no occupation of Danzig. To the German objection that the armistice compels them to afford unhindered passage to the Allied troops only, while the Polish divisions are not Allied troops, the Allied Governments replied that these troops are under French officers, and are to be regarded as forming part of the Allied Armies.

LANDING TO BE CARRIED OUT.

The question of the landing of the Polish troops at Danzig is discussed to-day by practically all the Paris newspapers (says a Press Association Paris telegram, dated Monday), and particular attention is drawn to the fact that Marshal Foch is intervening personally in the negotiations on the subject.

According to the *Echo de Paris*, the Allied and Associated Governments have decided to carry out the landing of the Polish troops at Danzig, if necessary, by force, but the operations will not necessarily signify the cession of Danzig to Poland.

The *Petit Parisien*, discussing the future *status* of Danzig, says that no decision has yet been come to on this point, and several solutions of the problem have been put forward, including a suggestion by Great Britain to make Danzig and its immediate suburbs a sort of neutral port, which could serve as a free dépôt for Polish commerce.

Regarding the future Franco-German frontiers, the *Echo de Paris* understands that Germany will have to destroy the fortifications on the right bank of the Rhine as a guarantee of France's security.

As regards the left bank, it seems, the *Echo de Paris* remarks, that the Allies will occupy it until the war indemnity has been paid.

ACTION OF GERMAN CABINET.

A Reuter's Copenhagen telegram of Monday says:—A telegram from Berlin of to-day's date says that, in view of Marshal Foch's request for fresh negotiations on the Danzig question, the Cabinet yesterday decided to invite the Party leaders of the National Assembly to come to Berlin on April 2nd to take part in the deliberations, thus guaranteeing agreement between the Cabinet and the parties.

COLLAPSE OF A LIVERPOOL WAREHOUSE.

UNKNOWN FATE OF WORKMEN.

FEARED LOSS OF TWELVE LIVES.

An old Liverpool warehouse, used for Government food storage purposes, and filled practically to its utmost capacity, collapsed yesterday afternoon, in one of the busiest thoroughfares near the river front. Its fall imprisoned a number of workmen engaged in the building. How many there were is not yet known. Probably when the work of salvage is completed it will be found that there were 20 on the premises, but at 9 o'clock last night, so great was the pressure of the building *débris* and tons of foodstuffs, that the large rescue party, composed of police and sailors, had not secured one of the buried victims. One unhappy man had been reached in the basement, where he was working along with six others. He was alive, and spoke to a constable, who managed to get to him. Pinned by a heavy beam, he could not be rescued, and brandy was administered, in the hopes of keeping him alive until he could be freed. Of the rest, all was known of them was that they lay somewhere beneath the huge pile of mingled bricks, broken beams, grain, and cement, many hundreds of tons in weight. Whether they are alive is at best problematical. Hopes are, indeed, slender.

The catastrophe happened at half-past two, when the warehouse suddenly gave way. It started near the top, and roof floors, walls, and contents tumbled down, forming a huge heap of rubbish piled three stories high. Of the people in its interior only one man could be seen. He fell from an upper floor, and was on the top of the *débris*, being got away with difficulty, and taken to the Northern Hospital. Along with him were removed the driver of a motor lorry which, with its trailer, was caught in the fall, and remains imprisoned.

EFFORTS AT RESCUE.

Ascertaining that seven workmen had been engaged in the basement, the Fire Brigade tunnelled through from the cellar of the adjoining warehouse in the hopes of reaching them, but found their way blocked by stored goods and masonry. An attempt was then made from the opposite side, behind the bank of the British West Africa, and from this point they discovered the workman previously mentioned. He was in a standing position, surrounded by sacks, and his legs imprisoned by a beam. He gave his name as Dunn, and stated that six of his companions were further back in the fall. He was later extricated, being only slightly injured.

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SIR DOUGLAS HAIG.

The Press Association's Special Correspondent at Brussels telegraphed yesterday:—Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig arrived this morning from Cologne, and proceeded to the Royal Palace. He left again in the afternoon by special train for Quievrain.

LORD FRENCH VISITS THE KING.

The King's visitors yesterday included Viscount French and the Earl of Derby.

The Bank of England is to-day distributing some £25,000,000 in the form of half-yearly dividends on the earlier issues of War Bonds. The Chancellor appeals for their re-investment in some of the present Government Securities.

NATIONAL REVENUE.

RETURNS FOR THE YEAR.

GIGANTIC FIGURES.

BIG INCOME TAX YIELD.

The Treasury returns of the total revenue of the United Kingdom and the total expenditure chargeable against revenue for the financial year ended March 31st, 1919, show:—

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
1918-'19	£889,020,825	£2,579,361,188

Compared with the preceding financial year, the revenue shows a net increase of £181,786,050 and expenditure a decrease of £116,920,217.

Revenue is nearly £47,000,000 in excess of the Budget estimate, and expenditure over £398,000,000 below the estimate.

INCREASES IN REVENUE.

The principal increases under the different heads of revenue during the last twelve months, as against the receipts for the year 1917-18, are, in round figures, in:—

Excess Profits Duty—64¼ millions.
Property and Income Tax—51¼ millions.
Customs—3½ millions.
Excise—2½ millions.

DECREASES.

Estate Duties were £1,400,000 down.
House Duty, Land Tax, and Land Value Duties yielded slightly less than the preceding year.

INCOME TAX YIELD.

The most prolific source of revenue was the Income Tax, which produced £291,000,000, closely followed by Excess Profits Tax, with £285,000,000.

THE WESTPORT OUTRAGE.

DEATH OF MR. MILLING, R.M.

CHIEF SECRETARY'S SYMPATHY.

The latest details with reference to the shooting of Mr. J. C. Milling, Resident Magistrate, Westport, state that about 11 o'clock on Saturday night he went into the drawingroom to put forward the clock to summer time. The window blinds were drawn up, and almost immediately after he entered the room four shots were fired from the street quite close to the window. Two of the shots took effect, the bullet of one lodging in Mr. Milling's shoulder and the other in his abdomen. He struggled into another room, and shots were again discharged at him, but none of them struck him.

Captain Scott, the local District Inspector of Constabulary, on hearing of the occurrence, visited Mr. Milling, and had him put to bed, after which he proceeded to make inquiries. The street was then quiet, and his efforts to obtain information concerning the outrage proved fruitless. Dr. Gordon, the police surgeon, was summoned from Dublin, and on Sunday morning the doctor, accompanied by a nurse, left for Westport. On his arrival Dr. Gordon found, after making an examination of Mr. Milling, that his case was hopeless. His death occurred shortly afterwards.

It is stated that an inquest will be held to-day.

The late Mr. Milling was appointed a Resident Magistrate in 1915. Before that he served as a District Inspector in the Royal Irish Constabulary, and was stationed successively at Derrygonnelly, Ballyshannon, Ballymena, and Belfast.

MESSAGE FROM THE CHIEF SECRETARY.

The following message of sympathy was wired yesterday by the Chief Secretary to Mrs. Milling:—

"Mrs. Milling, Westport—I deeply sympathise with you in your sad bereavement. The Irish Government has lost the services of a valued official, and deplores the brutal circumstances under which he met his death while manfully carrying out his duty.—IAN MACPHERSON, Chief Secretary."

CRIME DENOUNCED AT CASTLEBAR.

In connection with the shooting of Mr.

PARLIAMENT.

(CONTINUED FROM COLUMN 7, PAGE 5.)

...r naval power alone, apart from economic ...l financial sources, we had sufficient power ...o impose on Germany the observance of the last word of the Peace Treaty. The bill was ...remature. No case had been presented showing that the War Office had made any serious effort in the direction of voluntary recruiting.

MR. CLYNES.

Mr. Clynes said that Sir Edward Carson was one of the last men who should throw out taunts against any party on the ground of their patriotism. It might, when the full authoritative story was told of why the Germans chose August, 1914, for the beginning of the war, be found that it had some connection with the condition of things created by the right hon. gentleman. (Cheers.) Having won the war, the question was, whether we should not now return to the voluntary principle which was departed from only for a supreme purpose, and as a temporary necessity. No section had been so badly treated as our soldiers. If our difficulties and dangers were as great as was represented by Mr. Churchill, he had only to make it known, and he would get the necessary men. It was not too late yet to try to secure an army by offering attractive conditions. It was not fair that, while so many millions had been released, so large a number should be retained in the Army against their will. There were men receiving more money for doing nothing than our soldiers received for service in foreign lands. What was the Government's policy with regard to Russia? An army was no defence against Bolshevism, which was an idea. The bill was a breach of faith with the electorate. It perpetuated the vicious principle of compulsory service, and it unfairly discriminated between those now in the Army and those who had left it.

Major Tryon said that the bill was an attempt to bridge the gap between conscription and the voluntary Armies of the future.

Mr. Wedgwood said that the result of his election in West Leyton was due mainly to this bill, and to the belief of the electorate that they had been deliberately deceived. The turnover was mainly among women and absent voters. The Government had not sought an alternative to conscription, because they did not want an alternative.

Major Jameson supported the bill.

Mr. J. Parkinson said he believed that the necessary men could have been got by voluntary means.

Mr. MacQuisten maintained that the bill was necessary for victory.

MR. CHURCHILL.

Mr. Churchill said that he had heard hardly one new argument from those who opposed the measure. He regretted that the overwhelming array of arguments in favour of the bill had not had more impression on them. One new point had, however, been made as to the cost of the Army of occupation. He would give a few figures on the financial aspect, separating the cost of the Army of occupation from the terminal charges of winding up the war. The estimates for 1919-20 for the Army and Air Force were 506½ millions. The gratuities which fell due for payment to the officers and men during the financial year were 65 millions; winding up munition contracts, 39 millions; completion of works, 7 millions. The cost of bringing over demobilised troops was 25 millions. The cost of the enforced maintenance of larger numbers than those included in the strict limits of the Army of occupation amounted to 75 millions. Bounties to recruits in the voluntary Army represented four millions. The cost of the salvage Army and men engaged in the work of demobilisation was 48 millions. Then there remained on our hands a number of sick and wounded who would cost 12 millions. Medals would cost 2½ millions; plain clothes given to the soldiers on discharge, six millions; the restitution of property taken over by the Government during the war, six millions; maintenance of prisoners of war, four millions. These figures totalled 253¼ millions, unavoidable terminal charges—exactly half the 506½ millions. Against that they had appropriations in aid, of 50 millions. That brought the cost of the Army of occupation down to 203 million pounds. On a pre-war Army, Air Force, and Royal Naval Air Force would cost, on the basis of present pay, 57 millions. Therefore, the true comparison was not 506 against 50 millions (the cost of these Forces in 1913), but 203 millions against 57 millions. If they deducted the charges which they were entitled to receive from Germany, which ranked very high in priority of claim, and ran a much better chance of being paid than much more ambitious claims which figured lower on the list, these were calculated to amount to 70 millions. Therefore, the net cost of the Army of occupation would be 133 millions, as compared with 1,500 millions net expenditure on the Army, Navy, and Ministry of Munitions in the last twelve months of the war. Therefore, they had reduced expenditure to one-tenth of what it was a few months ago. The amount to be recovered and realised by salvage and other matters was calculated as two or three times over the cost of the Army of occupation during the present year. None of these results could be obtained if they threw away their chance of civil...y. One hon. member (Major Hayward) had suggested that the money could be obtained under the Act fixing the termination of the war, but that was far less straightforward and far more drastic than anything the Government were proposing. Was it really suggested that we had not got back to the normal return to a state of peace? Germany and Austria were in an attitude of defiance and despair, threatening at one moment refusal to acquiesce in the peace terms, and at another moment threatening to bring about hopeless anarchy by alliance with the Bolsheviks. Hungary had already broken the terms of the armistice and defied the Allies. Bulgaria had made military movements in the last few weeks to strengthen her forces in the neighbourhood of Rumania, in a manner which had caused very significant comment. It had been necessary to stop demobilisation and reinforce the troops in Egypt. We were not going to keep an Army on the Rhine merely as a debt-collecting agency. The Prime Minister had stated very explicitly that but for the one seeing the state of the world, could grudge the British Government and the Allies the possession of moderate military force to exact compliance with the terms of peace passed his comprehension.

AFTER DEMOBILISATION.

He would give some approximate figures of our Forces. It was contemplated, when demobilisation was over, keeping in Great Britain, 176,000 men; in Ireland, 44,000; in France, for clearing up work, 10,000; in Germany, on the Rhine, 264,000; in Italy, 10,000. That force in Italy was being kept at the request and desire of the Italians and Jugo-Slavs to prevent local conflicts. Then there would be in Egypt, Palestine, Mesopotamia, and Caucasus 75,000. That force, he hoped, might be reduced substantially in the near future. They were not fighting, but went into territories to expel the Turks and Germans, and were trying to keep the people from flying at each other's throats until the Paris Conference reached a final conclusion. In Mesopotamia we were keeping 30,000 men; in India, our regular garrison, between 60,000 and 70,000; in Egypt and Palestine about 61,000. There were in defined ports of North Russia and Siberia about 20,000. These totalled 859,000 British troops. Of these 206,000 were not fighting men. Therefore, to keep the British Empire and these island safe, to keep the peace of Europe, and to see the fulfilment of the terms of peace, we had 650,000 men. No ordinary prudent business man would consider that as over-insurance. It would be impossible to get 850,000 men by voluntary means before the Peace Treaty was signed. They obtained only 70,000 new recruits and re-enlisted men, and 6,000 men of the Army of the Rhine had signed on for another year. Whatever they did, they would not get all the men required by voluntary means.

Captain Wedgwood Benn opposed the bill as committing the country to a greater military preparation than they were justified in undertaking. He said that if we continued this mad race of armaments the League of Nations would, in fact, become a farce, and the prospect of universal peace would vanish. The voluntary system had not been fully tried. This bill was a step in a course that would rob us of the fruits of victory. It was a prop to a policy that would "shut the gates of mercy on mankind."

Mr. Bonar Law moved the closure of the debate.

The motion was carried by 283 votes to 61.

The House then divided on the main question, when there voted:—

For the third reading	232
Against	14
Majority for third reading	218

The bill was then read a third time.

RENT RESTRICTION BILL.

The House considered the Lords' further amendments to the Increase of Rent and Mortgage Interest (Restrictions) Bill.

Mr. Clyde explained that the early passage of the bill was necessary if it was to become law at all. On the amendment insisting on the limiting of the rent charged on houses let furnished, he moved to agree with the Lords' amendment, subject to a further amendment exempting houses let for two months in the holiday season. He thought it would be a hardship to bring such lettings within the scope of the bill.

Mr. Clynes and Mr. Adamson objected to the Lord Advocate's further amendment, saying that they preferred the original amendment of the Lords. There had, they said, been much profiteering in the letting of wholly or partial furnished houses.

Mr. Clyde said that he did not agree that the amendment was an effective remedy, but if the House wished he would withdraw his further amendment.

The Lord Advocate's amendment was then withdrawn, and the Lords' amendment was agreed to.

The other amendments were accepted.

ARMY COUNCIL BILL.

Mr. Fowler moved the second reading of the Army Council Bill. He proposed, when the bill went into Committee, to make certain amendments or alterations which experience had proved to be necessary.

Mr. Clynes said that the Labour Party would offer the strongest opposition to Clause 12, which provided that any person who attempted to cause disaffection among any of the Military Forces should be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years. He said that this clause appeared to have been lifted from the Defence of the Realm Acts. It raised very vital, and in some respects very sore, questions of individual freedom. The position was different now from what it was when the country was in danger. Any offence could be dealt with under the ordinary law.

Major E. Haywood said he hoped that the Government would consider the question of abolishing Field Punishment No. 1.

Mr. J. H. Thomas said that he feared that Clause 12 would be unconsciously violated every hour of the day by one soldier or another. It would be highly dangerous to attempt to enforce it. It could not strengthen discipline, but might utterly destroy it and break up the Army. His also appealed for the abolition of Field Punishment No. 1.

Colonel Ashley also criticised Clause 12, remarking that the punishments proposed in it appeared to be savage and vindictive.

Mr. O'Grady declared that Clause 12 was intolerable.

Mr. C. White said that, if Clause 12 were law, he would be qualified for two years' imprisonment for statements he had made about Army methods.

Mr. Wignall appealed to the Government to withdraw Clause 12.

Major Courthope said that, if Field Punishment No. 1 did not exist, many more death sentences would have to be passed by courts-martial for offences in the face of the enemy.

Mr. A. Smith characterised Field Punishment No. 1 as a barbarous form of punishment. Clause 12, he said, was drawn too harshly.

Mr. T. Shaw said that he would oppose the operation of the bill if it was passed in its present form. He asked for the withdrawal of Clause 12 and of Field Punishment No. 1.

Mr. Acland opposed Clause 12.

Mr. Harold Smith, Mr. Billing, Mr. MacMaster, and Mr. J. Jones criticised Clause 12 adversely.

Colonel Archer-Shee said he thought that the two years' imprisonment should include hard labour.

Mr. Forster replied that he would discuss the points raised with the Secretary for War before the Committee stage was reached. The language of Clause 12 was, perhaps, unnecessarily wide.

The bill was read a second time.

PROPORTIONAL REPRESENTATION.

Mr. Bonar Law, in reply to Mr. Bottomley, said that his attention had been called to the recent demonstration in Edinburgh of the counting of votes on the principle of proportional representation, in connection with which 5,000 ballot papers were issued, the result of the poll being—Bottomley 1, Lloyd George 2, Hogge 3, Balfour 4, and Asquith 5. In spite of the result, the Government were not prepared to fall in with the suggestion of the hon. member, and adopt the principle of proportional representation. (Laughter.)

Mr. Bottomley asked if that decision had been arrived at in consequence of the fact that, by some fate, some colleagues of the right hon. gentleman, were much further down in the ballot.

Mr. Bonar Law—I am sure the Government were not influenced by that fact, or by the fact that my hon. friend was at the head of it. (Laughter.)

APRIL BANK HOLIDAY.

Answering Mr. Rolands, who asked if arrangements would be made in the Easter holidays for the banks to be closed on Saturday, 19th April, so that the staffs might have an unbroken holiday from Thursday to Tuesday, Mr. Austen Chamberlain said that he would consider that suggestion if it was brought before him by the banks.

AIR FORCE STATIONS.

Mr. Pratt informed Sir Arthur Fell that it was estimated that forty stations would be required permanently for Royal Air Force purposes when the armistice was concluded. The policy adopted was to abandon landing grounds, and stop work on stations under construction wherever possible. Work had been stopped on 128 stations. In arriving at this figure account had been taken of the requirements for temporary storage and for civil aviation, as well as permanent Royal Air Force requirements.

COMMITTEE ON COURTMARTIAL PROCEDURE.

Captain Guest, in reply to Mr. Bottomley, said that the Committee appointed to consider courts-martial procedure was as follows:—Mr. Justice Darling (Chairman), General the Earl of Cavan, Mr. Horatio Bottomley, M.P.; Lord Hugh Cecil, Major Christopher Lowther, M.P.; Mr. A. Hopkinson, M.P.; Mr. S. Walsh, M.P.; Major-General F. W. Child, Deputy Adjutant-General; Sir Felix Cassel, Judge Advocate-General; Brigadier-General G. E. S. Mellor, Deputy Judge Advocate-General. The terms of reference were:—To inquire into the rules and procedure regulating courts-martial in time of peace and war, and to make recommendations.

SALARIES OF CIVIL SERVANTS.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain informed Mr. Campbell that the recommendations of the Inter-Departmental Committee which had considered the question of the salaries and pensions of civil servants had been approved by His Majesty's Government, and that steps were being taken to submit proposals for the establishment of joint bodies for the administrative departments to a conference of representatives of departments and of the staff associations to be held early next week. He had already received a deputation from the Association of Retired Civil Servants as to pensions.

IMPERIAL POLICY.

Major O'Neill asked the Prime Minister whether any steps were being taken to carry out the recommendations contained in the ninth resolution of the Imperial War Conference of 1917, to the effect that the readjustment of the constitutional relations of the various parts of the Empire should form the subject of an Imperial Conference after the war.

Mr. Bonar Law, who replied, said that his hon. and gallant friend would realise that all the Governments of the Empire were preoccupied with the great problems of peace, and were not in a position to consider general constitutional problems at present. The Prime Minister would, no doubt, have an opportunity, when the Dominion colleagues returned to their respective Dominions, of consulting them as to the most convenient time and method of giving effect to that resolution.

NEW BILLS.

The following bills were brought in and read a first time:—

Mr. Shortt (Home Secretary)—A bill to continue and extend the provisions of the Aliens (Restrictions) Act, 1914.

Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Guinness—A bill to make further provision for the Protection of Animals from Cruelty.

The House rose at 11 o'clock.

THE EGYPTIAN RIOTS.

Replying to a question by Colonel Wedgwood in the House of Commons yesterday,

Mr. Cecil Harmsworth said that the attention of His Majesty's Government must, for the present, be concentrated upon the restoration of law and order in Egypt, and he was unable to state whether a Commission of Inquiry would be despatched or not. He should like to make it clear that His Majesty's Government intended to institute, at the earliest possible moment, the fullest inquiry into the causes and extent of the disturbances.

LABOUR CONDITIONS IN THE TEXTILE TRADE.

Mr. Wardle, replying to Mr. Devlin in the House of Commons yesterday, said that there was an order in the textile trades joint bodies of employers and employed, who had under consideration the questions of wages, hours, and condition of labour. He did not think that the suggested Commission was necessary at the present time.

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

The censorship of Press messages within the Australian Commonwealth is to be discontinued.

The death occurred yesterday at Rowley Hall, Stafford, at the age of 54, of Mr. E. B. Dobell, a well-known racehorse owner.

All the newspapers re-appeared in Madrid on Sunday. The situation has appreciably improved.

The death is announced at Adelaide, Australia, on March 21st, of Sir Edward Stirling, Professor of Physiology at Adelaide University.

Sir James Galloway has relinquished his duties as Chief Commissioner of Medical Services at the Ministry.

Mr. Gompers, and other delegates sent to Europe by the American Federation of Labour, left Plymouth last night for New York.

Cardinal Amette left Rome yesterday. His Eminence discussed with the Pope the resumption of the relations between France and the Vatican.

A telegram from St. John's, Newfoundland, states that the seal fishing this season has been a virtual failure. The catch is the smallest for a century.

Princess Ileana, daughter of the Queen of Rumania, who has been confined to her room in Buckingham Palace suffering from a cold, was much better yesterday.

Sir Thomas Lipton has arrived at New York to inspect the Shamrock IV., which has been housed in South Brooklyn yards since the beginning of the war.

A Melbourne telegram, dated March 19, states:—The Federal Government is cabling to urge Mr. Hughes to press for Germany's newest Emden as a war trophy for Australia.

The Food Controller has issued a licence permitting the sale of chocolate and other sweetmeats for Easter eggs or toys or other like articles, between April 8th and April 23rd, free from all restriction.

GUINNESS' FIRST-CLASS CLERKSHIPS.

Candidates should note that pupils of ROSSE COLLEGE, Stephen's Green, Dublin, gained all the Appointments at the last exam., and more than two-thirds of the Appointments at the 5 preceding examinations.—(Advt.)

NURSES' GRIEVANCES.

MEETING OF IRISH ASSOCIATION.

TRADE UNIONISM DISAPPROVED.

A public meeting for the purpose of considering the present position of Irish nurses was held in the Examination Hall of the Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, yesterday evening. There was a good attendance, over which the President of the College, Mr. J. B. Story, presided.

The Chairman said that he was sure that the feeling in Ireland was that anything that could be done to improve the condition and ameliorate the drawbacks under which nurses worked would be of great benefit to the whole community, as well as to the nurses themselves.

Miss Reeves, President of the Irish Nurses' Association proposed—"That the present condition of nurses calls for improvement." She said that the hours of work of nurses varied from 60 to 70 hours per week, and a 56 hours' week seemed to her a reasonable time to ask. The conditions of training also varied. In some instances a fee of £50 was charged, while in others it was from £15 to £30, but an agreement was entered into by which a nurse gave a year or a year and a half to the hospital at a very small salary at the end of her three years' training.

HARSH CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT.

During training the salaries varied from £4 to £10 in the first year, £6 to £12 in the second year, £8 to £14 in the third year, and about £20 in the fourth year. The fee was high and the pay low, and she therefore urged the abolition of the entrance fee, the granting of the certificate immediately the training is completed, and the agreement to serve the hospital for a year or a year and a half. Nurses in hospital had grave and serious responsibilities, and many difficulties to contend with, and should receive adequate salaries. District nursing, which was one of the most difficult and trying branches of the profession, called for numerous workers at the salary of £120 a year, out of which a nurse had to pay for board and fire and light, and in many cases lodgings, leaving a very small salary for very hard work. Nurses working under the Poor Law had trying conditions, which called for consideration. She understood that for almost every Poor Law appointment there were numbers of applicants, and as long as women were competing for poor conditions so long would conditions remain poor. Private nurses had a matter of fees and hours practically in their own hands, but she would hesitate to advise them to rigidly fix the number of hours that they were willing to work, as conditions varied so much. Yet she would ask the public for their consideration for them that they might be served. The public had the right to demand the highest efficiency, and the nurses should be prepared to meet that demand. Only by giving proper training and proper conditions during training, and also just pay when nurses had acquired it, could this be attained. She asked for consideration of these points just as much in the interests of the sick and suffering as in the interests of the nurses.

Nurse M'Laughlin, who seconded the resolution, said she thought the general feeling was that nurses were not out to earn their own living, but in the majority of cases they did. She hoped all nurses would unite and take an interest in their profession.

The motion was passed unanimously.

Dr. Craig proposed—"That the provision of efficient nurses is an essential part of the proposed reorganisation of public health." He said that under the new Act more trained nurses would be required, and nurses must get more liberty and remuneration.

Sister Tomb having seconded the resolution, it was passed.

On the motion of Sir Arthur Chance, seconded by Mrs. Mortished, it was resolved to call a meeting of nurses and women engaged in hospital work, irrespective of what association they belonged to, to elect a committee to represent the whole nursing profession to consider the position of Irish nurses.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman concluded the proceedings.

PORT OF DUBLIN.

QUARTERLY RETURNS TO MARCH 31.

The following quarterly digest of exports of porter, whiskey and live stock from Dublin is compiled from official data, together with the number of live stock shipped from all other Irish places of embarkation. The figures, standing side by side as they do with the corresponding returns of the same period in each year, sufficiently convey their own comparative significance.

EXPORTS OF PORTER.

The shipments of porter from Dublin for the past three months and corresponding period of previous three years by the various city brewing firms were as under:—

	1919. Hhds.	1918. Hhds.	1917. Hhds.	1916. Hhds.
Guinness and Co.	98,016	92,652	86,580	127,756
Watkins, Jameson, and Co.	535	953	2,182	2,066
Mountjoy Brewery	339	173	2,379	943
D'Arcy and Sons	74	229	1,015	677
Others	—	3,711	—	—
Total	99,364	97,918	91,156	131,244

In addition to above, just 15,000 casks and a few hundred barrels of bottled stout were also shipped during past quarter.

EXPORTS OF WHISKEY.

The shipments of whiskey for the three months ending March in each year were as follow:—

	Pns.	Butts.	Hhds.	Cks.	Q-Cks.	Octs.	Kegs.
1919	135	156	544	587	65	41	14
1918	620	214	661	978	63	16	8
1917	351	236	494	799	156	10	8
1916	135	255	535	749	316	14	15

Also exported in bottles, jars, etc., for the past three months about 15,500 gallons whiskey, against 26,096 gallons for 1918, 33,486 gallons for 1917, and 28,930 gallons for 1916.

EXPORTS OF LIVE STOCK.

In these returns of live stock military horses are not included.

FROM DUBLIN.	Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.	Horses.
1919	20,599	29,410	35,794	1,477
1918	69,927	25,853	35,461	943
1917	71,925	24,098	36,699	387
1916	49,746	22,894	29,506	446

EXPORTS FROM ALL OTHER IRISH PORTS OF EMBARKATION.	Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.	Horses.
1919	83,361	34,577	24,979	1,930
1918	68,346	17,346	34,665	1,799
1917	105,814	28,602	44,776	804
1916	97,068	25,166	32,250	876

The total shipments from all Irish ports for the corresponding period of each year being:—

	Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.	Horses.
1919	159,503	67,987	67,783	3,544
Or a total of 261,262 animals (including goats, colts and asses).				
1918	149,015	47,661	73,616	2,794
Or a total of 270,795 animals (including goats, colts, and asses).				
1917	149,264	46,700	75,970	1,639
Or a total of 273,687 animals (including goats, colts, and asses).				
1916	160,987	48,060	69,947	1,602
Or a total of 280,056 animals (including goats, colts, and asses).				

ROLL OF HONOUR.

Last night's casualty lists give the names of 88 men dead and three wounded or missing.

OTHER RANKS.

IRISHMEN AND MEN IN IRISH REGIMENTS ONLY.

All are privates except where otherwise shown. The town shown after each soldier's name is the home of his next-of-kin, except where followed by the abbreviation "Enlt.," when it is his place of enlistment.

NOW REPORTED KILLED.

KING'S ROYAL RIFLE CORPS.—Murphy, 54333 T. (Cundorrat).

DIED.

ROYAL GARRISON ARTILLERY.—Robinson, 252343 (Lad. J. (Waterford).

ROYAL IRISH REGIMENT.—Doyle, 9816 J. (Carlow); Dunne, 26592 V. (Kildare).

ROYAL MUNSTER FUSILIERS.—Casey, 7846 D. (Castlotownroche).

MISSING.

ROYAL INNISKILLING FUSILIERS.—Anderson, 27596 R. (Letterkenny).

THREATENED STRIKE AT PORTRANE ASYLUM.

STATEMENT BY THE LORD MAYOR.

With reference to the notice served by the nurses and attendants of the Portrane Asylum that they would withdraw their labour this morning at 10 o'clock if the recent decision of a 56-hour week was not then put into operation, we are requested by the Lord Mayor of Dublin to lay the following facts before the public:—

A Sub-Committee on the 27th February prepared a scheme for a 56-hour week; their report thereto was a very full and complex document. This report was submitted to the full meeting of the Joint Committee on the 20th March, when it was then adopted. However, in the interval between the 27th February and the 20th March all anticipatory steps were taken to carry it into effect before the formal and necessary concurrence of the full Board was obtained. Advertisements were inserted in all the papers of the city of Dublin and other papers circulating in the districts. It will thus be seen that everything possible was done to carry the scheme into effect with as little delay as possible, but it will be easily understood that an undertaking of such magnitude would involve some time, procuring the extra staff, providing accommodation for them, necessary furniture, keys, etc. This unavoidable delay was anticipated in the report which was adopted by the Joint Committee, and, so far as could be inferred, the staff seemed generally pleased and grateful, and there was at the time no whisper of discontent at this arrangement until a peremptory notice was served on the Medical Superintendent on last Saturday morning.

The Lord Mayor wishes to impress on the public that this course is wholly unwarranted and unjustifiable, and he is confident that he can look to the support of the public in meeting so improper an attitude. He has directed that the relatives of the patients shall be notified of the position with a view to their affording such assistance as may be within their power, and he is confident that no sympathy will be given to a strike which imperils the lives and health of a large number of human beings.

The Lord Mayor wishes further to recall to the public mind that when a deputation from the Trades Council recently waited on the Joint Committee to advocate the adoption of a 56-hour week the members of the deputation disclaimed in a most emphatic way any sympathy with a strike in an asylum and said that the Trades Council dissociated themselves from any such measure which might lead to suffering amongst the patients. They emphasised the fact that they were as much interested in the welfare of the patients as in securing for the staff reasonable hours of duty.

We understand that, at a meeting of the Asylum Workers' Association at Portrane yesterday, it was decided to postpone any strike for the present.

LONDONDERRY STRIKE SITUATION.

THE BAKERIES TO CLOSE DOWN.

The strike situation in Londonderry underwent no change yesterday, except that in the gradual exhaustion of coal supplies its effects are being more widely felt. The stocks in the various yards have run very low, and there have been no more arrivals of coal to discharge the two cargoes lying at the quay. Measures have been taken by the police to prevent any attempts to seize the cargoes. Mr. W. J. McNulty, the delegate of the Dockers' and Carters' Union, returned on Saturday from London, where he had an interview with the General Secretary, Mr. Sexton, M.P., who assured him that the award of the Committee on Production did apply to carters, and that there had been efforts to reopen negotiations. It was thought that during the week-end the Mayor would have intervened to bring about a settlement, but, as he had not been approached by either side, he evidently did not regard the time as opportune.

The Belfast boat service has been suspended owing to the coal shortage. In view of the impossibility of getting coke, through the action of the strike pickets in preventing its cartage from the gas yard, the bakeries have given notice to their employees. Similar action has been given by many other establishments, and the ice-curing firms have resorted to half-time. Another effect of the strike yesterday was the closing of several schools, the coal supply having run out.

DUBLIN LABOUR DISPUTES.

As the Lord Mayor has promised to raise the question of the demands for increased wages and reduced hours of the labourers employed at the Custom House Docks department of the Dublin Port and Docks Board at Thursday's meeting of the Board, the men have deferred taking action on their strike notices, which expired on Saturday last.

The Commission which sat in England in connection with the wages and hours of dock labourers is to visit Ireland next week and hold sittings in Dublin.

The Grocers' and Vintners' Assistants' Union in Dublin will hold a general meeting on Thursday to consider their policy in regard to their demand for 33½ per cent. increase in wages.

In connection with the Co. Dublin agricultural labourers' demands for an increase of 18s. a week, bringing the standard to 50s. for a 44-hour week, the employers offered an increase of 3s. a week on present rates, all other conditions to remain as at present. This offer was rejected at a meeting of delegates of the branches of the I.T. and G.W. Union last night, but it is understood a further conference will be held on Monday. About 7,000 labourers are involved.

CIVIL SERVANTS AND BONUS.

At a meeting of Belfast Civil Servants in the Ulster Minor Hall to urge claims for increase in war bonus commensurate with increased cost of living,

Mr. J. P. Kelleher (Customs and Excise), presiding, said that five Belfast members of Parliament had written regretting inability to be present, but expressing sympathy and offering every possible help. He added that amounts of war bonus already received were utterly inadequate, but that the efforts to remedy the grievance would be entirely constitutional.

Mr. J. Lynch (Customs and Excise) proposed the following resolution:—

That, according to the latest Board of Trade returns, as the cost of living has increased by 126 per cent., while the war bonus granted to civil servants only ranges from 70 to 100 per cent., therefore we, the Civil Servants of Belfast, demand an immediate increase of bonus to fully compensate us for the increased cost of living, the sovereign, such bonus to be merged in salary.

Mr. R. English (Postal Telegraphs) seconding said that for the first two and a-half years of war civil servants received no bonus, and that the Government, busy trying to solve labour questions in the outside world, were neglecting their own household.

An addendum proposed by Mr. Lynn was declined by the Chairman.

The resolution was passed, copies to be sent to the Prime Minister, local members of Parliament, and the Central Executive of the Civil Servants' Alliance.

THE CHURCH OF IRELAND.

The Archbishop of Dublin will hold a Confirmation Service on Saturday next at 11.30 o'clock in the Parish Church of St. Andrew's, Malahide, for the parishes of Malahide, Balbriggan, Balrothery, Clonmethan, Donabate, Holmpatrick, Kenure, Lusk, and Swords.

The Church of Ireland is not alone in suffering from a shortage of clergy. The position in the Church of England is becoming exceedingly serious, as only 330 deacons were admitted to Holy Orders at the recent Lent Ordinations. So urgent has this matter become that it has been determined to conduct a campaign in all the dioceses on behalf of the movement for recruiting the ranks of the clergy. The Rev. W. E. Holland, who is the head of the recruiting staff, will visit the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge and most of the Cathedral cities of the North and Midlands.

The Revs. T. W. H. Drury, rector of Raheny, and N. L. Roberts, curate of St. Matthias's, have been co-opted members of the Committee of the Dublin University Fuh-Kien Mission.

Owing to the appointment of the late Secretary of the Hibernian Auxiliary of the Colonial and Continental Church Society to the Incumbency of Balbriggan, that secretaryship is now vacant.

R.I.C. CADETSHIPS.

Examination to take place shortly.

50 of the 78 Appointments offered at the last 21 examinations, including 15 First Places, were obtained by Students of KERRY'S COLLEGE, 76 Stephen's Green, Dublin.—(Advt.)

A Sydney telegram, dated March 20th, states that the Farmers' and Settlers' Association is dissatisfied with the promised guarantee of 6/2d. per bushel of wheat, and say that nothing below 6/6d. per bushel will be sufficient.

The Best Cocoa—Brain and Body Builder—FRONNE'S SURE HOUSEHOLD COCOA.—(Advt.)

Fashionable Intelligence

The Marquis and Marchioness of Sligo arrived at Westport last Saturday from London.

Lady Eva Wyndham-Quin has arrived in London from Castletown, Carrick-on-Suir.

Sir Plunket Barton has arrived in London from Dublin.

Lady Talbot Power has left Kingstown for London.

Sir William Fry returned to Dublin last week from London.

The marriage arranged between John J. Ryan, D.L. (late 16th Lancers), of Scartcon, Knocklong, and Anita, eldest daughter of the late M. J. Purcell, of Burton Park, Buttevant, will take place quietly at Churchtown on April 24th.

The marriage arranged between Captain Evelyn C. W. FitzHerbert, D.S.C., R.A.F., and Miss Enid Woolbright will take place on Tuesday, April 8th at 1.30 p.m., at St. Peter's, Cranley Gardens, London. All friends will be welcome at the church.

A marriage is arranged, and will take place this month, between Captain Ivan George, second son of Mr. C. H. Denroche, of Glenfield, Bray, and Flora Louise, eldest daughter of the late Mr. Arthur Dudgeon, of Northbank, Watford, Herts.

Mr. D. Doolin has left 9 Upper Fitzwilliam street until April 8th.

Lieutenant-Colonel de Courcy Wheeler's Hospital for Officers, 32 and 33 Upper Fitzwilliam street, which has been open since 1914, is now closed.

Booking has started well for "Lady Huntworth's Experiment" and "My Friend the Prince" next week in the Gaiety Theatre. They are being played by very strong casts, and both plays will be well worth a visit.

New Millinery Ribbons in spots, checks, and wool effects, in the new season's colourings.—Switzer's, Grafton street.

Young Ladies' Evening, Afternoon, and Dancing Frocks, 29s. 6d., 39s. 6d., 49s. 6d.—At Holmes', George's street.

No matter what kind of Hat you may require you can get it at Kellett's, George's street and Exchequer street, at right prices.

Robert and Co., Ltd., invite early inspection of their Spring Millinery. Some very exceptional models are now available.—Grafton street, Dublin.

Siberian Fur Co., 3 Grafton street, have received a large selection of Latest Costume Materials. Costumes can be had at shortest notice at very moderate prices.

New Costume in putty gabertine, coat finished with fringed stoles at sides, copies from 10 guineas, at Slyne's, 71 Grafton street.

Arrivals at Kingstown per Royal Mail Steamer, 31st March, 1919.—Admiral Tupper, Major Gunning, Dr. T. Drew, Colonel Hamilton, Major Hamilton, Major-General Ward, Lieut. H. M. Harvey, Hon. Mrs. Hugh O'Neill, Lieut. G. Hughes O'Neill, Capt. Langton, Major Lane, Major Mallock, Lieut. Col. Herbert Dudgeon, Mr. and Mrs. David Frame, Thomas Mahon, Miss Rose Cassidy, Miss Maudley, Mrs. O. Tedcastle, Miss S. H. McLean, Miss Annie Lyons, Mrs. C. O. Andrews, Miss Betty Vance, Miss S. B. Dozier, V.A.D.; Miss Ethel Wright, Miss A. St. John Murphy, Miss Ruth Murphy, Miss Seton.

Special Display of New Costumes and Millinery this week at McBirney's.

Model Costumes, ready to wear, the newest styles, at moderate prices. All colours.—Spielman, Dawson street.

For Renovating Furs, try Siberian Fur Co.

Mourning.—Afternoon and Evening Gowns from 6½ guineas.—Davis (late Quiney's), Grafton street.

Superfluous Hair Permanently Removed. Sixteen years' complete success. Lotion. Consultation.—Prof. Kennedy, 202 Gt. Brunswick street, Dublin.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

AN IRISH SETTLEMENT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—We have had many suggestions for change in the government of Ireland. Scarcely one of them has any regard for the most striking fact in Irish life—the deep and ancient division into Catholic and Protestant, Green and Orange. By ignoring that difference we shall not abolish it, and it will bring all schemes to naught which do not take account of it.

By giving these pseudo-religious sub-nations political form Protestant Ulster would be handed over to Protestant North and Catholic North to Catholic South. Hence such recognition is the most powerful remedy possible against partition. If we can associate them on equal terms (on no other terms is association possible) in at least one House of the central Government, we have as potent an antidote to republicanism. This can only be done in one way. Geography does not help us, nor do religious tests, for it is not religious but religious difference. The old and well-tried expedient of heredity alone suggests itself. Census returns show that separate registrations of Catholic and non-Catholic is quite practicable. Once it was done, it should be easy to register the "clans" (if they may be so called) of a child's parents, as well as their names. Immigrants and children of mixed marriages would have free choice of "clan." Once a non-religious and innocuous clan distinction replaced the religious one, a true federation between Orange and Green would become possible.

This is the only province in real protection for Unionists instead of the verbal anachronism of nomination. It would permit of separate treatment by "clan" councils of questions such as primary education, where there are differing ideals between Catholic and Protestant. It would not, as an alternative to Provincial Home Rule, but is necessary even in that case to protect Ulster. Natural tendencies like those to partition and independence can only be combated by natural means.—Yours, etc.,

"CLANSMAN."

Belfast, March 31st, 1919.

THE PROTECTION OF DOGS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—May I call the attention of your readers to the fact that Sir Frederick Banbury's Dogs' Protection Bill, to exempt dogs from vivisection, has passed its second reading? It is likely to be strongly opposed by the pro-vivisectionists when it reaches the Standing Committee stage in the House of Commons. This happened in 1918, when a similar bill was defeated.

To ensure success it is essential that members of Parliament should realise that there is strong public opinion against the practice of painful experiments on dogs. I would urge upon the public that those who feel strongly on this subject should at once write personal letters to representatives in Parliament, thus bringing strong pressure upon them to support Sir Frederick Banbury's bill. There is no time to be lost, and we ought to see that this bill is backed by the whole strength of humanitarian feeling in the country.—Yours, etc.,

C. E. GRAHAME HARVEY.

2 Willow terrace, Blackrock, Co. Dublin,
March 31st, 1919.

ASTRONOMICAL NOTES FOR APRIL.

(FROM OUR ASTRONOMICAL CORRESPONDENT.)

THE PLANETS.—Mercury is still a conspicuous star at the beginning of April, and until the 8th, when he is in Superior Conjunction. Thereafter for the rest of the month he is a morning star, but rises only about half an hour before the Sun. He was very finely visible to the naked eye during the greater part of March. At Armagh he was observed every clear evening from the 11th to the 25th. On the 12th all the fine planets known to the ancient world were visible in the evening sky—viz., Mars, Mercury, Venus, Jupiter, and Saturn—in the order named. Mars, a little west of Mercury, was invisible to the naked eye against the twilight, but was easily seen with a pair of binoculars. Venus is above the horizon till after 9 p.m. at the beginning of April, and till after 10 p.m. at the end. No difficulty is found to find her, as she is the brightest object in the evening sky when the Moon is absent. Her disc is still gibbous, and her telescopic appearance uninteresting.

Mars is unobservable, setting less than an hour after the Sun. Jupiter now crosses the meridian in daylight, and at the end of the month sets only half an hour after midnight. He should, therefore, be observed as early in the evening as possible. Considerable changes have taken place in his surface detail during the past few weeks. The whole of the extensive series of markings known as the South Tropical Disturbance has disappeared, and the complicated detail which had characterised his southern hemisphere for years past has given place to one or two narrow straight belts with wide spaces between.

Saturn souths just before 9 p.m. at the beginning of the month, and soon after 7 p.m. at the end. He is at a stationary point among the stars on the 24th

FINANCIAL NEWS

DUBLIN STOCK EXCHANGE.

The operations in prices on 'Change yesterday were mostly unimportant, and although business was more general there was still an absence of brisk dealing in any direction. A feature was the fresh relapses in price of Bank of Ireland Stock on some pressure of selling in the absence of support. The further fall in Consols and Guinness were also points of interest. Rails fluctuated with Great Northern sellers at a fall of 1. Dunlop issues were quiet and idle all day. Textiles were the turn better. Marconis were the turn lower. Burke and Mooney shares remain scarce.

Banks fluctuated, but Bank of Ireland Stock gave way 1½ to 22½, and Hibernians ¼ to 5⅞, while Nationals rose ⅛ to 20⅛. Royals closed steady at 13.

Some weakness was again shown for Breweries and Distilleries usually quoted, Guinness Ord. relapsed ¼ to 35, and Dublin Distillers Ord. ½ to 55s.

Grand Canal Ord. were offered at 5½ nominally. Steam Stocks were neglected.

In Marconis, the Ord. fell 6d. to 26s., but the "Marines" rose 2s. to 27s., and Americans 1½d. to 29s. 1½d.

As regards Home Rails, Great Northern fell 1 to 86½, but Great Southern and Western rose ¼ to 75½; others show no change.

In Trams, Provincial Debs. fell ⅛ to 84½, but Dublin United Pref. repeated 10½.

Parent Tyre Shares were quiet and idle. The Def. fell 3d. to 63s. for an odd lot. The Ord. were called 24s.-24s. 3d., the Pref. 25s. 9d. to 26s., and Dunlop Rubber Ord. 5⅛, but nothing was done.

In Drapery Shares, Pim Brothers ¼ p.c. Debs. rose 2½ to 75, and Todd Burns Debs. 2s. 6d. to 82s. 6d.

Manufacturing Shares were in some request. Dyers rose 6d. to 35s. 6d., Calicos 3d. to 15s. 6d., Spinners 1½d. to 41s. 1½d., Helys Pref. 3d. to 28s. 3d., Lever Bros. 6½ p.c. "B" Pref. 1½d. to 22s., and Ross and Walpole Pref. 1s. to 15s., while White, Tomkins fell 3d. to 29s. 6d. Coats were called 71½, Denny Pref. 9½ bid, Goulding Ord. 8 bid, and Bleachers' 23s.-23s. 6d. nominally.

In Trading, etc., Thom Pref. again marked 49s., and Dublin South City Markets Debs. closed on offer at 73. Mexican Eagle Oils fell 6d. to 113s. 6d., but Sheila rose ⅛ to 8½. Vickers New fell 6d. to 37s. 6d., and Irish Packing again realised 6s.

BANK OF IRELAND.

Discount ..... 5 per cent., 5th April, 1917.
Deposit ..... 2½ per cent., 5th April, 1917.

BUSINESS DONE—

Consols .....(56½) 56
War Loan, 1925-47 .....(93) 93
5 Nat. Bonds 101
ar Bonds (1928)..99½
2½ Land Bds..(56½) 58
2½ Land Bds..(56½) 58
Local Loans 63½
Belfast Harbour..(68) 68
Dublin Stock ....(70½) 72
Dublin Corporation ..(75) 75
Rathmines Township..60
Rk. Ireland...(823) 824
Hibernians .....(5) 5
National Bk..(19½) 20
Royal Bank.....(13) 13
Dub. Dist. Ord.(51½) 50½
Guinness .....(354) 35
Do. Pref..(11½) 11½
Do. Deb. .....(84) 84
Marconi .....(5⅞) 5⅞
Do. Marine 87/-
Do. America 29/1
R.N. Rail. ...(87½) 88
R.S.W. .....(75) 75
Do. Pref. ....(75) 75
M.G.W. 4% Pref..(60) 60
Bandon 4% Deb.....
.....70⅝ ld.

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

Bank Rate (changed April 5th, 1917) ..... 5 p.c.

Yesterday being the last day of the month and the fiscal year, there were considerable displacements in the Money market to be arranged. The Loan market, however, got through with severe pressure, and though 5½ p.c. was paid for day-to-day advances during the morning, the rate came down to 3 p.c. later, and was even under that figure at the close. Weekly and longer fixtures remained at 5½ p.c. With the prospect of slacker conditions in the immediate future there was better bidding for bills in the Discount market. The general rate for three months' drafts was 5⅛ to 5⅜, and for six months' bills 5⅛ to 5¼ p.c. Short-dated Treasury bills were taken at 5¼ p.c., and occasionally at a still lower rate.

Bank Rates (Discount) changed April 5, 1917 ..... 5⅞

30 days (first)	5⅛	5⅜	
60 days	5⅛	5⅜	
3 months	5⅛	5⅜	
4 months	5⅛	5⅜	
6 months	5⅛	5⅜	
Loans to bill brokers day to day			3
do. do. for a week			3½
Deposit allowance: Banks at notice			2
do. Discount houses at call			2

Trade 4½
" 4¾
" 5
" 5½

Spot silver remained unchanged.

Foreign trading exchange rates were current:—New York cables, 4.57½ to 4.58½; Paris, 27.60 to 27.85; Amsterdam, 11.45 to 11.46; Italy, 33.50 to 34.50; Madrid, 22.85 to 23.05; Christiania, 17.83 to 17.91; Stockholm, 17.04 to 17.08; Berne, 23.00 to 23.04; Rio 90-day bills, 15¾d.; Buenos Ayres transfers, 43¼d. to 43⅝d.

LONDON STOCKS QUIET.

The Stock Exchange opened the week quietly and irregularly. The accommodation of business since Friday was not large, and no pronounced activity was developed, even in specialities, at any time during the session. Political influences were still unsettled, and, additionally, there was a disposition to await Peace Conference developments during the next few days, which inside advices state are likely to be critical. The Gilt-edged market suppressed a revival, and took a turn for the better. Consols especially met repurchases, and rebounded ½ to 56¼. War Fives, at 95¼, were 3d. up, but the 4½ p.c. War Loan, at 93½, was 3d. down. Miscellaneous Gilt-edged market was inclined to cheerfulness, and quotations often levelled up a little in sympathy with the leaders in this part of the House. Indian Government issues were harder, and in the Colonial list there were slight occasional gains. Irish Land Bonds still hung fire, however, and Exchequer Bonds, though firm, were unchanged.

Changes:—Rises—Consols, ¼ to 56¼; 5 p.c. War Loan, ⅛ to 95¼; India 3 p.c., ½ to 60½; do. 3½ p.c., ½ to 69¼. Fall—4½ p.c. War Loan, ⅛ to 93½.

FRENCH FIVES STEADY.—In the Foreign market French Fives levelled up to 61, while the Fours, at 65, were also better. Other Allied Bonds were on the firm side. Japanese 4½ p.c. 96 94½ were another point to the good, and other Far Eastern Securities showed pronounced firmness. Greeks were hard, and Egyptian Loans had a better undertone on the reassuring news from Egypt. Spanish Fours were marked up ½. Russians remained weak and nominal. Among South American issues, Brazilians remained steady at previous levels, and there were few changes elsewhere.

Changes:—Rises—Chinese Fives (1912), ½ to 64; do. French Loan, ½ to 81; Japan 4½ p.c., ½ to 98½; Spanish Fours, ⅜ to 97¼.

RAILS UNCERTAIN.—Home Rails kept in the background and despite the definite clearance in the labour situation, buyers still hang back, on the view that the Government's concessions to the railwaymen will provide many difficulties to the successful working of the railways in the future. Trunk and Trade Stocks see-sawed narrowly. The opening was firm, and after a period of irregularity quotations turned firmer again towards the finish. Northwesterns did not vary. Undergrounds were quietly steady among Passenger Stocks, and Southern Stocks did not vary. Scotch Stocks were hard.

Canadian Pacifics were unchanged at 176, despite the publication of the February revenue statement. Grand Trunk junior Stocks ruled rather harder, but the whole strength was centred without the Grand Trunk group on the session. Argentine Rails see-sawed, and concluded with occasional falls of ¼. Brazilian Rails lacked firmness, but were hardly lower to quote.

Changes:—Rises—Chinese Rails, ½; Great Western, ¼ to 87½; Midland Def., ¼ to 86¾. Falls—North-Eastern Consols, ¼ to 94½; Argentine Great Western, ¼ to 64½; Do. and Pacific, ¼ to 81½; Buenos Ayres Great Southern, ¼ to 67¾; Central Argentine, ¼ to 97; Central Uruguay, 1 to 70; United Havana, ¼ to 78½.

INDUSTRIALS GOOD.—In the Miscellaneous and Industrial market there was not much sustained activity, but the general tone remained good, and conditions were fairly healthy. The Marconi group was the leader of the market, and the American shares were steady, but the Pref. fell ⅛ to 34⅞, and the Marine Shares, at 87/-, were 6d. down. The Canadian Shares rose slightly to 18/-. Brazilian Tractions were unchanged at 84⅝ on the January revenue statement, showing an increase of 567,000 milreis in net earnings. Iron and Steel issues held firm. South Duchams were ⅛ up, and Pease and Partners rose ⅛ to 154. There were other smaller gains. Associated Cement issues kept hard, and British Portlands, at 50/-, were 1/- up. The Catering and Supply group ruled unsteady. Aerateds were unchanged, but Lyons fell ⅛ to 6¾. Liptons, at 30/6, were better. Maypole Def. eased ⅛ to 44⅞, and Harrods fell ⅛ to 5¾. Among Breweries, Allsopp Ord. and Pm. each advanced a point. Land Shares were quiet. Hudson's Bays were unaltered, but Sudan Plantations rose to 6.

Changes:—Rises—Mercantile Canada, 6d. to 15/-; British Portland Cement, 6d. to 30/-; Lipton, 6d. to 30/6; Pease and Partners, ¼ to 154; South Durham Steel, ¼ to 34½; Allsopp Pref.-Ord., 1 to 50½; do. Pref., 1 to 53. Falls—Marconi Pref., ⅛ to 34⅞; do. Marine, 1d. to 87/-; Harrods, ⅛ to 5¾; Bovril, Brown, ⅛ to 14½; Lyons, ⅛ to 6¾; Maypole Def., ⅛ to 44⅞.

MINING MARKET QUIET.—The Mining market had another quiet and uninteresting session on the whole. Kaffirs moved narrowly and uncertainly, but they preserved a certain cheerfulness of undertone, and the labour situation seems to be regarded with more confidence in Johannesburg. The Far Eastern group met chief attention. Rhodesians were breathing and Diamonds steady. There was not much doing amongst Russians, but quotations were hard, despite the fact that the news was not very encouraging, base metal shares, as a rule being fine. Copper fell 15s., and tin £2 per ton.

RUBBER SHARES STEADY.—The price of the commodity was harder at 2/0½ per lb. There were no startling changes in share prices. Rubber Trust improved to 23/3, and Highlands were a shade firmer at 54/4½. Java Investment were 3d. up at 35/3, while there were buyers of Pilmoor at 58/6, and of Sumatra Consols at 55/-. Ipohtary, on the other hand, fell to 51/3. Bajoe Kidjoel were marked at 52/- for the £1 fully-paid Shares, so that the price was unaltered when allowance is made for the addition of the final call of 2/6. Bandjarsari changed hands at 34/6, Deroon up to 6/6, and Kruengraja up to 26/3, while Lanadron showed dealings between 38/9 and 39/6. United Malayalam were done at prices between 2/11½ and 3/4½. In Borneo Section Ilekoh were fairly active around 4/11, and Kawi attracted attention between 2/- and 2/3. Cycas Bertam also showed a good many transactions, and the price finished steady at 7/4½. Amongst Borneo Shares, Kimanis were done at 24/4½ and 25/4½, and Lok Kawi displayed activity between 2/6 and 2/9. Membakat changed hands down to 26/-, but were wanted at the price without further sellers coming forward.

CLOSING PRICES.

MINING SHARES.

Anal. Zinc	1⅛	London-Dublin	2½
B. M'Kubwa	5/6	Mex. M. El Oro...	6¼ xd.
Bawdwin	9⅛	Mex. Tramways ...	6¼
Bk. Hill Props. ...	4⅝	Oroville Dredg...	20/6
Burma Corp.	8⅛	Rand Mines	2⅛
Chartered	21/6	Rhodesian	1⅛
Con. M. Selec. ...	5/6	Sulphide	28/-
De Beers	19⅛	Do. Pref.	35/6
Dolcoath	2/5	Shamva	2⅛
Falcon	2⅛	Tanganyika	2⅛
Gaika Gold	1/6	Tanalyk	1½
Giants	7/6	Witwatersrand ...	14/6
Geduld	2⅛	Zinc Corp.	3⅛
Kwall	11/9	Do. Pref.	54/
Knight's Cent. ...	8/-		

RUBBER SHARES.

Allagar	2/4	Membakut	26/3
Bukit Cheh	5/6	Merlimau	2/4½
Bukit Kalang ...	6/6	Rub. Trust	23/3
Bukit Rajah	6⅛	Sapamalkande ...	
Cheviot	6/3		27/10
Dolok	3/3	Taiping	3/11
Johore Rub. ...	34/10	Tandjong	5—1
Lalu	9/3	Telogoredjo	54/3
Laras	3/7	Un. Serdang	11/6
Linggi	27/3	Un. Sematra ...	8/6
Lumut	46/3	Val d'Or	4/1
Malayalam	42/		

OIL SHARES IRREGULAR.

Oil Share Market was undecided in tendency, and prices showed mixed changes on balance. Shell changed hands freely, but after further advancing were finally unchanged. Trinidad issues attracted considerable attention, and Sans Shares were a strong spot. Closing prices—

	Friday.	To-day.	+ or −
Anglo-Mailkop	6/0	6/0	
Anglo-Egyptian "B"	88/9	88/14	+7d.
Anglo-Persian	1⅛	1⅛	
Asiatic	4/3	4/3	
British Burmah	18/6	18/9	+3d.
Burmah	9	9	
Bull, Wilcox (10/-)	3/0	3/0	
Cheleken	10/9	10/9	
Kern River	18/0	18/0	
Lobitos	60/6	61/0	+6d.
Mexican Eagle Com.	112/6	113/0	+6d.
Mexican Eagle Pref. ...	110/6	110/6	
North Caucasian (10/-)...	25/6	25/0	+6d.
Rio Tinto (5/-)	5/4½	5/4½	
Roumanian Consol.	16/6	16/6	
Schibaieff	5/10½	5/10½	
Spies (10/-)	11/6	11/6	
Shell Transport	8½	8½	
Soez Oil	6/6	7/4½	+10d.
Tampico Panuco Pf. Ord.	7/6	7/6	
Trinan	12/7½	12/7½	
Trinidad Dominion	5/4½	5/4½	
Trinidad Leaseholds	50/0	51/3	+1/3
Trinidad Oilfields	13/0	13/0	
Tyrol Campina	33/9	32/6	−1/3d.
Venezuelan Conces.	80/6	81/3	+9d.

DEALINGS IN LONDON MARKET.

The following dealings among active stocks and shares were "marked" in London yesterday:—

Consols—55⅛, ⅜, ½, ⅝, ⅞, ⅝, ½, ⅜, ⅛, ⅜, 55⅝. 4½ p.c. War Loan—93½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, ⅝, ½, ⅜, ⅛, ⅜, 93½. 4½ p.c. War Loan—1925-47—93½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, ⅝, ½, ⅜, ⅛, ⅜, 93½. 5 p.c. War Loan—1929-47—99½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, ⅝, ½, ⅜, ⅛, ⅜, 99½. India 3 p.c.—59½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, ⅝, ½, ⅜, ⅛, ⅜, 59½. India 3½ p.c.—69¼, ⅜, ½, ⅝, ¾, ⅞, ⅝, ½, ⅜, ⅛, 69¼. Aerated Bread—79, 78½, 79. Anglo-Dutch Rubber—40/-, 3d., 41/-. Armstrong—37/9, 38/-, 38/3, 38/-, 38/3, 38/-, 38/3

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

ON VIEW THIS DAY. SALE TO-MORROW, AT 11.30 O'CLOCK SHARP, AT

"LARANDA," 63 GROSVENOR RD., RATHGAR,

THE HOUSE AND FURNITURE,

THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE A. WILLIAMSON, Esq., Deceased.

In what is probably the most desirable and convenient situation in Rathmines Township, at the junction of and facing to Grosvenor place, and within a few minutes' walk of Rathmines. A WELL-CONSTRUCTED HOUSE, with over-ground basement, and good garden in front and rear. The drawing and dining rooms are particularly fine and pleasant rooms (measuring about 21ft. x 18ft. and 20ft. x 14ft. respectively), with sliding doors and handsome mantel-pieces, and steps to garden; there is also a good breakfast room; 6 family bedrooms, maids' rooms, large kitchen, hot bath (copper cylinder), 2 w.c.'s; pantry, side and rear entrance; e'cteric light. The house is in excellent decorative condition throughout, and is altogether a most desirable property. Immediate possession will be given to purchaser.

Comprising Furniture and Effects of 3 Reception Rooms, 5 Bedrooms, and Hall, particulars of which have appeared in previous advertisements. On View This Day from 11 to 4 o'clock.

The House will be put up for Auction at 1 o'clock sharp.

Messrs. TAYLOR and ROBINSON, 19 St. Andrew street, Solicitors having Carriage of Sale.

THURSDAY, 10TH APRIL.

DONORE ESTATE.

IMPORTANT SALE OF GROUND RENTS.

£803 : 16 : 6 PER ANNUM.

SECURED BY 134 HOUSES, A CHURCH, A SCHOOL, A FACTORY, AND A WAREHOUSE; ALSO VACANT BUILDING SITE FOR 8 HOUSES

THE P.L. VALUATION OF THE PROPERTY IS OVER £3,000.

We desire to draw the attention of Trustees and Investors to this Property. It is seldom that an opportunity arises for acquiring such an amount of Valuable Securities in one group. The Rents are absolutely secure, and, with the exception of Lot 20, will be Sold amply indemnified against the superior rent.

LOT 1.—£39 2s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE SIX HOUSES 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, AND 96 DONORE TERRACE. P.L. VALUATION, £149.

LOT 2.—£10, ARISING OUT OF GREENVILLE HOUSE.

LOT 3.—£52 10s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE HOUSES 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, & 118 DONORE TERRACE. P.L. VALUATION, £234.

LOT 4.—£23 PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF DONORE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, MANSE, AND SCHOOLS.

LOT 5.—£101 18s. 6d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, & 119 DONORE TERRACE. P.L. VALUATION, £462.

LOT 6.—£5 PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF 1 & 2 DONORE COTTAGES.

LOT 7.—£12 10s. 0d. PER ANNUM, OUT OF 1 TO 5 DONORE PLACE. P.L. VALUATION, £65.

LOT 8.—£12 PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF ST. MARGARET'S, S.C. ROAD. P.L. VALUATION, £36.

LOT 9.—£48 12s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, AND 82 CHAWORTH PLACE. P.L. VALUATION, £255.

LOT 10.—£86 12s. 6d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE TWENTY HOUSES, NOS. 1 TO 20 DUFFERIN AV. THE P.L. VAL. OF THIS PROPERTY IS £446.

LOT 11.—£88 18s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE NINETEEN HOUSES, 46 TO 64 DUFFERIN AVENUE. P.L. VALUATION, £421.

LOT 12.—£21 12s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE SIX HOUSES 1 TO 6 WOLSELEY STREET. P.L. VALUATION, £98.

LOT 13.—£21 12s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE SIX HOUSES, 7 TO 12 WOLSELEY STREET. P.L. VALUATION, £98.

LOT 14.—£21 12s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE SIX HOUSES, 13 TO 18 WOLSELEY STREET. P.L. VALUATION, £106.

LOT 15.—£18 18s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE SIX HOUSES, 19 TO 24 WOLSELEY STREET. P.L. VALUATION, £98.

LOT 16.—£10 5s. 6d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE THREE HOUSES, 25, 26, & 27 WOLSELEY STREET. P.L. VALUATION, £48.

LOT 17.—£45 15s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF 21 TO 33 DUFFERIN AVENUE. P.L. VALUATION, £256.

LOT 18.—£14 8s. 0d. PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF THE PREMISES, 42 TO 45 DUFFERIN AVENUE. P.L. VALUATION, £76.

LOT 19.—VACANT PLOT OF BUILDING GROUND IN DUFFERIN AVENUE.

LOT 20.—£150 8s. 0d. ARISING OUT OF GREENVILLE TOBACCO FACTORY (MESSRS. GOODBODY), IN DONORE AVENUE P.L. VALUATION, £250.

LOT 21.—£20 PER ANNUM, ARISING OUT OF A WAREHOUSE AND FACTORY IN DONORE AVENUE (MESSRS. A. ROBERTS AND CO.).

PORTION OF THE PROPERTY IS HELD IN FEE AND THE REMAINDER SUBJECT TO A RENT OF £115 PER ANNUM. THE WHOLE OF THIS RENT WILL BE CHARGED ON THE VALUABLE PREMISES COMPRISED IN LOT 20, THUS AMPLY INDEMNIFYING THE REMAINDER OF THE PROPERTY AND LEAVING IT FREE OF RENT.

J. C. W. REA, Esq., SOLICITOR, 13 LOMBARD STREET, BELFAST.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

AUCTIONEERS,

SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

SALE COMMENCES THIS DAY AT 11.30 PROMPT,

AND CONTINUED TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), THURSDAY, AND FRIDAY, IF NECESSARY.

ORDER OF SALE—250-350 Lots per day in rotation.

UNITED STATES NAVAL AVIATION DEPOT

SIR JOHN ROGERSON'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION

OF VALUABLE NEW AND SLIGHTLY USED

MACHINERY, FURNITURE, GEAR, & STORES.

COLLECTED FROM THE SEVERAL U.S. AVIATION STATIONS IN IRELAND AND TRANSPORTED TO DUBLIN FOR CONVENIENCE OF DISPOSAL, AS ALREADY ADVERTISED.

ADDITIONAL MOTOR CARS AND CYCLES TO BE INCLUDED IN SALE, NOT PREVIOUSLY ADVERTISED—"WOLSELEY" TOURING CAR, 4 "FORD" TOURING CARS, 3 "RAINIER" THREE-QUARTER TON TRUCKS, 4 "INDIAN" MOTOR CYCLES,

WILL BE SOLD TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY).

CATALOGUES—1,000 issued now exhausted. Admission only by Catalogue. Light Refreshment may be had.

W. P. GRAY & MACDOWELL, LTD.,

AUCTIONEERS & VALUERS,

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO U.S. NAVY IN IRELAND.

40 CHICHESTER STREET, BELFAST.

Wires: "Realisc, Belfast." 'Phone—Belfast, 99.

AUCTION THIS DAY (TUESDAY), IN CONTINUATION,

AT CORRIG CASTLE,

BRITISH RED CROSS HOSPITAL, KINGSTOWN.

THE ENTIRE EQUIPMENT OF THE OPERATING THEATRE,

Consisting of:—OPERATING TABLES, TROLLEY GLASS TABLES, INSTRUMENT STANDS, LIGATURE GLASS BOXES and JARS, GLASS SPONGE HOLDERS, ETHER INHALER, GLASS CASE, DRESSING TRAYS, ENG and ARM BATHS, WATER APPARATUS, PORCELAIN BASINS, SLABS, HOSE, &c.; ALSO PORCELAIN SLOP HOPPER, TWO BATHS and FITTINGS, WASH BASINS; LARGE COPPER STERILISER, WITH DRUMS and BUNSEN BURNER (NEW); SMALLER do.; ALSO LINEN, BLANKETS, SHEETS, PILLOWS; FURNITURE, OLD WATERFORD CUT GLASS GASALIER, &c.

SALE TWELVE O'CLOCK. TERMS—CASH AND FIVE PER CENT. FEES.

'PHONE 79. JOHN THORNTON & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, KINGSTOWN.

SALE TUESDAY NEXT, 8TH APRIL.

3 TEMPE TERRACE, DALKEY.

FURNITURE AND EFFECTS,

Comprising:—DRAWINGROOM SUITE, CABINETS, OVERMANTELS, CHAIRS, COAL VASES, FIRE BRASSES, TABLES, CARPETS, CURTAINS, BEDS and BEDDING, WARDROBES, CHESTS of DRAWERS, TOILET TABLES, WASHSTANDS, GLASS, CHINA, DINNER WARE, HALL STAND, KITCHEN UTENSILS, &c.

ON VIEW DAY PREVIOUS TO SALE. SALE ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., AUCTIONEERS, GRAFTON ST.

STORE CATTLE SALE.

THURSDAY NEXT,

11 O'CLOCK.

Entries include 75 Cattle from Mr. Lawler, who has let his land; 25 Heifers, 20 Strippers, 30 Bullocks.

LAURENCE CUFFE & SONS,

AUCTIONEERS, 5 SMITHFIELD.

FOR SALE,

GOOD FATTENING FARM,

84 IRISH ACRES. Rent £84.

10 Miles from Dublin.

Particulars from

LAURENCE CUFFE & SONS,

5 SMITHFIELD, DUBLIN.

Tel. 2546.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION

EVERY THURSDAY. ENTRIES INVITED.

GANLY, SONS & CO.,

INNES'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

DUNSINANE, CO. WEXFORD.

VALUABLE RESIDENTIAL HOLDING OF 116 ACRES PRIME LAND, beautiful situation, up-to-date Residence and Out-offices.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,

On FRIDAY, 4th APRIL, 1919,

At DUNSINANE, by directions of the Representatives of the late J. J. Bartholomew, Esq.,

His very Valuable Residential Holding at Dunsinane, containing 116 acres 3 roods. Annuity £93 10/4.

Dunsinane is most conveniently situated, being only one and a half miles from Monicrony and in the centre of one of the best hunting and fishing districts in Wexford.

Sale on the Lands at 4 o'clock (New Time).

Full particulars from

J. KENNAN COOPER, Esq., Solicitor, Wexford; or

PATRICK O'NEILL & SON,

AUCTIONEERS, etc., ENNISCORTHY.

STORE CATTLE AUCTION

EVERY THURSDAY. ENTRIES INVITED.

R. & J. WILKINSON,

40 41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

AUCTIONS

BY

PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON,

Auctioneers, Valuers, Cattle and Sheep Salesmen,

49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN.

TELEPHONES - - - 535 DUBLIN, AND 71 BALLSBRIDGE

TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), 2nd APRIL.

KILLARNEY, MAYNOOTH.

P. O'CONNOR and SON are favoured with instructions from Mrs. Brain to SELL BY AUCTION, on the Lands as above, 20 ACRES, including 1st Crop Meadow and Land for Tillage purposes. Farming and Outdoor Effects, as follow:—

2 excellent Draught Mares, 8-9 years old, all-round workers on road and farm; 1 Combined Mower and Reaper, by McCormick, bought new in 1918, scarcely used; 1 Dray, with sideboards and guards, bought new late 1918, very little used; 1 Wheel Plough, by Pierce, almost new; Double-spring Tooth Harrow, almost new; 2 Sets full size Cart Harness, bought new 1918; 1 Pair New Back Bands and Chains, etc. Sale, 12.30 o'clock.

NEXT FRIDAY, 4th APRIL.

IMPORTANT AUCTION OF MOTOR CARS, MOTOR FITTINGS, and ACCESSORIES, OIL ENGINE, DYNAMO, and other Effects, THE GARAGE, ST. WOLSTAN'S CROSS-ROADS, CELBRIDGE,

(Within One Mile of Hazelhatch Railway Station).

P. O'CONNOR and SON are favoured with instructions from P. Young, Esq., to SELL BY AUCTION on NEXT FRIDAY, 4th APRIL, on the Premises, as above, the following:—20/30 h.p. De Dietrich Open Touring Car, Ford Chassis (1914), good as new; Beclait 12 h.p. Open Touring Car; Sunbeam 16/20 Touring Car; Massy Binder, new canvas; 1914 Douglas, 1914 Rudge-built 3½ h.p. Petrol Engine, 1 25 h.p. Whiting Bull Tractor; Darracq 5-seater Clegg Model Open Touring Car; Wolseley 5-seater Touring Car; Rex Twin Motor Cycle and Sidecar, Rendell Motorcycle and Motor Cycle, Douglas do., do.; one Mogul Tractor, 20/30 h.p. Bull Tractor (1918). All above are in perfect working order. Mahogany Fruit Cabinet, with Glass Cupboard Combination Body, with leather drop-back hood; Brass Head and Side Lamps (acetylene and electric) Windscreens, Wheels, etc.; 5 h.p. Detroit Paraffin Engine, Battery Ignition; Newton Dynamo, 60 volts, 30/40 amps.; Pritchett's 27-cell Battery, almost new; Lead Light Stained Glass Window, Pair Entrance Gate Lamps, a number of Tarpaulins, Seeding, Horse Vans, Garden Roller, Water Barrow, Scrap Iron, and numerous other lots. Sale 12.30 o'clock.

NEXT MONDAY, 7th APRIL.

IMPORTANT AND EXTENSIVE ADMINISTRATRIX SALE OF

100 MILCH COWS, SPRINGERS, HORSES, CARTS, HARNESS, AND OUTDOOR EFFECTS,

317 BOTANIC AVENUE, GLASNEVIN.

P. O'CONNOR and SON are favoured with instructions from the Administratrix of the late Mr. C. Cullen to SELL BY AUCTION, on MONDAY, 7th APRIL, 1919, on the Premises as above, the following:—

32 excellent Milch Cows, in full milk; 4 forward Springers, 30 fat, 2-year-old, and Yearling Bullocks; 2 Calves, 5 Draught Horses, in constant work on road; Yearling Draught Colt, 2 Carts with Guards, 2 Float Carts, Milk Float, Carts, Several Sets Cart and Van Harness, Blackstone-Swarth Turner, Mowing Machine, Hay Bogey, Lever Rake, Hay Collector, Cultivator, Pulper, Harrow, Milk Churns, about 12 Tons choice Old Meadow Hay, and Various Other Lots.

SALE AT 12 O'CLOCK.

NEXT TUESDAY, 8th APRIL.

STORMANSTOWN, CLONTARF, Lying of 50 Acres, in divisions; also about 8 Acres of an Oat Crop and 2 Acres Tillage Land for Oats Crop. Sale, 12.30 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, 9th APRIL.

DUNSOGHLY, CLONTARF, Residence of Miss Murray (who is retiring from farming) to SELL BY AUCTION, at their Estate Saleroom, 49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY, 10th APRIL, 1919, at 1.30 o'clock, all her Interest and Goodwill in the above Two Prime Farms, as follow:—

LOT 1.

Together with compact 2-storey Residence, excellent out-offices, gardens, and enclosed yard, containing in all 7a. 3r. 8p., held from Lord Lanesford as a yearly tenancy, subject to £74 15/- per annum, and also to a terminable annuity of £7 14/- in respect of a building loan.

LOT 2.

Tobergregan Land containing 15a. Or. 31p.; Garristown Land, next Adamstown, contains 36a. Or. 33p., in all 51a. 1r. 26p., held in fee-simple, subject to a terminable annuity under the Land Act of 1903 of £37 14/6.

DESCRIPTIVE PARTICULARS.

LOT 1.—The Land is all in grass of prime fattening quality, portion containing about 7 acres being first crop meadow. The Residence is most compact and comfortable, and, with the out-offices, are all in good repair and slated. There are also 2 good vegetable gardens. No more attractive County Dublin Residential Farm of its size has for many years been in the market.

LOT 2 is prime land, part being in old pasture, part in 2nd and 3rd crop meadow, part manured land for root crop, part, tillage land for oat crop. All the tillage is ploughed and ready for seeding, and oats will be sown by Vendor, to which the purchaser will be entitled.

These Lands adjoin the Village of Garristown, about eight miles from Balbriggan, nine from Drogheda, and 15 miles from Dublin. On a subsequent date will be Sold the live stock, farming implements, farm produce, etc.

N.B.—By previous arrangement with the Auctioneers, a substantial portion of the purchase money can remain outstanding for any reasonable period of time at a moderate rate of interest.

For all further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

THOMAS EARLY, Solicitor having Carriage, 6 Cavendish row; or to the Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, 10th APRIL.

LOT 1.

ATTRACTIVE SALE OF PRIME FATTENING FARM,

All in Grass, with Compact Residence, Gardens, and Excellent Out-Offices, all stone and slated,

GARRISTOWN,

Only 15 miles from Dublin.

LOT 2.

EXCELLENT SMALL FARM,

Purchased under the Land Act of 1903,

GARRISTOWN, CO. DUBLIN.

P. O'CONNOR and SON are favoured with instructions from the Administratrix of the late Mr. C. Cullen to SELL BY AUCTION, at their Estate Salerooms, 49 Queen street, Dublin, on THURSDAY, 10th APRIL, 1919, at 1.30 o'clock, all the Interest and Goodwill in the above attractive property, in perfect order, held for ever at a very nominal rent of £3 per annum.

The late Mr. Cullen spent large sums of money in making the property the most perfect of its kind. There is tying for upwards of 60 head of cattle, and all other accessories of a complete dairy farm, the late Mr. Cullen having carried on therein a most successful Dairy business.

For all further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

WM. MOONEY and SON, Solicitors, 16 Fleet street, Dublin.

FOR LETTING BY PRIVATE TREATY, 7 Acres Prime Second Lea Land for Oats Crop; Collegeland, Rathcoole. For particulars apply to Auctioneers.

P. O'CONNOR and SON have for Sale by Private Treaty Several Farms, with and without residences, in Counties Dublin, Meath, and Kildare.

For particulars apply to

PATRICK O'CONNOR & SON.

Auctioneers, Valuers, Cattle and Sheep Salesmen,

49 QUEEN STREET, DUBLIN.

ESTABLISHED 1815. 'PHONES 48 & 49.

BATTERSBY & CO.'S SALES.

THURSDAY, APRIL 3rd.

AT OUR SALEROOMS, No. 39 WESTMORELAND ST., AT 1.30 O'CLOCK

AVONDALE, STRAND ROAD, MERRION (Choice Position).

Possession to Purchaser (Detached).

WM. SMYTH and SON, Solicitors, 29 Lower Gardiner street.

THOROUGHLY SECURED PERPETUAL RENTS OF £12 17s. 0d., £46 5s. 4d., AND £9 4s. 10d. PER ANNUM,

OUT OF VALUABLE CITY PREMISES, Nos. 1 and 2 ELY PLACE.

W. V. SEIDDALL, Solicitor, 6 Westmoreland street.

All fully advertised in last Saturday's "Irish Times."

ST. COLUMB'S, HADDON ROAD, Clontarf, immediate possession. One of the best built houses in the district.

Messrs. GORE and GRIMES, Solicitors, 6 Cavendish row.

24, 25 NORTHBROOK ROAD, LESSON PARK.

Superior Residential Position. Possession of No. 25 to purchaser.

HENRY MORRIS, Solicitor, 16 Molesworth street.

27, 29 NORTH CIRCULAR ROAD (BELMONT TERRACE).

Two nice Houses, without basement.

J. E. MacDERMOTT, Solicitor, 21 Nassau street.

FURNITURE ON VIEW TO-DAY 10 TO 4 O'CLOCK.

SALE TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY, 12 O'CLOCK.

LEITRIM LODGE, CASTLEPARK RD., DALKEY.

WM WILL SELL BY AUCTION, ON THE PREMISES, AS ABOVE,

THE ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE,

Comprising:—Mahogany Three-tier Dumb Waiter; Rosewood, Mahogany, and other Chairs; Oak Tables, Gilt Mantel and other Mirrors, Brass and Brass and Iron Fenders, Mahogany Bookcase and Cabinet, Antique Circular Writing Table, Walnut Piano (Collard & Collard), Pair Drawing Room Candelabras, Gilt Console Table and Mirror, Antique Gilt Cabinet, fitted, and with original brass mounts; Parian and Alabaster Figures; Fenders, Dresden, and other Ornaments; Paintings and Engravings; Scotch Wardrobe, Toilet Tables, Bed and Bedding, Blankets and Linen; Axminster, Brussels, and other Carpets; Brass Dog Grate; also Table Glass and China; Kitchen and Outdoor Effects, Garden Vases and Figures, &c.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

McKEOWN, MacKEOGH & CO.,

Auctioneers and Valuers,

4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN.

'Phone 3.

GRAZING AND MEADOWING LANDS,

BALLYEDMONDUFF, SANDYFORD, CO. DUBLIN.

WE have received instructions from Mrs. McManus to SET BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on the Lands as above, TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY), April 2nd, 1919, at 2 o'clock p.m., 13 ACRES very rich Grazing Lands and 4 Acres Prime Meadowing Lands.

JOHN J. McDONALD, Esq., Solicitor, 116 Grafton street, Dublin. 'Phone 54.

THURSDAY NEXT, APRIL 3rd, 1919, at 1.30 o'clock, in Our Saleroom, 4 Haymarket, Dublin—Sale of Splendid Residence, 50 BLACKHALL PLACE, DUBLIN; 7 apartments. Held under lease, Rent £13 13/. Vacant. Solicitors—Messrs. O'NEILL and COLLINS, 190 Great Brunswick street, Dublin. 'Phone 33.

IMPORTANT SALE OF LIVE STOCK, FARMING IMPLEMENTS, HAY, DAIRYING UTENSILS, &c.,

BELLEVUE, RIALTO, south Circular Road.

WE have received instructions from W. Franklin, Esq., to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on his Premises, at Bellevue, Rialto, on FRIDAY NEXT, APRIL 4th, 1919, at 1 o'clock p.m., his following valuable Stock and Effects:—12 young Dairy Cows, 1 2-year-old Polly Heifer, 2 Yearling Polly Heifers, 3 Yearling Polly Bullocks, 1 Bullock, 1 Ball Calf, 15 tons new Meadow Hay Plough (new), Pulper (new), 2 good Farm Horses, young Sow near farrowing; 2 young Pigs, Churns, Cans, Dairying Utensils, Harness, and Miscellaneous other Effects, etc., etc.

Also numerous entries of Cattle and Young Stock.

McKEOWN, MacKEOGH & CO.,

Auctioneers and Valuers, Live Stock Salesmen, and Factors,

4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN.

'Phone 3.

DAIRYING LANDS BY PRIVATE TREATY.

52 Acres at TEMPLEOGUE, 30 at SWORDS, 23 at LUCAN, 60 at ST. MARGARET'S, 7 at COOLEGE, RATHCOOLE, 12 at KILLEEK, ST. MARGARET'S, 15 at RATHFARNHAM; also 96 Acres very heavily Manured Land for Corn Crop at BALBUTCHER, SANTRY; 124 Acres heavily Manured Land for Corn Crop, at GRANGE, LUCAN; 8 Acres choice Grazing Lands and 2 Acres prime Tillage Lands at ROEBUCK, DUNDRUM.

DAIRYING LANDS.

BALLYFERMOT, INCHICORE.

WE have been favoured with instructions from the Owner to SET BY PRIVATE TREATY, 25 Acres very choice Grazing Lands, with splendid water supply, and One Acre Prime Land for Corn Crop.

SALE OF COWS, YOUNG STOCK, AND LETTING OF GRAZING LANDS.

KILTERNAN VILLA, STEP-A-SIDE, CO. DUBLIN.

WE have been favoured with instructions from Mrs L. Kavanagh, TO SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION on the Lands, as above, on WEDNESDAY, 9th APRIL, 1919, at 2 o'clock p.m., 6 choice in-calf Cows, 1 Fat Cow, 8 2-year-old Cattle, 6 Yearlings, Weanling Calf, Dray and Creels, quantity of Hay, large Heap of Farmyard Manure, etc., etc.

Immediately after above Auction

WE will OFFER FOR SALE 60 ACRES of PRIME GRAZING LANDS, in suitable divisions, to let November, 1919.

McKEOWN, MacKEOGH & CO.,

Auctioneers and Valuers, Live Stock Salesmen and Factors,

4 HAYMARKET, DUBLIN.

'Phone 3.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN

People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES."

Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning.

SALE THIS DAY AT 12 O'CLOCK.

10 ANGLESEA ROAD,

DONNYBROOK.

TO-DAY (TUESDAY), 1st APRIL, 1919.

AUCTION SALE OF ANTIQUE and MODERN FURNITURE, OF GOOD QUALITY, IN BRIGHT, CLEAN CONDITION, comprising:—Chippendale Mahog. Drawingroom Cabinet, on drawer base, with carved legs and brass handles; Antique Inlaid Mahog. Sheraton Furniture—Semi-circ. Card Table, 3 Occasional Tables, Low Bookcase, etc.; Mahog. Tallboy Drawers, Antique Rosewood and Occasional Tables, Mahog. Overmantel, Indian Carpets and Rugs, Axminster Stair Carpets, Linoleums, Curtains, Window Seat, Coloured and Sporting Prints and Engravings, Chesterfield Couch and 3 Divan Easy Chairs, in tapestry; Screens, Pierced Brass Fenders, Books, Electric Fittings, fine Set of Carved Figure Chessmen, some Pieces of Oriental and Dresden China, Sheraton Inlaid Mahog. Pedestal Sideboard, 4 Antique Sheraton Dining Chairs and Carver, Chippendale style and plain Mahog. Telescope Dinner Tables, Mahog. Couches, Oak Adjustable Busy Chair, American Oak Rolling Top Desk and Revolving Study Chair, Plated Kettle and Stand, 3 Fumed Oak Bedroom Suites, with Oak Bedsteads to match; 2 ditto Chests Drawers, Stained Presses, Pier Presses, Bookcase, and Chests Drawers; Iron Bedsteads, Spring and Hair Mattresses and Bedding, Child's Cot, Trunks and Portmanteaus, Singer Hand Sewing Machine, Lawn Mower, Oak Kitchen Dresser, Tables, Chairs, Cupboards; Oil Kitchen Dresser, Tables, Chairs, Cupboards; Oil Cooking Stove and Utensils, etc.

On View this morning, 10 till 12. Sale To-day (Tuesday), 1st April, at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,

Auctioneers and Appraisers,

17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN.

6 WILFRID ROAD,

KENILWORTH PARK, RATHMINES.

THURSDAY NEXT, 3rd APRIL, 1919.

AUCTION SALE of FINE QUALITY MODERN FURNITURE, PURCHASED NEW 2 YEARS AGO, comprising:—Mahog. Enclosed Queen Anne Sideboard, mirror back, brass drop handles; Mahog. Telescope Dinner Table and 4 Queen Anne Chairs, in Morocco; Oval Mahog. Overmantel, Pair fine Divan Easy Chairs, in green velvet; Adjustable Oak Easy Chair, Mahog. Occasional Table, Chenille Curtains, Fenders, Fire Screens, and Irons; Oak Gate-leg Table, Axminster and Art Room and Stair Carpets and Rugs, Linoleums, Oak Hall Stand, Curtains, Lino and Chair Mats, Kitchen Mangle, Furniture, and Utensils; Meat Safe, Dog Kennel, Lawn Mower, Old Mahogany 4-fold Rule Joint Draught Screen, 2 Mahogany Bookcases, 9ft. and 10ft. long; Old Dublin-made Mahogany Sideboards, Gentlemen's Wardrobes, with chests of drawers; 2-door and 3-door Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers, Toilet Tables, Bedsteads and Bedding, comprising in all the usual HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of Spacious Lounge Hall, 4 Reception Rooms and about 10 Bedrooms.

OUTDOOR—Workshop, Lathe, Bench, Fret Saw, Tools, and some useful well-seasoned Timber, Wrought and Unwrought; Spring Market Cart, 2 Box Carts, 2 Hay Bogies, Float "Victor" Mowing Machine, by Pierce, practically new; another older Mowing Machine, Winnowing Machine, Tumbling Hayrake, Blackstone 2-sward Turner; Tumbling Hay Rake, Cleaning Rails, Land Roller, Inside Car, rubber tyres, lamps, and cushions; Outside Car, 3 Galvanised Iron Bins, and miscellaneous useful items too numerous to mention.

On View MONDAY, 7th April, 10 to 5. Sale TUESDAY, 8th April, and following days at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,

Auctioneers, Appraisers, and Agents,

17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

LUCAN, CO. DUBLIN.

CASTLE BAGOT.

The Residence of the Late E. B. Roche Kelly, Attractive and Important Sale by

AUCTION.

TUESDAY, 8th APRIL, 1919.

And following Days.

OLD DECORATIVE CHINA—Numerous Oriental Vases, including one very large pair on Chinese carved wood stools; French Empire Vases, Old English Decorative China in Figures and Vases, Oriental Services, Old Blue Worcester, including extensive examples of Chelsea, Worcester, Spode, Coalport, Old China Dinner Services, Blue Nankin, Spode, Mason, and other; Dessert Tea and Coffee Services, Worcester, Wedgwood, etc.

OLD IRISH AND ENGLISH CUT GLASS, including numerous interesting pieces of Old Waterford Table Services of Cut and Engraved Flutes, Bowls and Wine Glasses.

OLD COLOURED PRINTS AND ENGRAVINGS after Morland, Westall, and others, engraved by J. R. Smith, W. Ward, J. Watson, and F. Ward. Some magnificent engravings.

PICTURES—An interesting Collection of Oil Paintings of the Italian, Dutch, and English schools. Portraits, Figures, and Landscapes.

BRONZES AND DECORATIVE METAL WORK, including Bronze and Gilded Ormolu Candelabras, Busts, etc.

OLD SHEFFIELD AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE—Tea Trays, Tea Urns, Tea and Coffee Service, Soup Tureens, Dish Covers, Candlesticks, Candelabra, Forks, Spoons, Cutlery, etc.

CURIOS include an interesting Bonci Circular-top Table, Original Empire Candlesticks, 4-inch Astronomical Telescope, complete on stand, with spare lenses.

BOOKS—A Small Library of Books, including some choice and valuable works on the Sciences, especially Botany; also Books relating to Ireland, History, Biography, Archæology, etc., etc.

ANTIQUE FURNITURE includes—Old Clocks and Mantel Furniture, Inlaid Sheraton Sideboards, Satinwood Cabinet, Mahogany Chippendale Furniture, plain and inlaid; Tables, Revolving Dumb Waiters, First Empire Mahogany Cabinet, Old Mahogany 4-fold Rule Joint Draught Screen, 2 Mahogany Bookcases, 9ft. and 10ft. long; Old Dublin-made Mahogany Sideboards, Gentlemen's Wardrobes, with chests of drawers; 2-door and 3-door Wardrobes, Chests of Drawers, Toilet Tables, Bedsteads and Bedding, comprising in all the usual HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of Spacious Lounge Hall, 4 Reception Rooms and about 10 Bedrooms.

On View MONDAY, 7th April, 10 to 5. Sale TUESDAY, 8th April, and following days at 12 o'clock. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction fees.

JAMES ADAM & SONS,

Auctioneers, Appraisers, and Agents,

17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

ESTATE OF MRS. C. E. FITZGERALD, BAILY, HOWTH.

MONDAY NEXT, 7th APRIL, 1919.

SHANET, COULEEN,

AND 3 ACRES, STATUTE, OF MOST VALUABLE BUILDING LAND, WITH POSSESSION.

JAMES ADAM and SONS have been instructed by Mrs. C. E. FitzGerald, of 27 Upper Merrion street, Dublin, to SELL BY AUCTION, at their Estate Salerooms, 17 Merrion row, Dublin, at 1 o'clock p.m., in three lots, the above most charmingly placed

BUNGALOW RESIDENCES

AND 2a. 2r. 30p. OF BUILDING GROUND,

on the sheltered, sunny, southern side of Howth, immediately overlooking Dublin Bay, mountains, Dalkey, Kingstown, etc. The situation of these houses is unrivalled around Dublin, and for both summer and winter occupation are most eagerly sought after.

LOT 1—SHANET, standing on about 1a. 2r. 36p., is a pretty modern Bungalow Residence, with verandah on south side; contains 2 good sitting rooms, 5 bedrooms, 4 with fixed hot and cold basins; bathroom, with hot linen press and copper cylinder; w.c., maid's room, tiled kitchen, double oven range, copper boiler, scullery, pantries, outside w.c., and coal cellar; water laid on, telephone, garage, 2 good grass paddocks. Held for 999 years from 1st July, 1910, subject, with Lots 2 and 3, to £31 10/- per annum, but indemnified as to £11 10/- per annum thereof by Lot 2.

LOT 2—COULEEN, a similar residence to Shanet, standing on 1 acre, and containing 2 sitting, 3 bedrooms, with fixed hot and cold basins, maid's room, bathroom, hot linen press, copper cylinder, w.c., tiled kitchen, close range, copper boiler, pantry, etc.; water laid on; outside are coal cellar, storehouse, and w.c. Held for 999 years from 1st July, 1910, subject, with Lots 1 and 3, to £31 10/-, but indemnified as to £20 per annum thereof by Lot 1.

LOT 3—BUILDING GROUND of about 3 acres, Statute, of great potential value. Held for 999 years from 1st July, 1910, subject, with Lots 1 and 2, to £31 10/- per annum, but INDEMNIFIED AS TO THE WHOLE OF SAME by Lots 1 and 2.

The Auctioneers desire to draw the particular attention to the foregoing to those requiring modern, near town, residences, or a building site for same, in one of the most charming localities around Dublin.

The property may be viewed on order from the Auctioneers.

Further particulars and conditions of Sale may be had on application to

MARCUS F. TWIGG, Solicitor, 36 Molesworth street; or

JAMES ADAM & SONS,

Auctioneers,

17 MERRION ROW and 19 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

LUCAN, CO. DUBLIN.

CASTLE BAGOT.

The Residence of the Late E. B. Roche Kelly, Attractive and Important Sale by

AUCTION.

TUESDAY, 8th APRIL, 1919.

And following Days.

OLD DECORATIVE CHINA—Numerous Oriental Vases, including one very large pair on Chinese carved wood stools; French Empire Vases, Old English Decorative China in Figures and Vases, Oriental Services, Old Blue Worcester, including extensive examples of Chelsea, Worcester, Spode, Coalport, Old China Dinner Services, Blue Nankin, Spode, Mason, and other; Dessert Tea and Coffee Services, Worcester, Wedgwood, etc.

OLD IRISH AND ENGLISH CUT GLASS, including numerous interesting pieces of Old Waterford Table Services of Cut and Engraved Flutes, Bowls and Wine Glasses.

OLD COLOURED PRINTS AND ENGRAVINGS after Morland, Westall, and others, engraved by J. R. Smith, W. Ward, J. Watson, and F. Ward. Some magnificent engravings.

PICTURES—An interesting Collection of Oil Paintings of the Italian, Dutch, and English schools. Portraits, Figures, and Landscapes.

BRONZES AND DECORATIVE METAL WORK, including Bronze and Gilded Ormolu Candelabras, Busts, etc.

OLD SHEFFIELD AND ELECTRO-PLATED WARE—Tea Trays, Tea Urns, Tea and Coffee Service, Soup Tureens, Dish Covers, Candlesticks, Candelabra, Forks, Spoons, Cutlery, etc.

CURIOS include an interesting Bonci Circular-top Table, Original Empire Candlesticks, 4-inch Astronomical Telescope, complete on stand, with spare lenses.

BOOKS—A Small Library of Books, including some choice and valuable works on the Sciences, especially Botany; also Books relating to Ireland, History, Biography, Archæology, etc., etc.

ANTIQUE FURNITURE includes—Old Clocks and Mantel Furniture, Inlaid Sheraton Sideboards, Satinwood Cabinet, Mahogany Chippendale Furniture, plain and inlaid; Tables, Revolving Dum